THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1867. VOLUME XVII.—NUMBER 235

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : 25
To carriers and news-dealers, per copy : 5
Weekly per annum (in advance) : : 5 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : $1 00
" " each additional insertion 50
" " two weeks 6 00
" " one month 8 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitutes a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 20 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ Advertisements to be inserted in the Weekly paper only, or at irregular intervals in either of the papers, will be charged $1 per square for each and every insertion.

☞ All advertisements not marked for a special time will be discontinued at the end of one week.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ No advertisement will appear in the Weekly paper unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : $5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each 4 50
" twenty or more, each : 4 00
Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.



HEBREW AND MASONIC CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5627.

1 Tisri, 10th September, 1866.
1 Khesvan, 10th October, "
1 Chisleu, 9th November, "
1 Tebeth, 9th December, "
1 Shebat, 7th January, 1867.
1 Adar, 6th February, "
1 Veadar, 8th March, "
1 Nisan, 6th April, "
1 Ijar, 6th May, "
1 Sivan, 4th June, "
1 Thamuz, 4th July, "
1 Ab, 2d August, "
1 Elul, 1st September, "

Ash Wednesday, 6th March 1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April, "
Good Friday, 19th April, "
Easter Sunday, 21st April, "
Ascension, 30th May, "
Pentecost, 9th June, "
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year.
jal2 mh14 tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall cor. Court and Main. D. C. Trader, W. M.; H. T. Tomlinson, Sec.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. John J. Worsham, 2d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. A. J. Wheeler, H. P.; H. H. Paynter, Sec.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.
204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G. M.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Tarsh.; ——, Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M. W.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K—h, 30th, No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, Comm.; William Y. Cirode, 32d, Rec.

CONSISTORY of West Tennessee, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d, Comm.-in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MARINER & CURTIS
BOOTS SHOES & HATS
219 MAIN ST.

Under the Worsham House.

A fine assortment of

RETAIL WORK

Always on hand. feb26 3m

GEO. T. PITTMAN, } Memphis. W. H. PITTMAN, New Orleans.
MINTER PARKER, }

PITTMAN, PARKER & CO.

COTTON FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 15 Union Street,

MEMPHIS.

CASH ADVANCES.

We will make Liberal Cash Advances on COTTON consigned to

PITTMAN BROS. & CO.

188 Gravier Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE New Orleans Cotton Market is fully as high as that of New York. The cost of having Cotton shipped from Memphis and sold in New Orleans is 2 cts. per pound. To have it shipped to the Eastern market costs 3 to 3½ cts per pound. Where instructions are given to sell on arrival the shipper to New Orleans gets account sales in eight days, and the shipper East in twenty to twenty-five days. The New Orleans market is not subject to the violent fluctuations of the Eastern markets as prices in the former city are more controlled by the Liverpool and Manchester quotations.
PITTMAN, PARKER & CO.
mh23 2m

Diamond Line.

THROUGH Receipts given for COTTON via Cincinnati by rail or river. Time guaranteed—Cars sealed—no change from Cincinnati to New York. W. JAY JOHNSON, mh5 tf Star Wharfboat.

HIDES, HIDES, HIDES!

WANTED, WANTED, WANTED!

Will pay the highest Market Price, at the Memphis Tannery, in Chelsea, or at

M. APP & CO.'S,

No. 360 Front street.

mh29 3m

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,

Blank-Book Manufacturers,

BOOK-BINDERS, PRINTERS.

And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STATIONERY,

No. 197 Main Street,

Memphis, Tenn.

WE have connected with our house a first-class

STEAM JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

And are prepared at all times to do COMMERCIAL, LAW, STEAMBOAT and RAILROAD PRINTING, in the neatest, cheapest and best style of the art.

Call and examine our goods, styles and prices. feb6 3m

SEEDS.

NEW CROP.

LANDRETH'S

GARDEN AND GRASS SEED,

Just Received and for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

WARD & LeGUERE,

DRUGGISTS AND SEED DEALERS

CORNER MAIN AND ADAMS STREETS,

Opposite Worsham House,

Memphis, : : : : : : : Tennessee.

feb6 3m

CONFECTIONERIES.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY REOPENED!

Confectionary in Every Variety,

And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES

Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. mh17 tf

P. H. HEINRICH & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Confectioners

—And—

CANDY MANUFACTURERS!

Dealers in Imported

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Fruits, etc.,

No. 236 Front Street,

mh17 3m **MEMPHIS, TENN.**

INSURANCE AGENCIES

THE ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets April 1st, over : $1,500,000.

D. A. JANUARY, : President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-President.
WM. T. SELBY, : : Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, Gen'l Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas,	Henry Overstolz,
Samuel Willi,	Nick. Schaefer,
Robt. M. Funkhouser,	William T. Gay,
Chas. H. Peck,	David Keith,
Robt. K. Woods,	R. P. Hanenkamp,
Jules Valle,	Isaac W. Mitchell,
Geo. R. Robinson,	D. A. January,
Chas. W. McCord,	Wm. J. Lewis,
John F. Thornton,	F. Rozier, Jr.,
Ben. M. Runyan,	Jacob Tamm,

Hon. John Hogan.

THIS Company issues Policies on lives on all the different plans and at as favorable rates as any other while it has no restrictions in regard to residence or travel, and all its profits are divided annually among its policy holders. It is prompt in the payment of losses, having paid $35,000 in this city in the last eight months.

OFFICE IN MEMPHIS

—AT—

NO. 42 MADISON STREET, DeSoto Block.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:
J. S. WHITE, M.D. W. T. IRWIN, M.D.

McMAHON & OTIS,

General Agents, Memphis, Tenn.,

For West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, to whom all applications for Insurance or Agencies should be addressed.
J. H. McMAHON. NEWTON S. OTIS.
mh23 3m

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, - - - - $300,000

Office, 22 Madison Street.

DIRECTORS:

F. W. Smith,	W. H. Cherry,
Geo. W. Trotter,	F. S. Davis,
C. F. Smith,	S. M. Gates,
C. Farlee,	J. W. Jefferson,
A. Coronna,	C. P. Norris,
A. P. Burditt,	J. J. Murphy,
W. Y. Cirode,	Dan. Able,
Oscar Minor,	L. M. Wolcott,
H. A. Littleton,	Edward Warburg,
Napoleon Hill,	H. M. Lowenstein.

C. P. NORRIS, President.
G. W. TROTTER, Vice-President.
J. R. STEBBINS, Secretary.
feb26 3m

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 16 Jefferson Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

H. LAIRD, : : President.

DIRECTORS:

S. H. DUNSCOMB, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
D. H. TOWNSEND, A. C. TREADWELL.

BEN MAY, : : Secretary.
mh21 3m

TAILORING, SCOURING

ALEX. MURRAY. S. E. RIDGELY.

MURRAY & RIDGLEY,

MERCHANT TAILORS

NO. 31 MADISON STREET,

Merchant Tailoring Goods.

WE make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction in all cases.
ap9 3m

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

OLD CLOTHES MADE NEW!

DYEING, SCOURING,

—AND—

REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS,

54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

Save a New Suit by having an old one REPAIRED!

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar3

HOTELS.

W. C. D. WHIPS. J. N. WILLARD.
E. O'BANNON, formerly Louisville Hotel.

WILLARD HOTEL

WHIPS, WILLARD & CO.,

Proprietors,

S. E. Cor. Center and Jefferson streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ap10 1m

F. G. TERRY, Late Hicks, Terry & Co. W. B. MITCHELL, Late Cossitt, Hill & Co.

TERRY & MITCHELL,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Have Removed to

NO. 329 MAIN STREET,

Eclipse Building.

HAVE received their SPRING STOCK direct from Manufacturers, which will be kept complete, during the season, by constant additions. ap11 1m

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

MEMPHIS:

SATURDAY, : : : : : APRIL 27, 1867

THE DUBUQUE (IOWA) TIMES.

We copy the following gem from the Dubuque *Daily Times*, of April 18th:

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL.

We have received a copy of the daily Memphis APPEAL asking an exchange with the *Daily Times*. At the head of its editorial columns is the name of Albert Pike, the "Arkansas gentleman," of whom we have some recollection as the leader of a band of savage Indians at Pea Ridge. The regiment, (37th Illinois,) which the editor of this paper lead at that battle had two of its best men scalped by Pike's men, women and children killers. We have not a very high estimation of "Sir Knight" Pike, yet we have placed his paper on our exchange list. We hope he is a better man and "brother" than he was in 1862; if not God have mercy on his soul. As all such as he have become "reconstructed" and taken the oath of fealty to the old United States, we shall be obliged to forgive him for his diabolism. His paper, however, judging from the number before us, is anything but reconciled to the present state of affairs.

No copy of the Daily or Weekly APPEAL has been sent from this office or by any body connected with it, to the Dubuque *Times*, asking or not asking an exchange. That disposes of lie No. 1. We shall not exchange with the *Times*.

In the same number the following scoundrelly forgery is perpetrated. A paragraph in it reads thus:

The Memphis APPEAL is terribly indignant at the freedmen's bureau because it is educating numbers of colored children. In the warmth of its hate it makes the following remarks:

"It (the Bureau) is educating small Africans, to fit them to be the rulers of contumacious Anglo Saxons. *Perhaps* the orthodox belief in an eternity of agonies in hell is an error. We hope it is not. If there were no such institution, humanity ought to petition for one, that there might be an *adequate* punishment for hypocritical Yankee school marms."

The paragraph purporting to be copied will be found in our issue of the 9th of March, where, instead of the words "*for hypocritical Yankee school marms,*" are these; "for that hypocrisy that pretends to love freedom while it brutally strangles it."

That is lie No. 2. If the Editor of the *Times* ever led a regiment, he was a disgrace to the Federal service, as he is to the fraternity of Editors. We leave him to the hangman, recommending him to go and lie no more, unless he is sure not to be found out, or unless it will pay.

COVODEISM.

We copy the following from the St. Louis *Republican*, as further evidence that "human nature is one thing, and Scaliwag nature another:"

THE NATURE OF THE BEAST.

We see that the San Francisco famine relief association has sent *thirty thousand* dollars in gold as a contribution to the fund for the relief of our suffering and starving fellow-countrymen at the south. This is like whole-souled California. The motive to this handsome act of charity is not to be found in any sympathy for rebellion or rebels. California pronounced herself against both as strongly as any part of the union, and backed her words by acts. Nor is it to be found in any sense of selfish interest or grateful recollection of profits made out of commercial intercourse with the south; for, in these regards, the connection between the two is very slight. Its origin is in that kindly human sympathy which does not stop before it gives to ask whether the object of it has been a friend or foe; in that generosity and magnanimity which refuse to trample on a fallen enemy; and in that patriotic affection which feels for a fellow-countryman as for a brother.

How different the conduct of Cincinnati and Chicago! If either of those cities has given a dollar for the relief of the afflicted men, women and children of the south, the fact is not vividly impressed on our recollection. At any rate, if either of them has contributed anything for such an object, the charity has been stinted, slow and drudging. Yet what northern city has profited more by trade with the south than Cincinnati, or what northern state more than Illinois? Consider the number of fortunes made in Cincinnati out of the profits of this trade. The city may be said to have been in large part built up by it. For her pork, bacon, lard and various manufactures, she has been well paid by the south, where she always found her best market so long as the south were able to buy of her. It may be said of Cincinnati, that she has not repelled the cry for succor from starving brethren in a manner so shocking and brutal as we have witnessed in Chicago. That infamy does not rest on Cincinnati. It is not this last named city, but it is Chicago, which harbors the wretch who, when asked to give at least a crust of bread to help keep life in these perishing multitudes, answered the appeal in a spirit which would have done honor to the devil, with, "instead of bread I would send them *arsenic*, if I thought we could cram it down their throats." It is not Cincinnati, but it is Springfield, Illinois, which is disgraced by another wretch who is said to have resisted a similar appeal by avowing himself to be one of those who, instead of sending to the southern people food to keep them alive, would prefer to send them powder and balls to kill them off. And it is said, too, of this man, that he was engaged in those cotton speculations at the south, many of which are not to be distinguished from highway robbery. If this is so, it may not be considered remarkable that this man who has robbed his neighbor would not scruple to slay his victim.

We do not undertake to assign reasons for the difference between the Pacific city and the cities nearer our own door. Whether the refusal or reluctance to give which has marked the conduct of these latter proceeds from a niggard nature, a cold heart, or that vindictive and cowardly spirit which, with savage barbarity, tortures captives and dances on the corpses of prostrate foes, we cannot say. On either or any supposition, the contrast we have called attention to is not creditable to either of those cities.

TOO MUCH BAD FRENCH.

A plain man, usually considered an estimable citizen, but one whose yea is yea and his nay nay, wishes to inquire whether he pays anything extra for the French names on bills of fare, and if so, how much. If he gets it without extra charge, he does not feel willing to incur the obligation of taking it; if he pays for it, he does not wish to take it, considering it neither savory nor digestible. What is the use, he asks, of offering him a choice between *A la Sevigner*, *Riz a la Turque*, and *Consomme* soups, when he was obliged, finding the waiter looked the picture of vacancy at his order for beef soup, to resort to the first principles of signs and point to his open mouth, in answer to which appeal he finally got something to eat, though for the life of him he could not tell what its name was in the vernacular French. Calling, in very desperation, for *cotellette de mouton, provencale* and *Homard farcie*, he received a mutton chop and some stuffed lobster; and he begs to be told why the bills do not say lobster and mutton chop if they mean to be comprehended, and if they are not so meant, why there are any bills at all? The waiter, as it happened, was Celtic, instead of Gallic, and it was not possible to forget that the place was not Paris, but New York; yet the waiter, whose nose was slightly *retrousse*, was tolerably *au fait—Anglice*, "well up"—in his part, because of a merely habitual knowledge that This phrase stood for That dish, wherein he had the advantage of our inquirer, who has no such familiarity.

The custom of interlarding bills of fare with French is a fair subject for such inquiries as our plain citizen makes. On state occasions, receptions, and the like, English quite disappears, and the guests try to imagine themselves in elysium, that is, in Paris, although the unfamiliar language does make many of them feel out of their place. When the stork invited the fox to dinner, and set before him only mince meat in narrow-necked jars, she very neatly retaliated upon him his own trick of offering her, in a shallow dish, what we will call, with equal deference to both languages, *soup a la chickenne, platiere*. *Est il possible* that putting French in the bills is a shrewd device of mine host to keep people from calling for too many articles lest they expose their unfashionable ignorance of the polite phraseology? If so, *tant mieux*, and it is *tres bien*. Or is the custom only one out-crop of the pitiful worship of anything foreign, which makes the youth with the foreign air the most wise and witty person in the drawing room, stamps Paris on cheap hats that were never out of Massachusetts until they came to New York to be sold, and makes it polite for Miss Smith from Connecticut to take the name of Signora Somethinginninni before she appears on the operatic style? If we are *Anglais* let us talk so.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

—The acquisition of Russian-America gives the United States four hours and thirty-nine minutes more sunlight than it had before—though the sun still sets on our dominions.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, April 26, 1867. }

Money matters remain unchanged, but currency is gradually becoming closer. Gold is lower than on yesterday. Brokers bought at 37½ to 38c.

Silver is offered only in small sums. The only sale worth noting to-day was of $1200 at 28c.

City scrip, owing to the postponement of tax sales, is lower. Brokers offer from 55 to 60c, and sell at 60 to 62c.

County warrants of the old issue are in good demand at 87 to 88c buying. Selling at 90 to 92c. New issue is dull at 77 to 80c buying. Selling at 82 to 85c.

Police scrip is not in request. Very few brokers buy—70 to 75c is the buying rate, and 78 to 80c selling.

Exchange is in fair demand. Eastern is buying at par to ⅛ premium, and selling at ¼ to ½ premium. New Orleans is buying at ¾ off, and selling at par.

In bonds there is no change and no sales to report. Our quotations are nominal. Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, 25 to 30c; Memphis and Little Rock first mortgage bonds, 70 to 80c; Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds, 65 to 70c; Tennessee bonds with coupons, 40 to 50c; Tennessee bonds, new, 55 to 60c; Mobile and Ohio railroad bonds, 50 to 55c; Memphis city coupons, 60 to 65c; Memphis city railroad bonds, 50 to 60c.

In uncurrent money there is no activity. Brokers generally are well supplied. There is fair inquiry for the issue of the Union and the Planters' banks of this state, but none offering.

The treasury department is very busy in converting the 7-30s into 5-20s. It is thought that there will be very few unconverted before maturity, at the rate they are now coming in.

An English firm is reported to have offered to pay the national debt, amounting to thirty-three million dollars, and advance one million dollars to the nation, besides paying an annual rental of five hundred thousand dollars for a ninety-nine years lease of the Panama railroad.

The Massachusetts house committee on railroads have magnanimously reported in favor of granting state credit of three million dollars to the Boston, Hartford and Erie railroad.

The applications for appointment as registers of bankruptcy continue to arrive at the rate of nearly three hundred per day, and Chief Justice Chase finds the labor so great in making selections that all the appointments will not be made for at least two months.

A little piece of land at the corner of Lombard street, London, a site for one house, was recently let for £6600 a year; it was sold for a premium of £70,000 and the rental, and there is now building on it a house expected to cost £70,000, and to let for £22,000 a year.

A Paris circular for April 5th gives the following in relation to 5-20s in the French market: American 5-20s, however, continue to keep up, in spite of the general want of confidence, which merely furnishes another proof of the fact that the credit of these bonds is beyond the reach of European influences. The quotation rose on Saturday to 85¼; the highest point ever reached, the fall on the Monday following to a slight extent, on account of the receipt of the news of the purchase of Russian America. Great importance was at first attached to this question, on account of the probability that the change would be very unpalatable to the British government, but the pacific articles published by the English press, and more particularly the *Times*, have re-assured the public. The latest quotation is 84½. On the whole, the rise in the price of these bonds, since their introduction to the Paris market, has amounted to between 5 and 6 per cent., and those who have bought have found their course amply justified.

S. H. TOBEY, President. E. C. KIRK, Cashier

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

Successors to

OGDEN, TOBEY & CO.,

No. 16 Jefferson street, Memphis, Tenn.,

Dealers in

GOLD, SILVER, EXCHANGE, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, LAND WARRANTS AND UNCURRENT MONEY.

	Buying	LAND WARRANTS.	Buying
5-20 b'nds 1st ser's	108	40s, war 1812,	$37
" " 2d "	106	80s, "	62
" " 3d "	106	120s, "	117
" " new	105	160s, "	145
Aug. 7-30s, 1st ser's	105	160s, not 1812,	140
June " 2d "	104	TENN. BANK NOTES	
July " 3d "	104	Bank of Tenn., old,	30
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.		" " new,	60
		Planters' Bank,	95
June, 1864,	116	Union "	95
July, 1864,	116	City "	60
August, 1864,	115	Commercial Bank,	par
October, 1864,	114	Ocoee Bank,	08
December, 1864,	113	Southern Bank,	20
May, 1865,	111	Shelbyville Bank,	80
August, 1865,	110	Chattanooga Bank,	10
September, 1865,	109½	Middle Tenn., "	95
October, 1865,	109	West Tenn "	50
		Life and Gen'l Ins.,	20

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

	Selling	GERMANY.
England, Ireland, Scotland,	$7 00 per one pound sterling	Bremen, $1 16 per 1 gold Thaler
		Berlin, $1 06 per 1 Prussian Thaler.
France, Switzerland, Belgium,	Francs 5 35 per 1 dollar	Munich, Frankfort, Amsterdam, } 63 per one Guilder

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, April 26, 1867, 5 p.m. }

GENERAL BUSINESS.

This being the day on which the graves of the Confederate dead are decorated with flowers and evergreens, and being also the 48th anniversary of the I. O. O. F., and kept by them as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, it may be said to be one of general relaxation from business of all kinds. Very little was done in a commercial way, and we have but few changes to make in our quotations.

COTTON—Eastern advices caused an active inquiry in this market, and an advance of from 1 to 2c on all grades. One lot of middling sold at 22½c, but it was about the only sale reported. Buyers were anxious to purchase, but did not come up to the views of factors who generally held about 1c above their offers. The receipts for the day were 286 bales; shipments, none. As to-morrow will no doubt be an active day in the staple we can again begin to give quotations from actual sales.

The accounts from the Brazilian cotton crops are favorable. The coffee crop is expected to be 50 per cent. above average in Parana.

The Philadelphia corn exchange has passed resolutions denouncing the illicit distillation of whisky, and expressing the opinion that the present tax can never be collected, and operates only to the benefit of fraudulent manufacturers. It recommends that the tax be reduced to twenty cents a gallon, to be collected at the place of distillation.

This statement is true, and it demonstrates the legislative ability of the high-tariff, fanatical rump that now controls the country. The present congress is an enormous failure in politics, and it is no less so in finance.

A New York cotton circular of the 9th says:

"I called attention some few weeks back to my belief that our stock in this city was over estimated by about 50,000 bales; to-day, by actual count, it is discovered that the total amount of cotton in this port, including a large amount of what is termed refuse and low pickings, actually foots up only 124,000 bales instead of 175,000 bales, which was generally conceded to be correct.

"The stocks at all the ports, as seen by my statement, are 121,500 bales below what they were at the same date last year, when the price of middling uplands was quoted at 37c.

"As yet, I am not prepared to give reliable information regarding the ability or disposition of planters to raise cotton another season. Frequent applications have been made, and still continue to be made, to capitalists in this city for money to be applied for the raising of another crop, most of which have been refused, in consequence of the great disappointment and losses experienced last year in such investments. The present price of the staple also aids no little to discourage those who are in a position to give the required assistance.

The New York *Post*, of the 20th, says: We hear of no cotton failures in Liverpool, and no additional suspensions here. About ten days ago a heavy speculator, who had drawn about £90,000 against cotton, was advised (probably by cable) that his bills would not be accepted for over 8d. per pound on his consignments. He thereupon stopped payment here, and the Scotia brought notice that the bills had been refused acceptance in Liverpool. This circumstance about a difficulty of ten days' standing yesterday gave rise to the rumor of heavy cotton failures. The more recent failure of another house here (large factors for Texas, New Orleans, etc.,) is supposed to have aggravated the decline in Liverpool, when made known and acted upon on Wednesday and Thursday.

APPLES—With a heavy stock prices are weaker. Selling at $6 to $8 per barrel. Receipts for the day, none.

BRAN—There is little in market, and no accurate quotations can be given. Receipts for the day, 40 sacks.

BUTTER—There is very little choice on hand. It sells at 32 to 35c; good tub, 28 to 30c; common, from 18 to 20c. Receipts for the day, 20 kegs.

CORN—Receipts very fair, and prices are higher. Selling on levee at $1 30 to $1 32; from store at $1 33 to $1 35. Receipts for the day, 6034 sacks.

CORNMEAL—There is a good supply and demand. Kilndried sells at $5 60 to $5 75 on levee; fresh ground, $5 15 to $5 50. From store about 25c per bbl. higher. Receipts for the day, 445 sacks.

COFFEE—There is a good stock and demand. Prices are firm. Rio, 26 to 29c; Laguayra, 35 to 38c; Java, 43 to 45c. Receipts for the day, none.

CHEESE—There is a good demand and fair stock. Prices are steady. English dairy, 20 to 21c; western reserve, 18 to 19c; factory, there is but little in the market; selling at 19 to 20c. Receipts for the day, 55 boxes.

EGGS—Are becoming more plentiful. Fresh sell at 19 to 21c. Receipts for the day, 21 packages.

FLOUR—The market is well supplied with every grade. The demand is good and prices firm. We quote common at $9 to $10; superfine, $11 to $12; X, $12 50 to $14; XX, XXX, and all fancy brands from $15 to $18 per barrel; Harrison, $19 per barrel. Receipts for the day, 405 barrels.

HAY—There is a fair local demand for prime, and very large stock; sells on levee at $28 to $30; common, $25 to $27. Receipts for the day, 922 bales.

HIDES—There is a good demand at 7 to 8c for green; green salted, 8½ to 9c; flint, 16c; salt flint, 14c. Receipts for the day, 33.

LARD—There is a large stock on hand. Prices are firm at 13 to 13½c in tierces; and 14 to 14½c in kegs. Receipts for the day, 3 bbls.

MOLASSES—There is a fair stock on hand prices firm. Fair to good, 75 to 95c; choice, $1 to $1 05; syrups, $1 10 to $1 50. Receipts for the day, none.

MACKEREL—There is a good stock on hand. Prices are steady at $24 to $25 for No. 1; $23 to $24 for No. 2; $20 for No. 3. Half barrels and kits in proportion.

IRON TIES—The demand has ceased. Held at 11 to 12c per lb.

OATS—The receipts are light, and prices firm. We quote on levee at 90 to 92c. Receipts for the day, none.

ONIONS—Market not well supplied. We quote at $5 per barrel. Receipts for the day, 1 barrel.

OILS—There is a fair stock of all kinds on hand, with good demand. Coal oil, 55 to 60c; lard oil, $1 10 to 1 30; linseed oil, $1 65 to $1 75; train oil, $1 to $1 25.

PROVISIONS—There is a good supply on hand, and prices are firm. Mess pork is selling at $23 50 to $24; prime mess, $22 to $22 50; clear sides, 13 to 13½c; plain sugar cured hams, 15 to 15½c; breakfast bacon, 16 to 18c; bulk meats are in demand; ribbed sides, 10½ to 11c; clear sides, 12 to 12½; shoulders, 9 to 9½c. Receipts for the day, bacon, 5 casks; pork, 19 bbls. and 80 boxes.

POULTRY—The market is firm. We quote chickens at $6 to $7, and turkies at from $18 to $24 per dozen.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand for good eating potatoes, with large stock. Selling at $3 00 to $3 50 on levee, and $3 25 to $3 75 from store. Receipts for the day, 908 bbls.

ROPE—A light stock with no demand. Prices are steady. We quote for machine made 12½ to 13c; hand made 10 to 11c. Receipts for the day, 5 coils.

SUGAR—The receipts are very fair, and prices are firm. The stock on hand is good. Crushed and powdered, 19 to 20c; A coffee, 18c; B, 17c; C, 16½c. Receipts for the day, 8 hogsheads.

SALT—There is a good stock on hand and demand active. Sacks, $2 20 to $2 60; barrels, $3 to $3 30. Receipts for the day, none.

TOBACCO—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. A fine stock is on hand and new supplies are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $1 20 to $1 30; fancy Virginia, new work, $1 to $1 25; fine bright, pounds, $1 to $1 10; medium do., pounds, 75 to 85c; common bright, pounds, 60 to 75c; fine and fancy smoking, 75 to $1 50.

WHISKY—The market is firm but quiet. Common, $1 85 to $2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25 to $3; Bourbon, $3 25 to $5. Receipts for the day, none.

Wagon and Carriage Material.

Corrected by Woodburn, Smith & Co., No. 26 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 00 @	$15 00
Buggy wheels, Sarven's patent	— @	25 00
Wagon wheels	— @	16 00
Buggy hubs, per set	— @	1 25
Wagon hubs, do	1 40 @	3 00
Buggy spokes, do	3 50 @	5 00
Wagon spokes, do	2 75 @	3 75
Bent felloes, do	1 80 @	3 85
Sawed felloes, do	1 50 @	3 75
Buggy shafts, per pair	— @	— 80
Buggy poles, each	— @	— 90
Buggy and wagon bows, per set	— @	— 90
Wagon singletrees and N. Yokes, doz	2 00 @	1 25
Plow handles, per dozen	2 00 @	2 50
Buggy beds, each	12 50 @	14 50

WATCHES---JEWELRY.

A. A. POOLEY. ED. M. BARNUM. F. D. BARNUM.

POOLEY, BARNUM & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Jewelry,

SILVERWARE, FANCY GOODS, ETC., ETC.,

NO. 265 MAIN STREET,

Cor. Court. **MEMPHIS, TENN.**

feb12 3m

Watchmaker and Optician.

E. L. MICHOT, 357 1-2 Main Street,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER, has for sale Watch Material, Clocks, and Spectacles of all kinds. feb16 3m

CALVARY CEMETERY

Is now open

FOR INTERMENTS

—AND—

Purchase of Lots.

OFFICE—Southwest corner of Linden and Desoto streets. Hours: 8 to 10 a.m., and from 12 to 3 p.m. mh20 tf

REMOVAL.

MRS. M. ENCEL,

MIDWIFE,

HAS removed to 149 Washington street, between Fourth street and the bayou.

Mrs. ENGEL is in possession of two Diplomas given to her by the Board of Physicians at Colma, France, and guarantees satisfaction in all cases. ap6 1m

Trustee's Sale

Of Real Estate in Gibson County, Tenn., to be Sold at Humboldt, Gibson County, Tenn., on the 28th day of May, 1867.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to W. A. Jones by Wm. D. Fly, bearing date 14th December, 1860, for the purpose of securing certain debts due by said Wm. D. Fly to E. M. Apperson & Co., and which are therein specified, and by authority vested in me as Trustee substituted by decree of the Common Law Court of the city of Memphis, entered 17th April, 1867, in the room of Wm. A. Jones deceased, I will, on the 28th day of May, 1867, in front of the Hotel at Humboldt, Gibson County, Tenn., between the hours of ten o'clock, a.m. and four o'clock p.m., sell to the highest bidder, a certain tract of land containing about 338 acres situated in Gibson County, and lying about 1½ miles northwest of Humboldt, Tenn., being the same tract or parcel of land conveyed to said Wm. D. Fly by Joseph N. Lannum by Deed registered in Register's Office of Gibson County, to which reference is made for more particular description.

This tract of land will be subdivided into four lots, No. 1 containing 60 acres, and known as the Ell; Nos. 2, 3 and 4 containing 92⅔ acres each, lines running east and west.

TERMS—One-half Cash, balance at 6 months, the purchaser to execute note, bearing interest from date, and secured by Deed of Trust, embracing the same terms as that under which I am now acting.

The right of redemption is waived, and the title believed to be good, but I will convey only such title as is in me vested as Trustee.
ap21 3m J. D. QUIGLEY, Trustee.

Attachment Notice.

Before Wm. S. Walton, J. P.
Fravser & Willett vs. Joseph Dworsck.

THE defendant in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against him upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and the case set for hearing, at my office, in the city of Memphis, on the 15th day of May, 1867, defend said suit, or the same will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis DAILY APPEAL.
WM. S. WALTON, J. P.
Memphis, 14th, 1867. ap17 law4w

Attachment Notice.

Before John C. Creighton, J. P.
Edward Kiernan vs. Patrick Hanley.

THE defendant in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against him upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and the case set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 11th day of May, 1867, when and where he can appear and defend said suit, or the same will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal.
JOHN C. CREIGHTON, J. P.
Memphis, April 11, 1867. ap11 law4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.
No. 1800.—Waddy Thompson vs. —— Woodruff, R. M. Henning and Albert Pearce, firm of Woodruff & Co., et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants, —— Woodruff, R. M. Henning and Albert Pearce, (firm of Woodruff & Co.) residents of the State of New York, Oliver Perrin, Alexander Smith and David Gibson, residents of the State of Ohio, and all non-residents of the State of Tennessee;

It is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the City of Memphis, Tenn., within the first three days of the next term of said court, commencing the second Monday in May, 1867, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed, as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks, in the Memphis APPEAL.
A Copy—Attest,
AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. BLACK, D. C. and M.
Humes & Poston, solicitors for complainant.
ap13 law4w*

MISCELLANEOUS

THE PATENT

AURORA OIL!

WE want men everywhere to study their OWN INTERESTS. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in twelve months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen, not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make 75 bbls. per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis, and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a state a untold worth.

For further information, call on or address

H. C. DEWITT & CO.,

24 Madison street, corner Main, ap11 1m Memphis, Tenn.

WHEELER, PICKENS & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

BRUSHES, BROOMS,

Cordage,

Childrens' Carriages,

Bird Cages, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Purchasing of Manufacturers in large quantities, we are able to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

TO DEALERS,

And compete successfully with Cincinnati and St. Louis markets.

330 Main Street,

Bet. Union and Monroe sts.

ap10 mar8 3m

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS,

Rev. C. F. P. BANCROFT, Principal.

THE SUMMER SESSION will begin May 15th and close October 1st, 1867.

Board and Tuition $100 00, payable, half on entering and half the 22d of July.

Drawing, Music and Languages extra. Books and Washing furnished on reasonable terms.

For Circulars, with full particulars, address,
REV. C. G. CARPENTER, Sup't,
ap23 1m Chattanooga, Tenn.

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

No. 328 Front Street, Memphis.

J. T. FARGASON. A. CORDES. C. C. CLAY.
ap3 1m

Trustee's Sale

Of Real Estate, in Gibson County, to be Sold at Humboldt, Tenn., May 28, 1867.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed on the 13th day of March, 1867, by Green Williams for the purpose of securing two notes for the sum of Forty-six Thousand Dollars ($46,000) with interest from date, due respectively on the 25th of December, 1861, and 25th day of December, 1862, of Twenty-three Thousand Dollars each, owing by him to E. M. Apperson & Co., and by authority invested me to sell the land conveyed in said trust deed, I will, on the 28th day of May, 1867, in front of the hotel at Humboldt, Gibson county, Tennessee, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. and continuing from day to day thereafter, between the same hours, until all the property be sold, sell, to the highest bidder, a certain tract of land, containing about 945 acres, situate and lying in Gibson county Tennessee, and bounded and described as follows: One tract containing 232 acres, conveyed to W. D. Fly by John Fly by deed recorded in Gibson county; one tract containing 66 acres, conveyed to the said W. D. Fly by W. M. Crosby by deed duly recorded in Gibson county; one tract containing 178 acres, conveyed to said W. D. Fly by J. P. Whorton by deed duly recorded in Gibson county; one tract containing 133⅓ acres, conveyed to said W. D. Fly by John Price by deed duly recorded; one tract containing 87 acres, conveyed to said W. D. Fly by Henry Phillips by deed duly recorded in Gibson county; one tract containing 133⅓ acres purchased by the said W. D. Fly under a decree of the county court of Gibson county, said tract belonged to John Kelly's estate, and was sold for partition or to pay debts; one other tract containing 122 acres, and conveyed to said W. D. Fly by Charles Oates by deed duly recorded in Gibson county; said lands are bounded on the north by lands belonging to the heirs of Wm Shaw and N. G. Hart and —— Caldwell; on the west by land of Henry Phillips, John Amstead and J. H. Graves; on the south by land belonging to John N. Barnett and Micajah Fly; on the east by the land of William Boon and the estates of Robert Campbell and William Shaw. For a more particular description of said tract, reference is made to the deed and decree above mentioned to said W. D. Fly, all of the above described lands having been sold under deed of trust executed to W. D. Jones by Green Williams, and this trust executed for payment of purchase money. This property will be subdivided, and will be sold in lots varying from 100 to 300 acres, upon one of which there is a fine dwelling and all out houses and improvements necessary, being in high state of cultivation, with fine orchard, etc.

A plat of the subdivision will be exhibited on day of sale.

TERMS OF SALE—One half Cash, balance at six months, the purchaser to execute note bearing interest from date, and secured by deed of trust embracing the same terms as that under which I am now acting. The right of redemption is waived, and the title believed to be good, but I will convey only such titles as is in me invested.
ap21 3m A. DELAP, Trustee.

Trust Sale.

IN pursuance of the provisions of a Trust Deed to me executed by A. Street on 17th day of November, 1859, and which is duly registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, in Book No. 40, Part 1, pages 475, 476 and 477; and also in pursuance of a Consent Decree made by the Hon. William M. Smith, Judge of the Chancery Court of Memphis, on 2d day of April, 1867, in the causes pending in said Court, wherein Charles J. Seay and others are complainants, and A. Street and other are defendants, I will, at the southwest corner of the intersection of Poplar and Second streets, in Memphis, on the 25th day of May, 1867, at 12 o'clock m., proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, upon the terms here after mentioned, the following described Lots of Land, together with the improvements thereon, situated in Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, viz: Being Lots Nos. 269 and 270, as known on the map of Memphis, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the Southwest corner of the intersection of Poplar and Second streets, running thence West with the south line of Poplar street 124½ feet; thence South parallel with Second street 74¼ feet to a stake; thence West 24¼ feet to an [illegible]; thence with said alley 74¼ feet to the intersection of the alley; thence East with said alley to Second street; thence with Second street 148½ feet to the beginning. *Excepting and excluding*, however, from said lots, that part conveyed and relinquished on the 6th day of March, 1860, by the undersigned and Brinkley & Dougherty, to A. Street, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the South-east corner of lot No. 269, at the intersection of the North side of the first alley South of Poplar street with the West side of Second street; thence Northwardly with West side of Second street 28 feet, more or less, to a point at which said West side of Second street is intersected by a line running through the center of the middle parallel wall from East to West, of three story brick building, embracing two tenements now on said lot No. 269; thence from said point of intersection Westwardly 148½ feet to the East side of the first alley, West of Second street; thence with the East side of said last mentioned alley Southwardly, 28 feet more or less, to the point of intersection of the East side of said last mentioned alley, with the North side of the first alley South of Poplar street—said point of intersection being the Southwest corner of lot No. 269, thence eastwardly with the east side of the said last mentioned alley, 148½ feet, to the beginning.

Said property will be sold on the following terms, viz: One-fourth of the purchase money cash, and the balance on a credit of four and eight months, for which the purchasers will be required to give notes with approved personal security, and a lien likewise to be retained on the property to secure these deferred payments. The equity of redemption is waived, and the title is believed to be perfect, but I shall only convey as trustee.
apr26td M. J. WICKS, Trustee.

Attachment Suit.

John W. Harris vs. George T. Norvell.

AFFIDAVIT for Attachment having been made in this case and attachment having been issued against the estate of the defendant, G. T. Norvell, upon the ground of his privately removing himself from the county, and it having been returned levied, etc.,

It is therefore ordered, that said defendant enter his appearance on or before the 25th day of May, 1867, to plead, answer or demur to the said plaintiff's complaint, or the same will be taken for confessed and the case set for trial ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis APPEAL.
JOHN T. DOUGLAS, J. P.
April 15, 1867. ap17 law4w

DRY GOODS.

ELSON BROS.'

MAMMOTH

CHEAP STORE,

297 MAIN STREET.

EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS!

Rare chance to procure your Spring and Summer Goods at

GREAT BARGAINS!

READ, READ, READ!

We must clear off at least a portion of our large and well assorted Stock of New Goods to make room for the Mechanics of Memphis to effect Extensive Alterations we have in contemplation. On the 15th inst., we shall commence to alter and refit our store; till that time we offer our entire Stock of New Spring Goods at a

Tremendous Sacrifice!

Call Early and Secure Bargains.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG!

Look at the Prices of some few articles, and rest assured everything in our store will be offered at the same low Prices:

Calicoes, fast colors, 14, 15 and 18 cents per yard.
Bleached Domestics, 12½, 15, 18 and 25 cts. per yard.
Brown Domestics, yard wide, 15 cents per yard.
Jaconets at 20 cents per yard, worth 50 cents.
White Brilliants, 25 cents per yard, worth 60 cents.
Checked Muslin, 25 cents per yard, worth 50 cts.
Other white goods at same low prices.
Ladies' Whalebone Corsets, only $1 50 per pair, worth $3.
Ladies' Shoes, including Miles', Webb's and Thomas' Cloth Gaiters, at fully one-half the regular prices.
Ladies' Kid Gloves, all colors, only $1 10 per pair.
We would call special attention to the above gloves as being in every respect equal to Alexandre's or any other glove which now sell at $2 25.
Alliennne, for Ladies' Waists, only $1 per yard. These goods are sold at $1 75 at any store in the city.
Ladies' Paper Collars, only 25 cents per box.
Ladies' Imitation Pique Collars, only 50 cents per box.
Marseilles Bed Spreads, large size, from $3 50 upward.
Ladies' Linen Collars, only $1 25 to $1 75 per dozen.
Our Cheap Tables comprise a great number of useful and ornamental articles, which must be sold regardless of cost. We mean what we say and say what we mean. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
ONE PRICE ONLY.

ELSON BROS.,

mh29 1m-ac7 297 Main street.

STRICTLY WHOLESALE HOUSE.

Established for Twenty-five Years

In West Tennessee.

GREENEWALD & LABE,

No. 220 Main Street,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

BOOTS, SHOES,

CLOTHING, Etc., Etc.

WILL SELL

CHEAP FOR CASH,

Or Good City Acceptance.

A well assorted stock always on hand.
ap11 1m

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TRIMMING EMPORIUM!

JAMES G. MOFFATT,

347 Main St., South of Union,

IMPORTER OF

Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
French and German Buttons,
Fancy Goods, Notions,
Zephyr Worsted,
Worsted Patterns,
Real Laces, English Hosiery,
Toys, French Corsets.

Agent for the celebrated

Boulevard Hoop Skirts!

mh10 3m

STRICTLY WHOLESALE JOBBING HOUSE.

DRY-GOODS,

CLOTHING, NOTIONS, ETC.

TO MERCHANTS ONLY.

W. B. KNIGHT,

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Between Washington and Adams,

Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

mh14 2m

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BERNARD & McCLURE

Nos. 298 and 300 Second Street,

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PUBLISHERS OF

SHEET MUSIC,

AND DEALERS

Pianos, Organs, Melodeons,

Musical Merchandise

of Every Description,

And STRINGS of all kinds.

OLD PIANOS taken in exchange as part pay for new ones.
TUNING AND REPAIRING promptly attended to.
NEW MUSIC received daily. feb10 3m

KNABE PIANOS!

KNABE PIANOS!



THESE unrivalled instruments are fully warranted for seven years, and are for sale at

NO. 375 MAIN ST., (Jackson Block,)

Memphis, Tennessee,

mh2 3m By LEOPOLD GOEPEL.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

ANDREW RENKERT,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGIST,

NO. 120 MAIN STREET,

(Corner of Market),

Has just received a complete stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Wines, PAINTS, OILS,

—AND—

Complete Assortment of Perfumery

Also, LIQUORS for Medical Purposes.

THE attention of Painters is directed to my large stock of White Lead, Linseed Oil, Benzine. Paints ground in Oil, Window Glass, etc., which I will sell low for cash.
feb6 3m A. RENKERT, Memphis, Tenn.

FRED. WEBBER

House and Steamboat Roofer

WHOLESALE dealer in Roofing Gum and Pitch, Saturated Roofing Paper, Imported Felt. Manufacturer of a superior preparation for the preservation of Tin and Metal Roofs that has given satisfaction for Fourteen years.

OFFICE—Southeast corner First and Market streets, Louisville, Kentucky. feb19 3m

INSURANCE AGENCIES

TENNESSEE STATE MUTUAL

FIRE

INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—

MEMPHIS, TENN.

INCORPORATORS AND DIRECTORS:

E. M. APPERSON,	GEO. L. NICKOLLS,
C. J. SELDEN,	JESSE W. PAGE, JR.,
A. T. LACEY,	HOWELL E. JACKSON,
GEO. M. BARTLETT,	J. B. BROWNLOW,
WM. L. VANCE,	PITTSER MILLER,
WM. A. BILBO,	S. F. LEDYARD.

—OFFICE—

In Odd-Fellows' Building, corner of Main and Court Square.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

A. T. LACEY, WM. L. VANCE,

GEO. L. NICKOLLS.

GEO. L. NICKOLLS, - President.
C. J. SELDEN, - - - Treasurer.
S. F. LEDYARD, - - - Secretary.
HOWELL E. JACKSON, - Attorney.

This company will restrict their business to FIRST CLASS RISKS. Policies issued from one month to six years. It is a HOME COMPANY pledged and devoted to the furtherance of HOME INTERESTS.

The mutual system has deservedly become the most popular mode of insurance in the United States, and is the one embraced by those best informed upon the subject, and who appreciate and desire security, prosperity and economy. In a purely mutual company the assured derives all the advantages which can be realized from an insurance, and at the lowest rates, or exact cost, paying no tribute or profits to the proprietors or stockholders, or, perhaps, an inadequate capital or security. Cheapness combined with security, and a certainty of accomplishing the object in view, are the essential elements sought for, and they may be found eminently existing in a well conducted mutual insurance company, and such a company the Incorporators and Officers propose for the Tennessee State Mutual. Full information will be furnished at the office of the company. There are SEVENTEEN mutual insurance companies in successful operation in St. Louis, covering by their policies SEVEN-EIGHTHS of the real estate of that city. Such is the popularity of the mutual principle in our sister city. ap4 1m

PEOPLE'S

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office No. 20 Madison St., In DeSoto Bank Building.

CAPITAL STOCK, : : $300,000

Are now prepared to take Fire and Marine Risks.

Organized on the 28th inst. as follows:

DIRECTORS:

W. B. GREENLAW, JAMES ELDER,
WM. M. FARRINGTON, C. W. GOYER,
N. S. BRUCE, CHARLES JONES,
JOHN OVERTON, JR.

OFFICERS:

W. B. GREENLAW, - - - President
JAMES ELDER, - - Vice-President.
S. P. READ, - - - - - Secretary.
mh30 3m

MILES OWEN, SR. W. H. MOORE. J. T. WEST.

Owen, Moore & West,

AGENTS FOR THE

Georgia Home Insurance Company,

Of Columbus, Ga.

Cash Capital and Surplus, - $417 859 61.

State Insurance Company,

Of Nashville, Tenn.

Capital, - - - - - - - - $200,000.

Ætna Life Insurance Company,

Of Hartford, Conn.

Assets Over - - - - - - $1,500,000.

IF you want your Life or Property Insured, call and see the inducements we offer.

Office, Northwest corner Main and Madison streets, Memphis, Tenn. mh7 3m

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THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Under Greenlaw Opera House,

345 Second street.

mh9-feb27 3m

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WHOLESALE

Whiskies, Cigars and Tobacco,

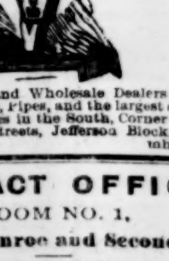
No. 226 FRONT STREET,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

feb7 3m

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,



IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. mh15 3m

ABSTRACT OFFICE,

ROOM NO. 1,

Corner Monroe and Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. ORNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy, and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete derangements of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County Lands

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.,
mh20 tf Successors to Bond & Campbell.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

TO THE TRADE.

I WOULD call the attention of MERCHANTS and DEALERS in

ALE AND LAGER BEER,

Of my Superior Quality,

Which I can furnish at any part of the City or Railroad Depot, Free of Charge having made extensive summer arrangements in this branch of business. I would also call attention to my stock of

LIQUORS,

Consisting of pure Robinson County Whisky, Bourbon Whisky, Rye Whisky, and a complete stock of BAR STORE.

JACOB STEINKUHL,

ap6 3m 230 Third street, Library Building, North of Poplar st.

D. H. EVANS,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

MALT AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS

14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

HAS in store and to arrive—

120 barrels Whisky, various grades;
75 quarter pipes Cognac Brandy;
25 do do Roshelle do;
10 puncheons Jamaica Rum;
15 pipes Holland and Scheidam Gin;
125 casks Madeira, Sherry and Por. Wines;
100 baskets Piper Heidsick Champagne;
75 cases Charles Farre;
50 do Green Seal and La Perle;
200 do Plantation Bitters;
100 do Boker's do
50 do Hostetter's do

London Porter and Scotch Ale:

500 casks Barkly, Perkins & Co.'s Porter—pints and quarts—very fine;
400 casks Guinness & Son's Dublin Brown Stout—pints and quarts;
300 casks Jeffery's Ale—pints;
500 do Younger—in stone jugs;

Together with a full stock of Draft Ales and Porter, French Cordials, Domestic and Havana Segars—all of which will be sold to the trade, at prices to defy competition.

D. H. EVANS,

feb3 tf 14 Monroe street.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis. : : : Tennessee

feb3 tf

A. V. CUNEO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR.,
R. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Ten

feb2 3m

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

262 Second Street,

Opposite Court Square,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES,

LIQUORS, SECARS,

—AND—

Foreign Fruit and Produce.

WE call attention to our large stock of RHINE WINES, which we sell at lowest figures in or out of Bond here, or in Bond at New York.

We also keep constantly on hand:

Ale and Porter;
Best brands of French Brandies;
Rye and Bourbon Whisky;
Sherry and Port Wines;
Seltzer Water, direct from the springs;
California Wines and Brandies;
Genuine Piper Heidsick Champagne;

And every conceivable article in the Liquor line, too numerous to mention.

Our stock of FOREIGN FRUIT AND PRODUCE consists of

DRIED PRUNES AND CHERRIES;
SWISS AND LIMBURG CHEESE;
HOLLAND HERRING;
SARDELLEN LENTILS;
SPLIT PEAS; BARLEY;
GREEN KERN;
GERMAN SAGO FARINA, ETC., ETC.

mh1 3m

E. SIMPSON & CO.,

No 17 Dey Street,

NEW YORK,

Wholesale Dealers and Importers

—OF—

WINES, LIQUORS, Etc.

CASH CUSTOMERS

Will find it greatly to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
mh28 tf

LEGAL.

Trustee's Sale

Of Desirable Real Estate, distant about 3 1-2 Miles Southeast from the City of Memphis, and Situate on the M. and C. R. R.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed on the 18th day of December, 1865, by J. L. Taylor and T. B. McEwen, for the purpose of securing a note for the sum of $12,000 due and owing by them to J. B. Mercer, and in obedience to written authority from the said Taylor, McEwen and Mercer, directing me to sell the land conveyed in said Trust Deed, I will, on the 6th Day of May, 1867, at the Courthouse door, in the Greenlaw Block, on Second street, between Union and Gayoso streets, in the city of Memphis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and continuing from day to day thereafter, between the same hours, until all the property be sold, sell to the highest bidder, a certain tract of land situate and lying in Shelby county Tennessee, and bounded thus: Beginning at a stake on the east side of line of old tract in the lane between the Wm. Cooper tract and the Dederick tract; running thence in said lane 15-32 chains to a point within or at fifty feet south of the center of the Memphis and Charleston railroad; thence west 43 16 to a point 50 feet south of the center of said railroad; thence south 15-34 chains to a hickory grub; thence south 47 west 4 32 chains to a point 30 feet south of the center of the Pigeon Roost road, runs from the first point of beginning west 38-50 chains to a stake; thence south 17-20 chains to a point 30 feet north of the center of Pigeon Roost road; thence to the termination of said line which was run from the hickory grub; this last line runs parallel with said Pigeon Roost road, in the survey, being in all 76 72-100 acres. This property has been subdivided, and will be sold in lots varying from five to ten acres each. There is no other incumbrance on said land.

THE TERMS OF SALE are as follows: One-third of the purchase money, cash, and the balance payable in equal instalments on the 1st of October, 1867, 1st of April, 1868, and 1st of October, 1868, the purchaser to execute notes drawing interest from date, and secured by Deed of Trust, embracing the same terms as that under which I am now acting.

I am authorized to say, that for all of the purchase money, after defraying the expenses of the trust and satisfying the claim of said Mercer, any just indebtedness of either Taylor & McEwen, or Taylor, McEwen, Duke & Co., or Taylor, McEwen & Blew, will be received; but each lot will be required to bear its proportional part of the expenses of the Trust and the burthen of the incumbrance. The title to said land I believe to be good, and I will take pleasure in furnishing any person with a statement of the title, and a plat of the subdivision upon application to me at law office of Wilson & Beard, 13 Court street, but I shall only convey as Trustee. W. P. WILSON,
ap11 t Trustee.

Notice to Creditors.

Referring to advertisement of Wm P. Wilson, Esq., Trustee, etc—this day's date—and anxious to effect settlements as early as possible, we wish to notify all our creditors that we propose to sell all of our Real Estate, both personal and copartnership, during the next ensuing thirty, sixty or ninety days, at public auction, taking in payment therefor, after satisfaction of liens and expenses, the outstanding obligations of Taylor, McEwen & Blew, Taylor, McEwen, Duke & Co. or Taylor & McEwen, as far as possible.

The list will comprise about Thirteen Country Lots of five to nine acres each, located on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, about three and a half miles east of this city—admirably located for residence and garden purposes; Four valuable Business Lots with improvements on Adams street, and eleven Residence Lots on Adams, Washington and Jefferson street extended, including Two Residences. The Lots will be plainly staked off. All creditors and others are respectfully invited to examine the property and attend the sales.
TAYLOR & McEWEN
April 3, 1867. ap4 t y6

Executrix Notice.

The estate of Calvin C. Cleaves, deceased.

AT the January term, 1867 of the County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee, I qualified as the Executrix of the will of my deceased husband, Calvin C. Cleaves. All the creditors of said estate are hereby notified to file their claims or demands against said estate with John Somervell, attorney at law, corner Second and Monroe streets, Memphis, Tenn., and all parties indebted to said estate are notified to come forward and settle the same at once.
MARY C. CLEAVES, Executrix of the Will of Calvin C. Cleaves, deceased.
mh20 tf

Notice

THIS will notify all persons not to trade for a note given by us in favor of A. Lewis & Co. and payable to the order of J. Behr & Bro. Said note was dated on the 2d Apr 1, 1867, and payable four months after date. The consideration, for which said note was given was not fulfilled by said A. Lewis & Co.
ap16 1m J. BEHR & BRO.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of the estate of F. M. Appleby are hereby notified that I have suggested the insolvency of said estate to the Clerk of the County Court of Tipton county, Tennessee, and the creditors of said estate are notified to file their claims, duly authenticated, within six months from the date hereof, or this notice will be filed in bar of the same.
J. B. DANNIEL, Administrator.
April 1st, 1867. ap19 tf

NOTICE.

THE creditors of the estate of S. S. Malone are hereby notified that I have suggested the insolvency of said estate to the Clerk of the County Court of Tipton county, Tennessee, and the creditors of said estate are notified to file their claims, duly authenticated, within six months from date hereof, or this notice will be filed in bar of the same.
VAL. SANFORD, Administrator.
April 1st, 1867. ap19 t

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

MEMPHIS.

SATURDAY, : : : : : : : : : APRIL 27, 1867

EDITOR.......................ALBERT PIKE.
ASSOCIATE EDITOR......ST. CLAIR DEARING.
BUSINESS MANAGER...........JOHN AINSLIE.

J. D. Rasberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, agent, at Little Rock.
J. R. Kannady, agent, Fort Smith, Ark.
Jno. R. Eakin, agent, Washington, Ark.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of Anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee for his good faith and responsibility.

All business letters for this office should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

All Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.

In consequence of judicial proceedings, had in respect to the interests of different parties in the APPEAL, the paper, the printing establishment and the good will of the paper have been sold, and the undersigned have become the purchasers.

Every possible exertion will be made to render the APPEAL more acceptable to its readers, and more desirable as a medium of advertising. Much more space will be devoted to reading matter, and a special column be appropriated weekly to Masonic information.

The undersigned hope, by close attention to the affairs of the paper and office, to give it claims equal to those of any other journal of the city to the support and confidence of the community.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

FOR GOVERNOR,

EMERSON ETHERIDGE

OUR PLATFORM.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES. FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all laws, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to the colored race of all the rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION by State or Nation of any honest debt.

NO ESTABLISHMENT of Military Despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commissions, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

APPROVAL of the efforts of the President to prevent the annihilation of civil liberty by the revolutionizing of the Government, and to restore the Union of the States; and of all that he has done to defend the Constitution and to maintain the rightful supremacy of the civil law; and charity and allowance for what he has left undone or done amiss.

THE PAST: THE GREAT TEACHER.

THE EXECUTIVE.

The Chief Magistrate, under the Constitution, was invested with the power of appointing and removing a multitude of officers, over the whole surface of every State. The power to impeach him for misconduct was simply a dead letter; and yet his ministers, selected by himself, were beyond the reach of the Legislature, and could hold their places in despite of the censures of the House of Representatives. The blunder was palpable.

Again and again eligible, and the elections returning every four years, he would be continually tempted to use his powers and patronage to secure votes. By dotations of office and embassies, he could bribe and buy Senators and Members of the House. Every thing tended to make him the creature of the temporary popular whim and caprice, and to lead him to purchase popularity by base compliances.

Nothing could have been more ill-judged than to elect this officer by the popular vote. He could not fail to be always the candidate of a party or a faction, and to succeed chiefly because he was unfit and unworthy to do so. No Republic can endure, that elects its Executive every four years by universal suffrage. That is among the impossibilities.

The faint attempt made by the framers of the Constitution, to avoid, by the interposition of Electors, the evils of a direct popular election every four years for the Presidency, soon proved a lamentable failure. The shallowness of the device should have been seen from the beginning; yet the manufacturers of the Confederate Constitution retained the useless and absurd device, after its utter worthlessness and inefficiency had been long apparent to all men.

Of course, if the Constitution made it possible for the selection of electors to be given to the people, the people were sure, sooner or later, to claim it. So many dear friends and ardent lovers of the people, all of them pure and disinterested patriots, would preach to them, that for them not to have the selection was anti-democratic! As soon as WASHINGTON'S second term ended, the rival candidates for the two highest offices were placed directly before the people, to be voted for or against, under colour of voting for the Electors who were to cast the already registered vote. From that time forward, the popular vote was in reality given for or against the candidate; the plan of *election* of the Electors by the people being adopted every where except in South Carolina. There alone they were selected by the Legislature: and this was made a subject of reproach against that State by the presses and orators of the Whig Party in the South, from 1840 onward, because she acted with the Democratic party. Such is the consistency of faction! the party claiming to be *par excellence conservative*, casting obloquy on the only State that had remained conservative in regard to the election of President, because it *had* so remained!

In a little while, all the immense evils of popular election, by so great a multitude of voters, under the system of universal suffrage, and at periods so often returning, began to develope themselves. The President in office began to use his patronage to ensure his own re-election or the election of a particular successor who should 'tread in his footsteps.' The race of revolutionary statesmen died out, and soon afterwards lesser men began to aspire to the Presidency. The offices under the government, rapidly multiplying, became the booty of conquest, the glittering prizes to animate partizans and mercenaries; and their dispensation and distribution after success, rivalled in morality and decency the sacking and plundering of Badajoz and San Sebastian after the brutal soldiery of WELLINGTON had taken them by storm. At every election the evil became greater; because the class of creatures that rushed forward after each, to claim their pay, was lower in the scale of humanity than after the preceding one, until at last the very bottom of society vomited up its dregs and flung them upon the City of Washington, to rival and excel the filthy and voracious harpies of fable, and the foul corvorants of reality.

A Congressional Convention to *nominate* a candidate for the Presidency followed in due time, to complete the work so well begun, and to transfer the election of President from the people to the party-leaders, wire-pullers and managers. This initiated the system, never afterwards to be shaken off, of nominations by Conventions of Delegates, authorized and unauthorized, which at once confined the people and Electors, in the selection of President, to two, or at most three men, out of whom they must choose one; and thus virtually placed the power of election in the hands of the party-leaders. In other words, a Democratic voter could exercise no choice among the great men of his *own* party. He must either vote for the smaller men, selected for him by his masters, the party-managers, or belie his principles by voting for a Whig, or not vote at all. There was but a single Democratic 'ticket'; and if any member of the party dared to 'bolt,' he was denounced as a disorganizer and rebel, and cut off from the communion of the Saints.

This system soon extended into the States, and was resorted to in respect to all elections for Congress and the State offices. Some one competent to do the subject justice, should write the history of this system of villainous trickery. What a commentary it would be on Democratic government, and the capacity of the people to manage their own affairs. A single fact proved that the office-holders and office-seekers had become 'the people,' and that the convention system was resorted to for *their* exclusive benefit. In these party conventions, of States or counties, a State or county that uniformly voted *against* the party holding the convention, had precisely the same voice and vote as if it had always voted *for* it; the voice of a hundred or of twenty thousand voters in one county or State, being as potential as that of a thousand or a hundred thousand in another.

Under this rascally system, fruitful of bribery by the promise of office and contracts, and which wonderfully increased the market-value of small politicians, county pettifoggers, pot-house declaimers, bullies, and German and Irish recruiting officers, we saw THOMAS JEFFERSON PEW emerge from obscurity, to represent *two* States, one, at least, without *any* authority, and then subside into vagabondism. Let the future historian not forget this, nor the like exploit of Doctor RUCKER, nor other cases of the kind, nor the many features of low comedy and broad farce in these conventions, State and National, of Democrats, Whigs and Know-Nothings, where if any State or County was unrepresented, any chance visitor was prossed into the service, registered as a regular delegate and gravely cast the vote of the State or County thus honored by him. It was the most exquisite of farces, when a vote by States was taken in a National Convention, to hear such a volunteer, grave as DOGBERRY, vote 'aye' or 'no,' with an indescribable pride and dignity, for Tennessee or Texas, or some other State in which no member of the party then in Convention had ever been elected from time immemorial. Great is the capacity of men to govern themselves!

But such farces are like skeletons covered with a grinning mask, and become solemn tragedies in the end. The curtain falls and the actors relapse into insignificance or wind their slimy way up the column of power; but the infernal consequences remain and are eternal and damnable. Under the withering influences of this devilish system, all the chances for either of the three great intellects of the age to attain the Presidency disappeared, and all the men of mark in the class next below them were ostracized, at the same time that the permanence of the Union ceased to be possible. Men of moderate intellect and respectable dullness began to be sought for, because their previous career of uselessness had secured them against positive *un*popularity, and kept them from becoming obnoxious to the populace, their masters, or to the party-managers who were the overseers and drivers of that populace.

Of course it was always understood that the successful candidate was to *reward*, at the expense of the country, those who had been particularly zealous and efficient in securing his nomination. These in their turn were pledged to give office to others below them, and these again to others, until this system of successive bribery and corruption reached the lowest depths of the rabble. This disease of the body politic proved contagious, afflicted all parties in turn, and was extended to all elections, until officers elective by the Legislatures, including even the judges of Courts of Appeal, were first elected by a 'caucus' of the members of the dominant party. All the attendant and consequent rascalities of the system were every where adopted with it, until a great network of intrigue, bargaining and corruption covered the whole country, and all offices came to be in the gift of the party-leaders, or, to speak more accurately, were held and exposed by them for sale, to the highest bidder in open market.

It soon became necessary to throw out baits for votes, by raising questions dangerous to the public peace and imperilling the general welfare, but calculated to draw closer the lines of party, and to arouse and attract the populace, by concealing difficult points of principle or policy, (themselves alluded to in verbose ambiguities, in order to 'harmonize' the party and keep it together by cheating the country; and by lures held out to the foreign population or to other fragments of the same party, or to independent and dangerous organizations, such as the abolition faction. Votes, however obtained, and by whomsoever given, are as inodorous to a party, as the money raised by a tax on urine was to VESPASIAN.

To effect these worthy purposes and prevent party ship-wreck, the Nominating Conventions became makers of platforms, enunciating the supposed principles of 'the party;' and on which its candidates were *supposed* to be pledged to stand. The people innocently imagined all this to be so, and received each Platform as a new Gospel; though, as a Senator once with genuine wit remarked, the motto of the party always really was; 'When the train is under way, stand *off* the platform;' and although, denounce protective tariffs as these platforms might, 'the party' always permitted its leaders in Pennsylvania to advocate one upon iron, and in Louisiana one upon sugar; and, declare internal improvements by the General Government unconstitutional, as vociferously as the platform might, the leaders of the party in Arkansas and other new States promised the people that their little rivers should be cleared of snags by means of appropriations from the National Treasury.

The *professions* and *pledges* of the candidates, thus extorted, were accepted in lieu of the guarantees of past fidelity. The people were invariably cheated, as in 1844, when the Democratic banners in Pennsylvania bore the device of 'POLK, DALLAS, and the Tariff of 1842.' As all parties had resorted to the expedient of conventions, so all fell into the evil habit of making platforms. All had recourse to ingenious ambiguities and generalities to delude the rank and file of their party; and we can all remember when the remorseless villian, BUTLER, whose celebrity as a warrior rivals that of HAYNAU, was distinguished as the compiler of platforms especially intended for *Southern* consumption.

Under this system of conventions, the Whig party, which laid claim to more than an ordinary share, almost amounting to a monopoly, of the intelligence and talents of the country, laid aside its favorites, CLAY and WEBSTER, and elected to the Presidency the respectable mediocrity and amiable incapacity of General HARRISON, and afterwards the plain honest bluntness and uninformed non-statesmanship of General TAYLOR. Was it that they *preferred* these, or deemed them better qualified? No: the party accepted each nomination as a necessity, to defeat, by the only possible means, the politician selected by the managers of the Democratic party. The ranks of the enemy, serried like a Grecian phalanx, were only to be broken under the lead of some one with military glory, and who had rendered no *political* service to the country to make him unpopular with the people and hated by party. The people preferred, and many men who regretted the necessity preferred an honest soldier to a *blasé* politician nominated by the jugglery of a Convention. And it was hoped that, victory once gained thus, the way would be opened to one of the great to ascend the Presidential throne. It proved a vain hope, an illusion.

WHAT WILL IT PROFIT US TO BOW THE KNEE TO FALSE GODS?

"Neither God nor Nature hath put Civil Power in the hands of any whosoever, but to a lawful end, and commands our obedience to the authority of law only, not to the tyrannical force of any person."—JOHN MILTON.

The argument for co-operation in the distasteful work of reconstruction may be substantially stated as follows:

"New Constitutions are to be made, and the States reconstructed, whether we unite in the work or take no part in it. All male negro adults are to vote, Congress having conferred upon them that right. We are therefore not responsible and do not consent to Negro Suffrage. If the few loyalists among us, with the negroes, are permitted by us to do the work of reconstruction by themselves, they will hold all the offices and possess all the powers of the State, and will, by constitutional provision, disfranchise every white man who bore arms against the United States, or in any way aided, abetted or sympathized with what they style the rebellion. We shall then be in the condition of Tennessee.

"If we all register and vote, who are not disqualified by the reconstruction acts, we can carry with us part, if not a majority of the negro vote. We can elect Delegates who will go no further, in making the Constitutions, than the acts of Congress compel them to go, to obtain admission into the Union. We can prevent a general disfranchisement, avoid the calamities of confiscation, and possess ourselves of the powers of the State Governments. We can elect men to Congress who can take the test-oath, and who yet do not sympathize with Radicalism. We can obtain an early re-admission into the Union, and so relieve ourselves of military despotism; and once in the Union again, we can arrange matters to suit ourselves. We can then throw the entire Southern vote in the Congress against the Radical party, deprive it of the power of passing bills over the Presidential vetoes, and by co-operating with Northern conservatives, break it down in and out of Congress."

This, we think, is stating the argument fairly.

It is true that the Congress of the United States has, in defiance of the decision of the Supreme Court, not overruled by any subsequent decision, that a negro cannot, under the Constitution, be made a citizen of the United States, given all negro male adults the right to vote at all elections held, and on all questions to be voted on, under the reconstruction acts; and it is equally true that it will be useless to frame new Constitutions without incorporating in them provisions giving the same right for all future time. If we do not unite in the work, we shall be under no obligation of any kind, to refrain from taking away this right, whenever we have the power. If we do co-operate, we fasten negro suffrage upon our States forever; and this, in our view, greatly outweighs all the real or imaginary advantages to be secured by co-operation.

If all who can do so, procure themselves to be registered as voters, and then if all who are opposed to negro suffrage refrain from voting, they may, as a majority of all the registered voters is necessary to make effectual any act done or measure adopted in the process of reconstruction, either prevent any Convention being held, or the adoption by popular vote of any Constitution providing for universal suffrage of black and white. It is true, this would continue the Military Governments; but we, for one, would infinitely prefer their continuance to negro suffrage, with all the fatal consequences that must flow from it in the States where the negro population is so large as to give the Ethiopians the balance of power. We would infinitely prefer an Imperial government, like that of LOUIS NAPOLEON, to republicanism with negro suffrage; because one is peace and safety of property and life, and the other is anarchy, license, folly in legislation, and the debasement and demoralization of all public men. There is no possible evil or oppression, in our opinion, comparable to negro suffrage, consented to by ourselves, so that the curse *must* cling to us forever. The end of it will either be a war of races, and the extermination of the blacks or the reduction to slavery again of such as survive, or the voluntary exile of the white race from a country in which life will be intolerable. If it is fastened upon us permanently against our will, and not as our own act, we must bear it as we bear other evils that the resistless power of God or Man oppresses us withal. If we make the act our own, we have no remedy, and shall repent it bitterly, in sackcloth and ashes, and curse the day in which the tongue uttered or the hand wrote the fatal word that made us the authors of a whole Iliad of woes.

The attempts to enjoin the execution of the Reconstruction Acts in the Supreme Court will fail. Nevertheless, the gratitude of our people is due to those, and chiefly to Judge SHARKEY, who have secured for our prostrate States the opportunity to denounce, in that high Tribunal where the spirits of MARSHALL, STORY, WASHINGTON and TANEY yet seem to linger, in that Holy of Holies in which the oracles of Constitutional law still speak, the infamous violation of all the rights of man by those Acts that are to be the eternal disgrace and shame of the Republic. The Court cannot enjoin the execution of these savage enactments, but the arguments that demonstrate their nullity, like those of ERSKINE, GRATTAN and CURRAN, will make these edicts of despotism accursed in the estimation of thousands who have hitherto blindly followed the flag of Radicalism, and in the estimation of the world; as the speech of Judge BLACK made Military Commissions, and their authors, and the officers who in them administered injustice and committed murder, infamous and detestable.

And within a year cases will be in the Supreme Court, in which the question of the validity of these enactments will be involved, and its decision be necessary to determine individual rights, and then the Court will decide them utterly null and void. No man can doubt that such will be the decision, and we believe it will be unanimous. Will it not be wise, before barring ourselves, by co-operation, of all remedy and relief, to wait a little while, until, in a case of which that Court has jurisdiction, it shall decide these acts unconstitutional and consign them and their authors to an immortality of infamy? When it shall so have decided, what will be the regrets, the shame, and the bitter repentance of those whom the people will justly accuse as having persuaded them to fasten upon themselves forever an intolerable burthen of shame and ignominy and misery, from which with a little patience they could have saved themselves! A people readily forgives those whose crimes cause only disasters; but never those who persuade it to a course of action that proves profitless, after having entailed upon it loss of self-respect and the infirmities, disease and ruin that flow from the voluntary humiliation and abasement of States.

What though the Loyalists and negroes, left to follow the promptings of their own malice and stupidity, should by constitutional enactment difranchise *all* who stood by the South in her great struggle? If we were never allowed to vote again, votes will be cheaper than potatoes, and as openly sold, and we can always buy them in market overt. Negro votes will be always for sale; and when, in order to destroy the Republic, political villainy confers on such a race the right of suffrage, it becomes a virtue to buy their votes, as we would buy the services of mercenary soldiers, to prevent their turning their weapons against the bosom of our country.

But, apart from this, we repeat the question, what though the loyalists and negroes decree a general disfranchisement of all who stood by their States in their extremity, and were not faithless or false and treacherous, neither repelled by the aspect of danger, nor bought by the hope of immunity and reward? No such disfranchisement can be maintained during a decade of years. There will be too many interests, to combine against such an injustice, for it to be long-lived. We hope that this general disfranchisement will be incorporated in every new Constitution. For it will relieve the white men of the South of even any implied obligation to continue the privilege of voting, to the inferior race that is made to deny it to them; and it will relieve them, as it relieves us in Tennessee, from all responsibility for the follies and iniquities of legislation, the jobs, the thefts, the meannesses, the misprisions of felony, that are the concomitants or consequences of Radical domination.

And if the disfranchisement is never removed, either by peaceful revolution or by the decisions of Courts that are too upright to make up their minds in advance and hunt for arguments afterwards to serve as apologies for conclusions at which the conscience instinctively revolts, what will it matter? Shall we lament because we lose a vote that is worth precisely as much as that of a plantation negro?

Let the Loyalists and negroes make the Constitutions, without interference on the part of those who were loyal to their States. That will ensure the speedy re-admission of the States into the Union. HENRY WILSON and other apostles of negro equality, assuming that the Southern people are whipped-in, and ready to unite in the nasty work of reconstruction, are to traverse the South haranguing the negroes, and electioneering against those whom they imagine sufficiently humbled and sunken in their own esteem to desire office and political influence and power in the new mulatto commonwealths. Having lashed them, as they hope, into the traces, it is the next purpose of our drivers to prevent those so subdued from reaping any reward for their obsequious humiliation. If in this these itinerant venders of cheap advice find that they are warring against a chimera, and that we neither desire office or votes, their harangues will but serve to stir the negroes to demand their lion's share of *all* the offices. We need not, out of any squeamishness, hesitate to help onward that movement. Not voting ourselves, we can prompt the negroes to put up candidates of their own for seats in the Conventions, and after they have manufactured Constitutions, for *all* the offices of the State and seats in both Houses of Congress. Help Radicalism to reach the bottom of the feculent pool at once. Then the evil, intolerable and monstrous, making all government a broad farce, will correct itself. Let every man register, whom power will permit to do so. That is the exercise of a right, by which he commits himself to nothing. Then, by every appliance possible, except the defilement of voting, help the negro to thrust white Radicalism out of sight in the stercoraceous cess-pool into which all the corruptions of the State are drained, to stagnate, and breed noisome stenches and the infections of deadly plagues.

Will confiscation be avoided by co-operation in the business of reconstruction? Did the concessions so frankly and freely made by the Southern States, soon after the surrender, conciliate Radicalism or incline it to generosity? On the contrary, they encouraged it to exact still greater sacrifices and humiliations. By further concessions we shall but entirely lose their respect, without in any degree winning their favor. If the true people of the South take any part or lot in the matter, the apprehension that they may in part control the negro vote will be sufficient excuse for promising the freedmen, by way of bribe, a division of the lands of their employers, and allotment to them of forty acres each for farms. The greater the probability that the negro vote will be divided and Radicalism defeated, the more certain confiscation will become. If we would diminish the probabilities of it, we must diminish the inducements to it. Refrain from voting, and by encouraging the negroes to claim the offices, separate them from the Radicals, and these will themselves in their anger at being robbed of what they deem lawful spoil, oppose a measure which would, in that case, only make the negroes still more independent of them.

If by active co-operation the powers of the States should become vested in those to whom the Radicals apply the epithets of 'traitor' and 'rebel,' and if they should not, nothing will have been effected by it, then this will of itself be reason sufficient for continued denial of re-admission. Congress will admit no State *so* reconstructed. The Northern leaders do not desire to prevent or delay the re-admission of the Southern States. That re-admission is a necessity for them; but while they desire it, they also intend that these States shall return radicalized, and their votes secured for the Radical candidate for the Presidency.

We do not advise the people to obstruct or hinder or delay the work of reconstruction, but, on the contrary, to expedite it by every means except their votes. It will be as easy to manage the negro vote *after* re-admission as before, if it can be managed at all. Once again in the Union and represented in Congress, any disfranchisement of the mass of the people would soon disappear. It seems to us that there is really nothing to be gained, while all chance of ultimate redemption and regeneration will certainly be lost, by co-operation. If, to avoid the temporary evils that oppress us, or those, also temporary, that are to be apprehended, we unite in the work, into which it is sought to force us, we shall again, it seems to us, do that which seems expedient and for present profit, instead of preferring endurance and sacrifice as the consequences of a steadfast adherence to what is right. There are three things that the people of the South know they ought not to do. They ought not to admit that their opinions as to the nature of the Constitution and the rights of the States and the justice of the cause for which they fought, were heretical. They ought never to consent to negro suffrage. They ought never to agree to purchase immunity for themselves and restoration of their political rights, by becoming parties to the disfranchisement of their leaders. Better remain a lifetime under a military despotism, than consent to either; and this not more because it would be wrong to consent, than because it would in the end prove unprofitable.

The Southern people have exposed themselves to rebuffs and repulses enough. They are now required to incur the hazard of another. Congress reserves to itself the power of approval or disapproval of the Constitutions that are to be made, *so the end that nothing done shall avail a State that does not present itself in bonds to Radicalism.* If you do all that is demanded, if you part forever with your self-respect, and crouch at the feet of your insolent masters, humbly holding forth, in token of complete submission to their will and as your title to their gracious forgiveness, the instruments by which you will repudiate your settled principles, and abdicate your dearest rights, they may tell you that you have humbled yourselves sufficiently to satisfy their greed for revenge, and that it shall nevertheless be all in vain, for you shall not re-enter the Union, nor receive the wages of your humiliation. "Then, as if God was weary of protecting you, you will be seen to have passed through the fire, that you might perish in the smoke; and the contempt which you will then experience will be great as the admiration which you now enjoy." There will then remain to you but this single consolation, that you will escape the humiliation and disgrace of being nominally citizens of a Republic, in whose councils you cannot be represented, except by such men as can only misrepresent your principles, who regard you as traitors and rebels unfit to be trusted with the right of free choice of their representatives, and whom you can regard neither with affection or respect. Had you not better, "as the sole remainder, after all these changes and commotions, stand upright and steadfast in God's cause, dignified with the defence of truth and public liberty?"

—There are eighty-nine places in England and Wales containing upwards of 20,000 inhabitants with no telegraphic accommodation. This condition of things contrasts unfavorably with Belgian and Swiss systems. In Belgium there is one office for every 15,000, and in Switzerland one for every 10,000 inhabitants.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW YORK, April 26.—Three commissioners have been sent by Maximilian to Juarez, at San Luis Potosi, with an offer of capitulation, on guarantees of the lives and property of the prominent chieftains, which, it is said, were demanded by the commissioners, but will not be granted by Juarez. Secretary Seward's messenger, bearing his intercession in favor of Maximilian, was furnished with an escort at Matamoros to San Luis Potosi, where he expected to find the Mexican president. It is also reported that Maximilian offered to surrender, if granted a free departure from the country.

Two of the Japanese commissioners left for Washington this evening. The remainder go to-morrow. They have presents for the president, Grant and Seward. The present for General Grant is a magnificent sword, highly wrought, mounted with gold and appropriately inscribed, and is said to be very costly. The presents to the president and Mr. Seward are said to be equally valuable. The embassy remains at Washington four weeks.

Some $21,000 in counterfeit notes was captured on Staten Island yesterday. They are splendidly executed, and consist of $10,000 in fractional currency. The balance, of notes of the Fishkill bank, of this state, and the Mechanics' bank, of New Haven, Conn.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Intelligence from Richmond shows that it is again doubtful whether Judge Underwood will assay the trial of Mr. Davis at the May term of the United States court. If it adjourns without said trial, the president is determined to release Mr. Davis on a nominal bail. He has a letter signed by leading republicans, asking that Mr. Davis be released; and also a proposition from Horace Greely, offering to be one of Mr. Davis' bondsmen.

Sanford Crucher, alias Chas. Dunham, was to-day convicted of perjury, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the Albany penitentiary. His counsel has appealed to the supreme court of the district.

Attorney-General Stanbury spoke at length in the supreme court to-day in opposition to the petition of Georgia for an injunction. His argument was to the effect that the court had no jurisdiction in the case, as it was not within the reason or spirit of the constitution, and that the reconstruction act, as executed by the president, works no hardship to the people of the south, as they can do as they please under it, and that this was a political case and could only be reached by political remedies.

Mr. O'Connor argued for the injunction on the ground that it was ordered to be done under the acts of congress, and was in all its length and breadth unconstitutional.

The argument will be resumed next Friday, when Robert J. Walker will be heard in behalf of the state of Mississippi, and the attorney-general will reply.

The Odd Fellows had a fine parade to-day. An ovation and original ode was given at the National theater. The celebration closed this evening with an entertainment to the visiting brethren, widows and orphans of the order.

The registration of voters in this city as far as completed, shows a majority of 700 whites.

RICHMOND, April 26.—The house of delegates to-day passed a bill directing the board of public works to sell the remaining interest of the state in railroads, amounting to $6,000,000—the purchase money to be paid in state bonds at par.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 26.—Senator Wilson called on Mr. Davis to-day, and spent half an hour in friendly conversation, reviving old memories of which Mr. Davis expressed cordial feelings which he entertained toward many old friends. The prospects of a war in Europe and the recent improvements in military warfare, were severally discussed, but no allusion was made to the political affairs of this country.

LIVERPOOL, April 26, noon.—Cotton is active and the opening quotations show an advance of ⅛@¼d. Uplands, 10¾@11d. The sales are estimated at 20,000. The The broker's circular reports the sales of the week at 55,000, including 16,000 to speculators and exporters. Stock, 826,000 bales. Breadstuffs, provisions and produce unchanged.

LONDON, April 26, 2 p.m.—The bullion in the bank of England is £50,000. 5-20s, 69¾. Erie, 37½. Illinois Central, 74½.

PARIS, April 26.—There was a reaction on the bourse this morning and rentes are rising, in consequence of rumors which prevailed extensively that Prussia has manifested a disposition to make concessions to France in regard to the Luxemburg question.

A leading editorial, official in its character, in the *Constitutionel* of to-day, declares that France does not desire war, and will use all means consistent with her national honor to avoid it.

FRANKFORT, April 26, p.m.—United States bonds, 72.

ROME, April 26.—The Swiss government will post an army of observation on the frontier of France.

DUBLIN, April 26.—The trial of the Fenian prisoners for high treason is resumed again. Burke and McCofferty were arraigned to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26.—Another crevasse has occurred in Ascension parish, seriously endangering the new levees.

LOUISVILLE, April 26.—The odd-fellows celebrated their anniversary by a grand procession of the different lodges, which was witnessed by throngs of people.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, April 26.—Tobacco dull and heavy for low grades, and firm and active for bright leaf. Cotton dull, with no demand. Flour firm for choice; medium and lower grades exceedingly dull; fall, superfine, $11 50; double extra, $16 75 to 17 75. Wheat lower and unsettled; choice spring, $2 90; prime fall, $3 20 to 3 38. Corn very dull at $1 12 to 1 17. Oats higher, at 80 to 84c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Bacon shoulders, 8¾c to 9c. Lard nominal at 12½ to 12¾c for choice. Whisky nominal at $2 to 2 05.

CINCINNATI, April 26.—Flour 25c higher; trade brands $13 75@16; fancy $16 50@18. Wheat 5c higher; winter $3 25; spring $2 80; white $3 25. Corn $1 19; sacked 97@98c in bulk. Oats advanced to 71@72c. Cotton held more firmly at 24c. Pork quiet and firm at $22 50; bulk shoulders 8c; sides 10c; bacon, shoulders 9c; sides 11c; clear sides 12c. Lard firm, 13@14c. Sugar unchanged; Cuba 11½; New Orleans 14@15c. Coffee steady, 25@28 for fair to choice Rio. Clover seed dull at $10; timothy $3.

LOUISVILLE, April 26.—Tobacco sales, 217 hhds; prices fully sustained, $2 50@21 50. Superfine flour stiffer, $10@11 25. Wheat, none in market. Corn higher; shelled, $1 10@1 12; ear, in bulk, 90@95c. Oats, 78@80c in bulk. Mess pork, $22@22 25. Bacon, shoulders, 9@9¼c; clear-sides, 12¼c. Lard, tierces, 12¼c. Raw whisky, free, $2 24.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Cotton more active, and 1c better; sales 2500 bales, 26@26½c for uplands. Flour 15@20c better; superfine, $10 05@11. Whisky more active; 40c in bond. Wheat 5@7c better; No. 2 Milwaukee, $2 65@2 75. Rye 2@5c better. Corn dull and heavy, and 1@2c lower. Oats 1c better, but less active. Coffee unchanged. Sugar firm, Cuba 10¾@11¼c. Molasses quiet and steady. New mess pork active, $22 75@22 90. Lard steady and quiet, 12¾@13¾c. Money easy and steady, 4@6 for call. Sterling dull, 9¼@9¾. Gold 138½.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26.—Cotton active and higher; sales 3700 bales; low middling, 22½@22¾c; week's receipts, 6021 bales, against 9121 last week; exports, 24,404; stock, 139,844. Sugar is in limited demand; fair, 12¾c; fully fair, 13@13½c. Prime molasses, 72c. Flour dull; superfine is held at $13. Corn—the market is bare; sales small, and prices unchanged. Oats tending upward, 85c. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon shoulders 9¾c; rib sides, 11¾c; clear sides, 12¼c. Lard steady, 13¾@14. Coffee in fair demand, 23¾@25½. Gold, 38½; sterling, 48½@52½; New York sight, ⅛ to ¼ premium.

—The theater at Nashville has closed for the season.

MARRIED.

HAMNER–PARKER—At Marion, Ala., on Sunday, the 21st inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. A. G. Hendrix, by Rev. P. B. Lawson, Mr. JAMES H. HAMNER, of Memphis, to Mrs. LAURA H. PARKER, of the former place.

With pleasure we make the announcement that our friend Hamner has finally become securely fastened in "love's silken cord" by one of Alabama's fair daughters. To both, the congratulations of many friends are hereby tendered, with the wish that life may ever appear as bright and joyous to them as now.

There is something pure in life, and sweet,
When hearts, like theirs in union meet—
Meet and pledge to each a vow,
Time shall change no more than now. B.

DIED.

BROOME—On 26th inst., Mrs ELIZABETH BROOME, aged 71 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, Joseph Lenow, on Walker avenue, this Saturday evening, at 3 o'clock. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

Services by Rev. S H Ford.

Carriages at Holst's.

MARLATT—Of consumption, at his residence twelve miles below Napoleon, Ark., April 21, 1867, Mr. JOSEPH MARLATT, aged 59 years. He leaves a devoted wife and child and a large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

Pittsburg Pa., papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS.

F. STITH,
Architect and Engineer,

IRVING BLOCK, north Stairway. Agent for Baldwin & Son, Patent Solicitors, etc, Washington and Philadelphia. ap27 1m

JAMES T. RUCKS,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
FRIARS' POINT, MISS.
ap27 6w

Cotton Yarn.

MANUFACTURED at Bay Springs, Tishomingo County, Miss.
No. 500.........................25 cents.
No. 600.........................22½ cents.
CUNNINGHAM, WEEKS & MALONE,
ap27 1m No. 18 Union street.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

Letter from W. G. Clark, Esq., President of the Southern Press Association.

ATLANTA, GA., April 19, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER, Esq.—Dear Sir: It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association:

"Resolved, That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous faithful and effective service of JOHN S. THRASHER, Esq., as superintendent of this Association in years past, We hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the city of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your superintendancy—services which none had better opportunity to know, and none can more highly appreciate than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very respectfully, your obedient serv't,
ap27 2t W. G. CLARK, President.

JOSEPH GOODMAN,
JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES,
NO. 190 MAIN STREET.
Repairing Done and Warranted.
Orders left for CLOCK REPAIRING will be attended to and returned free of charge.
ap6 3m

LADIES' GOLD WATCHES!
Of Swiss, English, French and American Make.
Diamond Backs,
Enameled,
Engraved,
Engine Turned.

LADIES' GOLD GUARD CHAINS,
Leontines,
Chatelains.

We have a new and very beautiful assortment
Coral Jewelry,
new and rich paterns,
Carbuncle and
Garnet Jewelry.
And all other fashionable styles.

MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.
275 MAIN STREET.
ap13 6m-29-27

SIGN OF THE BEE-HIVE

MME. MITCHELL & CO.,
Straw Bonnet Dealers, Milliners and Dress Makers,
ADJOINING THE IRVING BLOCK,
Northeast Corner Court Square,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Bonnets Cleaned, Pressed and altered to the present Fashion. ap21 3m

Montvale Springs, 1867.

THIS popular summer resort having been placed in thorough repair and furnished with new furniture, will be open for visitors on the 1st of June, under the direction and control of the undersigned, proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both invalid and pleasure-seeker, no less on account of its retirement and the beautiful surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests. Board per day, $3; per week, $20; per month, $60, with an allowance for families. Travelers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from Loudon, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville, Tenn.
ap25 eod1m WHITE & WHITLOCK.

REMOVAL.

E. MEYER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
REMOVED TO
No. 302 Main St., East Side,
Between Madison and Monroe Sts.,
(OLD STAND OF H. MYERS & CO.)
Where he will be pleased to see all his friends from the City and Country.
Grand Opening of Spring and Summer Goods at Prices beyond Competition.
ap26 1m

Memphis and Mound City Ferry Packet.
PEOSTA..........................M. R. CHEEK, Master.
WILL leave her landing, until further notice, at the foot of Adams street, daily, at 8 and 11 o'clock a.m. and 2½ and 5 p.m.; Mound City at 7 and 9½ a.m. and 1 and 4 p.m. ap14 tf

SPECTACLES!
AT 217 1-2 MAIN ST.
SPECTACLES!
AT 217 1-2 MAIN ST.
SPECTACLES!
AT 217 1-2 MAIN ST.

John Leslie,
71-2 Madison Street,
PRACTICAL
HOUSE, SIGN PAINTER & GRAINER.
ap16 tf

ALLEN HOUSE!
Corner Washington and Second Streets.

"The cry is still come," and all give evidence of the excellent quality of fare. We can provide families or single gentlemen with Furnished or Unfurnished Rooms, and Board on reasonable terms. Call and see for yourselves.

The Allen Boys always at the desk.
M. ALLEN,
ap24 1w Proprietress.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

C. G. ARMISTEAD. B. P. DUNCAN.
ARMISTEAD & DUNCAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OFFICE No. 15 West Court (between Main and Front streets), Memphis. ap24 1m

WM. D. ANDERSON, M.D.,
Office and Residence on Vance,
Third Door East of Avery St.
ap25 1w

IF YOU WANT ANY
SADDLES OR HARNESS
GO TO
S. FRED. HAILMAN,
No. 90
JEFFERSON STREET.
If You Don't Believe It, Go and See.
ap25 3m

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of our stock to Dolan & Gallaher, we can still be found at our old stand, to settle up all our out-standing business.
ap25 1m NEVILS & ROSE.

Divorce Bill.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee. No. 1721—Amelia Rich vs. Edmund Rich.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, Edmund Rich, is a citizen of the State of California and a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, It is therefore ordered, that he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on the first Monday in June, 1867, that being a Rule Day, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—attest: AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By BENJ. COLMAN, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Slaughter & Swingley, sols. for complainant.
ap25 law4w

REUBEN DAILEY,
UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER,
No. 350 Second Street.
Depositions in Admiralty cases taken in Short-hand and transcribed. No extra charge.
ap24 3m

GERMANIA BANKING COMPANY
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
264 Second Street, Corner Court.
ORGANIZED APRIL 22, 1867.

DIRECTORS:
M. ROSENSTOCK, CHAS. EHRICH,
C. PFANNENSTIEHL, THEO. HOERNER,
H. TOWNSEND.

M. ROSENSTOCK, : : : President.

THIS Bank will open its doors for regular business transactions on the FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT, and will be prepared to Receive Deposits, buy and sell Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, etc., Exchange on all principal cities of the United States, Canadas and Europe.

Will allow a liberal interest on time deposits, and make advances on collaterals and valuables.

Collections promptly attended to.
ap1 3m

S. B. WILLIAMSON, JR., & CO.,
Storage and Commission House
NO. 200 FRONT STREET,
Store and Sell on Commission.
ap27 3m

SOUTHERN PALACE.
J. H. HOWELL. S. R. WOOD.
HOWELL, WOOD & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.,
332 : : Main Street : : 332
(Stand formerly occupied by Speed, Donoho & Strange.) ap21 1m

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER COMMERCIAL will receipt for Freight and ticket Passengers through from Memphis to Little Rock, until further notice, at the following rates, viz: Pound freight, at Sixty Cents per hundred pounds; Passengers at Seventeen Dollars.

Two trains per week will be run from Devall's Bluff to Little Rock (on Thursdays and Saturdays) to connect with the steamer Commercial. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this arrangement. JNO. S. DAVIS, Captain Steamboat Commercial.

LEVY & MILLER, Agents, No. 5 Madison street.
Memphis, April 23, 1867. ap23 tf

For Lease.

A BRICK YARD, centrally located, on Madison street extended. This Yard is ready for use, and possession given immediately. Wood can be furnished, if desired, at low rates. No bonus required. Dirt enough to make from three to four millions Brick. Apply to ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap21 1w No. 237 Second street.

Furniture, Mattresses,

AND BEDDING of all kinds on hand and made to order by MARTIN EYKE, 46½ Monroe street.

Awnings Put Up and Made to Order.
Also, Upholstering. Bedding renovated.
ap21 1m

Latest News from the Seat of War FROM EUROPE.

IMMENSE excitement at D. KAHN & CO.'S Dry Goods Emporium, 198½ Main street. We are selling our entire stock at prices to suit the times: Mozambiques at 20c; 10-4 Bleached Sheeting at 75c; Brown and Bleached Domestic at 10 to 25c; Marseilles Quilts at $4 50; a large stock of Lancaster and Honey-comb Quilts at $1 50; Calicoes at 12½c; Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters at $1 25 to $2 50.

We are selling our entire stock at
Less than any other House in the City.
Call soon and secure great bargains at
198 1-2 MAIN STREET.
ap19 1m

A LARGE STOCK of Ladies' and Gents' Alexandre Kid Gloves, warranted.
ap19 1m 198 1-2 MAIN STREET.

LINEN LAWN at 40 to 50c; Linen Handkerchiefs, 15c; Ladies' Corsets in abundance at $2, at 198 1-2 MAIN STREET.
ap19 1m

LUNN & MALLON,
PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
ap1 tf 204 MAIN STREET.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & CO.,
LUMBER DEALERS, 174 Madison street, on the bayou. Commission Merchants and Contractors will find it to their interest to give us a call. We keep all kinds of Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc., Etc. ap12 6m

EYE AND EAR
DISPENSARY,
156 Main St., Opp. Overton Hotel,
MEMPHIS, TENN.,
Located February 13, 1867, and Conducted by
DOCTOR DEL. LEOPOLD,
Professor of Opthalmic Medicine, Ocular and Aural Surgery.

THIS INSTITUTION is specially dedicated to the treatment and cure of Blindness, Deafness, Acute and Chronic Sore Eyes, Discharges from the Ear, Cancer, Cancerous Tumours, Ulcers, Scrofula and Fistula, and Private Diseases of every nature.

Cataract operated for. Artificial Pupils formed. Crossed or Squinted Eyes straightened in a moment's time, and all surgery upon the Eye, Ear and Cancer performed in a scientific manner.

Drugs and medicines are constantly kept at the Dispensary for the use of patients only.

Dr. DEL. LEOPOLD in personal attendance. Dispensary open from 8 a.m. until 9 at night.

Ten years' experience in Europe and on this continent, with constant application to the study of the pathology and treatment of the diseases of the Eye, Ear and Chronic Complaints, has reduced Dr. Leopold's practice in these diseases to a decided certainty, and placed him among the first in the profession as a specialist.

The Doctor's former patients in Tennessee and surrounding States, as in times past, will recommend persons that are suffering with Blindness and Deafness to call on the Doctor for examination and treatment at his New Dispensary. ap18 1mdaw

JACOB VOORHEIS, Memphis, Tenn. D. A. WILLIAMSON, Late with Williamson, Hill & Co.
VOORHEIS & WILLIAMSON,
DEALERS IN
QUEENSWARE,
China, Glass and Earthenware,
Silver Plated and Britania Goods,
TABLE CUTLERY AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 178 Main Street,
Near Overton Hotel, MEMPHIS, TENN.
mh24 3m

WOOD, WOOD, WOOD!

WE would respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have opened a LARGE WOOD YARD at the corner of Second and Union streets, and will take pleasure in supplying the public with good dry wood at as reasonable prices as it can be had elsewhere, and all orders will be promptly filled. J. H. GAILLARD & Co.

N. B.—Brick burners will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. ap4 1m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER
Lessee and Manager..............W. C. THOMPSON.
Last night of the season—Benefit of Miss ANNIE LEWELLYN.
Saturday Evening, April 27, '67,
Will be presented an entirely new drama, in 4 acts, written by Annie Lewellyn, entitled the FLOWER GIRL OF WALES—Marie, the Flower Girl, Miss Annie Lewellyn.
Monday Night—Benefit of E. W. Marston.

GRAND PIC-NIC
Under the auspices of the Christian Doctrine Association of St. Peter's Church on
Wednesday, May 1, 1867,
At the School Grounds on Wellington street, between Vance and Linden.
Admission, 50 cents.
The usual May festivities will be observed.
Music and Refreshments on the Ground.
ap25 td

RACES!
MEMPHIS RACING ASSOCIATION!
SPRING RACES! SPRING RACES!

The Racing over the Memphis Race Track will commence on
WEDNESDAY, MAY 1st,
AND CONTINUE FIVE DAYS.

FIRST DAY.
Heats of one mile for two year old, $300.
SECOND RACE—Heats of one mile for all ages, $500.

SECOND DAY.
Heats of two miles for three year old, $500.
SECOND RACE—Heats of one mile for all ages, for horses owned in Shelby county, $200.

THIRD DAY.
Dash of two miles for all ages, $400.
SECOND RACE—Heats of one mile for all ages, $250.

FOURTH DAY.
Heats of one mile, three in five, all ages, $500.

FIFTH DAY.
Dash of three miles, all ages, $800.
SECOND RACE—Heats of one mile for beaten horses, $300.

The Races to be run by and under the Rules of the "Metairie Jockey Club."

Entrance Money 10 Per Cent.,
To be given to the Second horses—two or more horses to make a race.

Race to Come Off at 3 O'clock Precisely, Each Day.

CAPT. JOHN S. LAIL, Sup't.
JOHN W. MEGIBBEN, Pro'r. ap23 1w

VARIETY THEATER.
Washington Street, near Main.
KINGSLAND & BROOM..................Proprietors.
Negro Minstrelsy,
Singing and
Dancing Nightly.
Good Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.
ADMISSION, 25 cents. Good order is expected, and will be rigidly enforced. ap17 1m

Front Street Museum!
NOW on exhibition the Bohemian Glass Blower, Wax Statuary, the great Panorama, etc., etc.
Open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. feb2 tf



IN offering OUR BITTERS to the Southern Public, we have no hesitancy in asserting their superiority over any Northern production in our markets. In their devisement they are purely Southern—compounded with a special adaptitude to the various types of stomacic derangements prevalent in our climate.

It is a gentle stimulant to the system after undergoing a severe illness.
It is a cure for Dyspepsia.
It assists Digestion.
It cures Diarrhea and Cholera Morbus.
It is a preventive for Chills and Fevers.
It is an invaluable companion for persons traveling at all seasons of the year.
It is a HOME enterprise, and possesses true merit.
Sold everywhere.
C. H. EBBERT & CO.,
Sole Proprietors.
feb10 tf Memphis Tenn.

QUACKENBUSH & WARREN,
No. 57 Madison Street,
Have the largest and best assortment of
GLASS, PUTTY, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS
MOULDINGS,
Door and Window Frames,
IN THE CITY.
JUST the place to get your orders filled at sight, and CHEAPER than at any other house in the city. Glazed Sash always on hand. ap14 2w

A. O. SHULTZ,
PRACTICAL
LOCKSMITH, SAFE MAKER,
MACHININST AND
GENERAL IRONWORKER,
No. 119 Jefferson Street,
Between Third and Fourth Streets,
IS prepared again to do all work connected with the above branches, from the plain Key or Bells to the manufacturing of complicated Burglar Proof Safes. Come and see, and encourage home manufactures.
Particular attention paid to Repairing Safes. All work warranted. ap16 3m

J. B. SHARPE. M. C. KING.
SHARPE & KING,
DEALERS IN
PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVES
—AND THE—
Stratton Self-Generating Gas Light,
No. 239 Second street, near Union,
Memphis, : : : Tennessee.
SOLE AGENTS for the Tennessee Stove and Gas Light Company, for the Sale of District and County Rights.
Every article sold by us made to perform as represented or money refunded on return of articles.
Articles sent to any part of the State. ap10 tf

SALES EXTRAORDINARY!
The finest, most varied and complete stock of
CLOTHING
Formerly owned by
J. H. WAGGENER,
Is now retailed BELOW Eastern COST, by
GEN. FRANK C. ARMSTRONG,
Agent of Purchasers. The whole of this immense and varied stock of the CHEAPEST GOODS EVER BROUGHT TO MEMPHIS
Must be Sold within Sixty Days
Those who call first will have the first choice. Possession of the house must be given within sixty days.
CALL AT ONCE!
City and Country Trade Supplied, Wholesale and Retail.
ap20 tf

DIRECT IMPORTERS!
FRANCISCO & WIGGIN,
309 Main Street,
HAVE just received, direct from China, the celebrated
CHINESE SOLAR PITH HAT,
manufactured by TUNG CHEONG HONAM, Canton, China, embracing all the styles, viz: Single Round, Double Round, Toad-stool and Helmet. These Hats are beyond all question the most comfortable ever invented. Call and purchase if you would keep a cool head and avoid Sun Stroke. ap18 1m

Trustee's Sale.
BY virtue of a deed of trust executed to me by Peterson & McGhee, I will sell, at the Olympic, on Second street, on the 4th day of May, 1867, the Seats, Fixtures, Scenery, Staging and Bar Fixtures to the Olympic Theater.
Terms of sale, Cash.
ap23 tds V. B. WADDELL, Trustee

AUCTION.

AT AUCTION.
369 Shelby Street,
THIS MORNING at 10 o'clock, the BAR AND FIXTURES, by
ap27 1t W. H. PASSMORE & CO.

REMOVAL SALES.
WITH the view of removal to the house recently occupied by Messrs. Williams, Cartmell & Co., in the Ayres block, we desire to close out entirely every consignment on hand, and will sell,
Without Reserve, Daily, at 10 o'clk,
Until our Removal, on 1st proximo, Furniture, in great variety, new and second-hand; Pianos, Fire-Proof Safes, Pictures, etc.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap27 4t Auctioneers.

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
No. 260 Second Street,
On Tuesday, April 30th, 1867,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A.M.,
LARGE lot of Italian Carrara Marble Statuary, Vases, Plated and Bohemian Ware, imported direct from Florence, Italy, by Sig. G. B. Pandolfini. The above valuable collection consists in part of
MARBLE STATUARY,
As follows: Three Graces, Bacchus, Diana, The Happy Mother, Una and the Lion, Dancing Girl, and other classical and historical subjects.
A splendid assortment of Marble Vases, copied from the Roman, Hebe, Gothic and Florentine styles, admirably suited for the decoration of entrances, halls, drawing-rooms, libraries, mantels, lawns, etc., etc. Marble Card Receivers, Tazzas, open-work Baskets, etc.
Also, Bohemian Glassware, consisting of rich decorated Vases, Toilet Sets, Decanters, Wine Sets, etc., etc. Plated Ware, Tea Sets, Ice Pitchers, Wine and Table Castors, Sugar and Butter Bowls.
This beautiful collection will be on exhibition on MONDAY, the 29th inst., at our salesrooms, No. 260 Second street, opposite Court square. Catalogues ready on Monday morning.
The ladies and gentlemen of our city are respectfully invited to examine these goods, being the finest collection ever offered at public sale in this city, and will be sold without reserve or limit, as Sig. Pandolfini returns immediately to Europe.
W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,
ap27 td Auctioneers.

Sale of the Dunn Leaseholds.
A Home for Fifteen Years, and the Cost Returned at the End of Lease.
WE invite special attention to this important sale for Mr. Dunn, advertised to take place on
Wednesday, May 1, 1867.
The sale beginning about Central Point, at the terminus of the Jefferson street Railway. The Leaseholds being upon life estate, will be sold WITH AN INSURANCE ON THE COST OF THE LEASEHOLD AND IMPROVEMENTS, payable at the end of fifteen years, or the death of Mr. Dunn, if he should die before, offering most unusual inducements to persons in quest of a cheap home, or a profitable and safe investment, and securing to a man's family the amount invested in the event of the death of the lessee.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap26 5t Auctioneers.

Cottage Houses
AT AUCTION.
WILL BE SOLD ON SATURDAY MORNING next, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock, on the premises, to the highest bidder, those TWO COTTAGE HOUSES, situated on Mosby street, between Winchester Avenue and Jones' Avenue, Nos 117 and 119 (on leased ground with nearly three years to run), containing two rooms, kitchen, etc., etc. Terms cash—sale positive.
MONSARRAT & MONTGOMERY,
ap26 tds Auctioneers.

A MADISON STREET LOT
AT AUCTION.
WE are directed by the owners to offer, at public sale, to the highest bidder,
On Tuesday, April 30, 1867,
That central and very valuable Lot on the south side of Madison street, near the corner of Third, 24 1-12 feet front by 148½ feet depth, being the ground next to the residence of Mrs. A. O. Harris. The sale of this Lot should attract the attention of all persons desirous of investing in property which must always be central to population and the business and financial circles of the city.
TERMS—Half Cash, balance on 6 and 12 months, with interest secured by trust deed.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap26 td Auctioneers.

THE CHANCERY SALE of the Warfield Lands was adjourned to be continued and concluded on Thursday, May 2d, upon the premises. All the woodland and some of the open land in the tract remains unsold, and will then be disposed of without reserve.
A. ALSTON, Clerk and Master,
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., Auct's.
ap26-6t

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
HOTEL DE l'EUROPE,
—AND—
Valuable Grounds Attached.
THE Proprietor of this splendid Hotel, Charles Pfanenstiehl, Esq., has directed us to offer at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY the 8th day of May, the Hotel and valuable grounds belonging thereto, subdivided as per plan on exhibition at our office. This well known Hotel is situated at the corner of Jefferson and Third streets, opposite the Postoffice and New Memphis Theater, and for hotel business purposes, must be regarded as one of the most desirable and commanding localities in the city. The property is divided into three lots, fronting on Jefferson street, and two on Third street, including the Hotel and all the improvements. The sale will be made on the following terms: One third cash; balance in one, two and three years, bearing interest.
We do not suppose that any property in the city holds out any stronger inducements for investment, taking into consideration its central and beautiful location and the very liberal terms on which it is offered.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap21 tf Auctioneers.

CHELSEA LOTS AT AUCTION.
On Main and Front Streets Extended.
WE are directed by R. C. Brinkley, Esq., to offer at public sale, on MONDAY, April 29th,
EIGHTEEN VALUABLE LOTS,
On the extension of Main and Front streets, in Chelsea; every Lot being on smooth and beautiful ground, and having a front of 50 feet by a depth of 148½, immediately adjoining the Cotton Factory grounds on the south. The sale will take place on the premises, beginning at 12 o'clock.
TERMS—One-fourth cash; balance in equal installments, on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, bearing interest. Warranty deeds given and Trust deeds taken to secure the deferred payments.
ap21 td ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

UNCLAIMED BAGGAGE
—AT THE—
WHITEMORE HOUSE,
(Late Metropolitan Hotel.)
ON account of whom they may concern—at the Arcade, No. 365 Main street, to be sold at auction the 11th day of MAY, at 10 o'clock, as follows:
2 Fine Sole Leather Trunks.
3 Common Trunks.
8 Carpet Sacks.
1 Valise.
1 Carpet.
2 Oil Cloths.
1 Band-Box.
1 Overcoat.
1 Blanket.
2 Silver Watches.
M. C. CAYCE & CO.,
ap21 td Auctioneers.

LARGE PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
Improved and Unimproved
CITY PROPERTY
—ON—
Vance and Linden Streets.
WE are directed by John Erskine, Esq., to offer, at public sale, the beautiful Residence and Extensive Grounds on Vance street, opposite the St Agnes Academy, and extending through to Linden street, subdivided as per published plan; giving with the spacious residence one hundred feet front on Vance street.
In every regard this may be considered most desirable property being equal to any locality in the city for health, beauty and good neighborhood, and enjoying the convenience of a Street Railway, now in daily use. The sale will take place upon the premises, at 12 o'clock,
On Monday, May 6th, 1867.
Terms very liberal, and announced at sale.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
ap14 tds Auctioneers.

LUMBER.
BUILDERS will find at my Yard, on the corner of Adams and Promenade, the Best Assorted Stock in the City of
Lumber, Shingles,
Laths, Doors,
Sash, Blinds,
Etc., which will be sold at lowest prices for CASH.
Country Orders Solicited,
which will be filled with promptness and fidelity. THOS. J. RICE.
Office—Adams street, between Front and Levee, Memphis. ap21 1m

TO OWNERS OF
REAL ESTATE.
THE SOUTHERN ASYLUM.
FARMS, Public Buildings, Residences, Vacant Lands, sold for cash. Descriptions and lowest cash price must be stated by the owner and then the property will be valued by the Company.
A list of lands accepted and offered will be published. Titles must be perfect and approved by the Attorneys of the Asylum.
Incidental charges made by the Company will be the same that are made by Real Estate Brokers.
Address Col. JAMES STRAIN, Southern Asylum, Hernando, Miss., or Gen. FRANK ARMSTRONG, Memphis. ap4 1f

JOHN A. LANTZ. J. D. SOSSAMAN.
LANTZ & SOSSAMAN,
PROPRIETORS
BRILLIANT RESTAURANT,
CORNER Whisky Chute and Center Alley,
Meals served at all hours. ap14 1m

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN W. SMITH is a candidate for re-election to the office of State Senator for the 25th District, composed of the counties of Shelby and Fayette, election on the first Thursday in August. ap24 tf

FOR CONGRESS—*Mr. Editor*: Please announce me as a candidate for re-election to Congress, with the written Constitution and the unqualified indorsement of the administration of Andrew Johnson as my platform of principles, which will be more clearly defined in my forthcoming "circular address," and a personal interview prior to the election. apr19 te JOHN W. LEFTWICH

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, for families or single gentlemen, at reasonable rates; also, a few day-boarders can be accommodated at No. 394 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal streets. References exchanged. ap23 tf

BOARDING—Board, with rooms furnished or unfurnished, in the large new building corner of Vance and Avery streets, third door from Avery. Gentlemen with their wives will find a pleasant home. Call and see. ap23 2w

BOARDING AND LODGING—Two desirable front rooms for families, and also day board or a few gentlemen can be had, by early application at 19 Madison street. Also, an office suitable for a lawyer or doctor. ap16 1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Store No. 36 Madison street, and the Stock of HAY, CORN AND OATS, in store for sale. Apply on the premises. ap27 1t

FOR RENT—SUBURBAN RESIDENCES. We have for rent that elegant place on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, adjoining McGehee's Station, known as the "Cooper Place" two-story spacious house, new stable, outhouses, etc. Twenty-two and a half acres of land.

Also, that beautiful and most desirable place on the new Raleigh road, adjoining on the east the fine grove of the Leath Orphan Asylum, just refitted and in best repair. Has two or more acres of ground with it, and some fruit trees. ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO. ap27 2t

FOR RENT.

THE STORE ROOMS FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY

E. MEYER,

NO. 274 SECOND STREET,

(Ayres' Building.)

Rent moderate. Possession given immediately. Apply to E. MEYER, No. 302 Main Street, Between Madison and Monroe. ap27 1w

FOR RENT—SEVERAL HOUSES FOR RENT, by BENTON & MACLEAN, 22 Madison street. ap26 3t

FOR RENT—The spacious and well lighted STORE ROOM over our Hardware Store, at present occupied by the Shoe House of J. S. Leavitt & Co. Possession given May 1st. ap24 3t McCOMBS & CO.

FOR RENT—The STORE-HOUSE, on Second street, known as the OLYMPIC. ALSO, The ARCADE LIVERY STABLE, on the alley south of Madison street, between Second and Third streets. ap23 tf GANTT & WADDELL.

FOR RENT—An ELEGANT HOUSE, with Furniture, on Poplar street, west corner of Orleans. Possession given immediately. Apply at No. 15 Court street. ap21 1w

FOR RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE WITH SEVEN ROOMS, in good order, and convenient to business. Rent $100 per month. Also a COTTAGE WITH FOUR ROOMS, Eight Acres of Ground, an Abundance of Fruit, Fine Location, adjoining the city limits. Rent $60 per month. Also several Office and Lodging rooms in the vicinity of the Overton Hotel. None but careful and prompt tenants need apply, at 166 Front street. apl8 2w

FOR RENT—Three Rooms in a large and well situated house, on Auction street, within a few minutes' walk of Main street railroad. Terms moderate. Apply at Appeal office. apl6 tf

WANTS.

WANTED—By two women, situations—one as Housekeeper, the other as No. 1 Cook in a Hotel, Restaurant or private Boarding-house. Call for one week at 100 Jefferson street ap27 1t

WANTED—The celebrated patented Petro Oil to be introduced in every town in the country. It pays a larger profit than any other business, and requires only a small outlay of capital. There is no business that will pay half as well upon the same investment. State and county rights for sale. Apply to or address GEORGE E. FREEMAN, 259½ Second street, one door north of Irving Block. mh31 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A splendid SODA FOUNTAIN for sale at a sacrifice, at No. 217½ Main street, by ap25 2t J. GUMBINGER.

FOR SALE—The good will and fixtures of the SALOON on the corner of Front row and Madison street will be sold to a good tenant cheap for cash. Now doing a good business, and sold for no fault, the proprietor wishing to change his business. For information call upon D. H. Evans, 14 Monroe street. ap23 tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—A new and elegant basement Cottage on Bass avenue, seven rooms, closet in every room, etc. Also, on Bass avenue, a double house, new, of seven rooms, each room with all the modern improvements. Also, on Adams street extended, a new story and a half Cottage, five rooms, kitchen, good yard, cistern, etc. C. W. Pool, Rental and Real Estate Agent, 199 Main street. apl1 tf

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.

This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.

Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.

These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.

Apply to PIKE & ADAMS, Attorneys at Law, 293 Main street, Memphis. mh3-tf

LOST--FOUND.

$10 REWARD—Strayed or Stolen From John P. McAlexander's place, 2½ miles from Memphis, on the New Raleigh road, one heavy set BAY MARE, 14½ hands high, heavy with foal, blaze face, I believe one white foot, about 5 years old. Any person returning the above Mare or giving such information to lead to her recovery, will receive the above reward. ap23 1w

HAIR! HAIR! HAIR!

F. LAVIGNE, HAIR DRESSER.

No. 355 Main Street, (Up Stairs).

MR. F. LAVIGNE would respectfully inform the ladies of Memphis that he will leave the city in sixty days for Paris, to make ample selections and arrangements for this market. In order to this he offers his nice and well assorted styles of Hair Goods at a great reduction of prices. Call and get satisfied that his stock is the best ever brought to this market. Bulletin copy ap2 2m

TO MY OLD FRIENDS

—IN—

West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas.

HAVING accepted a permanent Agency of the ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, I would respectfully ask the attention of my friends to that Institution as a safe, certain and reliable medium through which they may assure their families against want in the event of death, or themselves from an impoverished old age in case of ill-success in life.

Mr. N. S. OTIS is associated with me and is hereby recommended to public confidence. Our office is at No. 42 Madison street, (rear room, DeSoto Block, where we will be happy to impart any needed information to those desiring Life Insurance.

ap23 3m J. H. McMAHON.

PLANTERS' BANK NOTES.

IN accordance with an Act of the Legislature of Tennessee, passed December 12th, 1866, entitled an act "To expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks, which have or may make assignments among their creditors," notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of The Planters' Bank of Tennessee to file them with the undersigned, at the Bank in Nashville, between now and the first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, (1869), and receive certificates therefor, or they will be forever barred from any participation in the assets of the Bank. The certificates will be received AT PAR in payment of debts due the Bank, whether tendered before or after the 1st of January, 1869. D. WEAVER, ap15 3m Trustee.

MRS. EMILY E. PERKINS

WILL OPEN, ON MONDAY MORNING, the 22d of April,

A SELECT SCHOOL

for Girls and small Boys, at the Vestry Room of Calvary Church. By permission, she refers to Rev. Dr. G. WHITE, Memphis, Tenn.,
ISER MILLER, "
Col. J. H. McMAHON, "
Chancellor T. R. SMITH, "
ROLFE SAUNDERS, "
Hon. EMERSON ETHERIDGE, Memphis, Tenn.
apl8 1w

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Union and DeSoto Street Market.

I wish to announce to the citizens in my neighborhood, that I am prepared to furnish them

WITH THE BEST MEATS

this market affords, as well as FRESH VEGETABLES AND ICE DAILY, at market rates, at my Depot, corner of Union and DeSoto streets, from 4 a.m. to 9 p.m. throughout the season.

Ice furnished every day throughout the year at same rates as the other city depots.

apl8 1m ED. HAMPSHIRE.

FOR SALE.

THE large assortment of Agricultural Implements, Wagons, etc., at 298 Front street, late Lewis, Mathews & Co., are for sale, AT COST, for the benefit of the trust. H. L. BOWEN, Trustee. Memphis, Tenn., April 2, 1867. apl2 1m

F. STITH,

Architect and Engineer,

Irving Block, Third Floor, North Stairway. mh3-dawtf

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Express	2:30 a.m.	7 a.m.
Mail	2:30 p.m.	6:10 p.m.
Somerville Accommodat'n	8:00 a.m.	3:40 p.m.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE:	DEPART:
New Orleans Express	9:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Batesville Accomo'n	10:45 "	2:15 "

feb24 C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

Notice.

The public are hereby notified not to pay to any one any bills due THE APPEAL, for advertising since January 31st, unless they have written authority from me. JOHN AINSLIE, Cashier and Manager.

To the Patrons of the Appeal.

You are requested not to pay any carriers without a certificate from me, and to report at the counting desk any irregularity in carriers. L. DAVIES.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL

The carriers will be around this morning to collect their weekly dues. We hope you will be ready with your *quarters*, as they will then be able to settle with the office. Further, we hope you will, for the carriers' convenience, erect boxes at your gates, or cut holes in your doors, that the papers may be placed so that none but yourselves can get them, as Memphis is now infested with paper thieves.

ILLNESS OF BISHOP EARLY.—The many friends of this venerable and beloved prelate will regret to learn he has been seriously ill, at Nashville, for the past week.

THE SIDEWALKS.—The sergeant-at-arms reported the names of seven householders who had failed to lay the sidewalks as the city ordinances required. If they do not comply with the law compulsory measures may be put in force.

REPAIRING.—We are glad to notice that the street commissioner is engaged in repairing the streets, and that Union has not escaped his notice. One hundred cart loads deposited in front of the Methodist church has made a wonderful difference.

ST. LAZARUS CHURCH.—A sermon will be preached to-night at St. Lazarus church on the preparation necessary for those who desire to be confirmed. The sermon will be valuable to those desiring to participate in the rite.

PHONOGRAPHY.—Mr. Reuben Daily, the short-hand writer, desires us to state that he will be at the Chancery courtroom, on Tuesday night next, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of forming a class in phonography.

BASE BALL.—The secretary of the "Enterprise" base ball club, Mr. H. Boudinot, requests that the members of the club will attend the regular meeting this evening at eight o'clock, "without fail."

YESTERDAY.—Friday has always been considered an unlucky day in many respects. We found it so in our case, as local items were more than usually dull. The magistrate's courts were devoid of interest, and even John C. Creighton had nary a case. This state of things argues well for the morality of the city, and it is to be hoped that it may be of long endurance.

BEER.—Information was given yesterday at the first district police office that the driver of dray No. 286 had failed to deliver six barrels of beer to Mr. Mentyes, on the corner of Fourth and Poplar streets, and instructions given for his arrest. Anybody that would "rob a man of his beer" in this dry and dusty season deserves to suffer.

TEMPERANCE.—The following named delegates left Thursday night for Trenton, Tenn., to attend the quarterly session of the grand division of the Sons of Temperance of the state of Tennessee, viz: Messrs. J. C. Eyrich, J. F. Seay, W. T. Hastings and J. M. Boon, of Bluff City Division No. 11; T. H. Cocke and J. V. Powell, of Division No. 80; Dr. J. O'Rielly and W. J. B. Lonsdale, of Division No. 48; and O. R. Coghlan and John W. Graham, of Division No. 45.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—A full house was in attendance last night at this theater to show their appreciation of the many good qualities of Chris. Steinkuhl. He deserved a good benefit and he got it. To-night Miss Lewellyn takes a benefit, when we hope to see the house crowded. The acting of this lady should give her a good testimonial from our play-goers. The play to-night will be *The Flower Girl of Wales*, when Miss Lewellyn will take the leading part.

THE ART JOURNAL.—This magazine, published monthly in London, is now giving in each number over one hundred fine steel engravings of the French exposition, and will continue to do so until all of the most prominent articles, together with the buildings and grounds, shall have been represented. Messrs. Emmons & Son, No. 10 Jefferson street, now have specimen copies on exhibition, and will procure the magazine for all who signify their desire to obtain it, by leaving their names with those gentlemen. Price one dollar and fifty cents per copy.

PATHFINDER HAS GONE—PEACE TO HIS ASHES.—We deeply regret having to chronicle the death of this noble animal. Having seen him upon the day of his arrival from Canada, we thought we had never gazed upon as fine a form as this horse displayed. Symmetrically and beautifully proportioned in every respect, he was certainly the finest stallion which ever visited the south. On Sunday he received a kick breaking his fore leg above the knee, and though every effort was made to save him it proved of no avail, but grew worse, so that on Wednesday morning he died. This is a great loss, not only to Mr. Watkins, but to the community at large, who are indebted to him for his effort to thus improve the stock of this country.

PICKPOCKETS.—These gentry, of whom a large number must be in our city at the present time, continue daily to practice their unlawful calling, regardless of the occasion. Yesterday evening, as a car mostly filled with ladies (who were returning from Elmwood) was passing up Beal street, two ladies discovered that their pocket-books had been stolen. The total loss amounted to about sixty dollars. Two females, who it is suspected done the deed, left the car and took a backward track. They have been suspected for some time, and are closely watched. We hope they (if guilty) may be brought to justice ere long.

THE LAND WE LOVE.—This already vastly popular magazine, edited by that sterling soldier and christian gentleman Gen. D. H. Hill, makes its appearance in a new and far more attractive dress than heretofore, and from a cursory examination of the May number, we believe the contents are as much improved as in the exterior. It is worthy the patronage, and should receive the most liberal support of our people, no less for its intrinsic worth than because its editor is one who deserves well of his countrymen. Send three dollars to the publishers at Charlotte, N. C., and receive in return, for a whole year, twice the value of the money in select family reading, not only entirely free from any harmful matter, but calculated in every line to elevate, instruct and pleasingly amuse all classes of readers.

We will sell this morning, at ten o'clock, at our salesroom, a fine gold hunting English patent lever watch, and a lot of tools, etc. Sale for account of administrator. ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & Co., Auct'rs.

Brown's Bronchial Troches clear and give strength to the voice of singers, and are indispensable to public speakers. "I recommend their use to public speakers." REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

"They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease." T. DUCHARME, Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.

Sold by all dealers in medicines.

CEREMONIES AT ELMWOOD YESTERDAY.

An Oration and Recitation.

A Large Concourse of People Present.

Interesting Speeches, Etc., Etc.

The annual ceremony of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead buried at Elmwood cemetery, took place yesterday morning. The cemetery was visited by a large number of persons of all ages and sexes, and it may be safely estimated that upwards of five thousand people were present at the cemetery yesterday morning, where the ceremonies took place, the cars running were well filled on every trip. Hacks and omnibuses found plenty of business. The number of people surging to and fro was wonderful. But to the cemetery—this beautiful resting place of the dead—where lie the remains of hundreds of confederate soldiers, was visited by the mothers, wives, sisters and friends of the noble dead, who decorated the graves of the known and unknown in a most beautiful manner, with flowers most rare tied with white ribbons, the emblem of purity. To give a description of the various scenes, is an inviting field, but the space at our disposal forbids our writing it out, however much we may desire to publish it. About eleven o'clock, a large crowd having assembled in the vicinity of the stand, prayer was offered by Dr. J. H. Allen. Col. Jno. S. Kerr, the marshal of the day, in introducing the orators, Rev. S. H. Ford, spoke as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen: Twelve months ago many hundreds came to this hallowed spot for the purpose of paying that tribute to the memory of the gallant and patriotic dead, which is time honored in its custom among all christian countries; and if the spirits of the departed are permitted to mingle with their living friends—a faith most precious to many an aching heart—oh! how must not those who repose here recognize the sublimest honors in this vast multitude, in which the man of God, who has left his sacred desk, the lawyer who has laid away his books and his papers, the professor and his pupil, the physician who has left the bedside of his patient, the editor his tripod, the husbandman his field, the mechanic his work-bench, and the merchant his traffic to mingle with these noble mothers and fair daughters of the South in this grand and spontaneous heart offering to the sacred pledges to honor and to patriotism which molder in these humble graves, when an hundred generations shall have come and passed away this spot will be still hallowed, and this day, as it comes with every recurring twelve months, sacred. These dead require no Lucitus or Livy to rescue their memory from oblivion, nor Homer, nor Virgil to sing their praise; no brazen entablatures to tell of their exploits, nor lofty column to perpetuate the fame of their patriotic devotion. Their history will be written in the tears of these Rachels, and their memory embalmed in the hearts of as noble a people as ever struggled for liberty. And when the stark and deformed ghoul of malice, of hate and of vengeance shall have sunk to its abode, and the beautiful sentiment of charity, of magnanimity and of love shall arise and spread its benign influence like some sweet incense borne upon the morning's pure breeze, then will many other hundreds come here to tender a willing tribute to departed worth, who to-day look not with approval upon this chaste and solemn ceremony. This is an established, a perpetual custom now among the people of the south, and no power on earth can abolish it, even if there could be imagined any vile enough to meditate such an unnatural and nefarious purpose. In vain may the conceited and imperious Canute, as he sits upon his throne upon the far-spreading sea beach, command the waves of the grand old ocean to leap their appointed bounds and spread themselves at his feet. Canute may go to the sea, but the sea will never come to him. Men may learn to respect the devotion of the southern heart to its dead, but the southern heart will never yield that devotion till it yields its life. So long as the great river of waters laves the foot of our bluffs; so long as the winds of heaven shall wail their solemn dirge through the boughs of these forest oaks, so long as flowers open their lips to the kisses of the morning dews; so long as woman smiles approvingly upon knightly gallantry, and man bows a devotee at the shrine of woman's virtue, so long will these lowly graves be bedecked every 26th of April with fresh garlands of beauty and of fragrance. We are told the ancients worshiped their god of honor in a temple, which was placed in rear of one devoted to the adoration of the divinity of virtue, so that none could make their offerings to honor without first being virtuous. Let us, in one regard, imitate these pagans in such future graves as may be thought worthy these sacred precincts; teach the living that virtuous acts alone can purchase honorable sepulture. But I have forgotten the highly honorable but less distinguished position assigned me by the ladies upon this interesting occasion, and myself seduced from the straight line of my duties by the tempting field so invitingly spread before my thoughts, and will now proceed to introduce to you the orator of the day, the Rev. S. H. Ford, LL. D., a scholar and a christian patriot! And who more appropriate than he, who shared the perils of battle, the fatigues of the march, and the privations of camp with these loved ones, waited and prayed by their dying couch, and closed the eyes of many, to offer that meed to their memory which his philanthropic heart will never shrink from paying.

Dr. Ford then delivered the oration, a synopsis of which we publish, regretting that our space forbids a more extended report of his admirable address.

When the Beauty of Israel (Saul) was slain on the high places, David took up the lamentation, "The Beauty of Israel. Ye mountains of Gilboa, let there be no dew, neither let there be rain upon you, nor fields of offering, for there the shield of the mighty was vilely cast away. From the blood of the slain, from the fat of the mighty, the bow of Jonathan turned not back, the sword of Saul turned not empty away. Ye daughters of Israel weep for Saul. How are the mighty fallen and the weapons of war perished." If the fall of a rival and an enemy could bring from the great heart of the warrior-king these strains of mournful melody, if the hero of Judah with such inimitable pathos consecrated the memory of one who had chased him as a partridge on the mountains, shall not we then observe a custom in harmony with the noblest and purest sentiments and sympathies of all climes and all ages of the world, in perpetuating the memory of brothers, fathers and friends, who fell while standing as a wall of blazing fire in our front. Should we not cherish in grateful recollection their lives and their deaths? Beats there a heart so dead to all that is beautiful and noble in human nature, as not to be affected by such sweet tokens of reverence and love? Does the being live who can envy us the sad luxury of sorrow and the melancholy joy which the poor heart feels in holding converse with the loved and honored dead? Imagine an humble grave in the valley of Virginia, with a simple stone telling the name of the hero of an hundred battlefields of the Shenandoah and Rappahannock. There stands leaning against that headstone, a venerable man, silent, sad and tearful. It is Robert E. Lee at the grave of Stonewall Jackson. Look at that scene. Is there a man of our clime who would break in upon that silence? who would interrupt those meditations? Could there be a sublimer or more impressive picture presented to us of any great event of modern times? Will humanity ever be so lost to all that is great and good and noble, as to cease to revere the memory of either of those distinguished heroes and patriots? Williams and Preston, the compatriots of Jackson, sleep here beneath these mounds, and those who followed the tattered banner, till Lee and Johnson furled it forever, come to shed a tear over their fate and their fall. But with this sorrow there mingles no bitterness, and o'er it broods no spirit of vengeance. Our dead heroes come not back like the ghost of Hamlet inciting revenge. No Ulysses demands the beautiful Polyxenia, that the son of Achilles might offer her a bleeding sacrifice to appease his father's manes. We leave this spirit to the cruel superstition of a past age, or the more cruel fanaticism of the present, most vengeful thirst for blood no slaughter can satisfy, and whose heartless hatred no humiliation, no ruin can appease. With us the conflict has passed, its issues have been decided, and however much we may feel the humiliation of our condition, yet we accept the arbitrament and seek no appeal; and though we mourn the loss of our brethren and look around with sadness on the darkness of the hour, we can truly say it is the subdued tenderness and regret, for the lost cause we thought was right and the friends who stood by it, subdued if not repentant, reconciled if not changed. It is to us the shadowy evening of a bright day, of which the poet has said:

> "Even as the tenderness that hour distills,
> When summer's day declines along the hills,
> So feels the fullness of our heart and eyes,
> When all of genius, that can perish, dies."

Such is the character of our sorrow, and such is the true key by which to interpret our regard for the memories of our fallen braves. We know they fought heroically in the full consciousness of rights. To show this, is to vindicate their memory, and to justify our grateful remembrance.

Courage has ever been esteemed by all tribes in all ages. The heart instinctively warms to admiration as it contemplates deeds of chivalry or heroic endurance. Theseus, the ancestral king of Athens, received for centuries the heroic worship of his countrymen for his youthful exploits, and his victory over Taurus in the labyrinth of Minos, and such was the reverence for his memory and the influence of his example, that his phantom form was seen by the eye of enthusiasm in the forefront of the Athenian army at Marathon, sweeping down the countless hosts of the Persians. But true courage must be measured by the motive which prompted it, and the circumstances under which it is exercised. Mere insensibility to physical danger, desperate daring without lofty aim or manly motive; mere love of excitement or adventure, thirst for glory, ambition for the "bubble reputation," or visions of power, or the gratification of national pride or hate, these strip the attribute of real virtue and of all true greatness. The courage and daring of Arnold beneath a foreign flag only emblazoned his infamy; and devotion to his memory, were it possible, would be sacrilege. But, on the other hand, when courage is drawn forth by principle, and the hero, to sustain that principle against real or supposed subversion or aggression, braves alike the carnage of the battle-field, the solitude of the bastile, or the ignominy of the scaffold, it invests the character with the brightest glory, and lifts the possessor to the highest pinnacle of human virtue. Those in all ages who have displayed such courage have received the hero's crown, have been renowned by poetic story and have been held up as models for the imitation of future generations. Now if such courage prompted by exalted principle and sustained by a sense of right bore our heroes on through weariness and privation, through battle storms, imprisonment and death, then, they too, are worthy to receive our plaudits; to live in memory and in song, and though their resting place be unknown, yet their names should be entablatured in marble or in brass, or at least engraven forever on the hearts of their countrymen. To attempt to prove or even illustrate their daring, their endurance, their constancy, or their fortitude, were altogether gratuitous. Their deeds have spoken and the world has heard and paused in admiration. Those deeds still speak in tones that can never die. Listening to them as they ring through the earth, your speaker is silent. They, not I, pronounce their eulogy to-day. Was not the courage of our dead prompted by principles of right? Did they not honestly believe that they were battling for freedom; for the independence of the states and the rights of their countrymen? We know they believed it. We should then cherish their memories, for they gave up their lives in a cause they deemed the highest and holiest of earth. The great Dr. Channing said years ago in a Boston pulpit: "It is a voluntary union; it is idle to talk of force as binding us together. Nothing can retain a member of this confederation when once resolved upon separation. The only bonds that can permanently unite us are moral ones." With these words and like sentiments coming down to us from the greatest and best men our country had ever produced, is it a wonder that in their artless honesty they believed a state had a right to choose its own political destiny? If they were wrong, it was an "error of the head and not of the heart." Those who met our braves as foemen on the fields of Shiloh, Gettysburg, or Franklin, will indulge in no epithets of opprobrium to cloud their memory. They know they encountered men, and not criminals. They know that such lofty courage as they displayed could be sustained only by principle. The brave love to honor the brave. Epithets and insults are not the weapons of the warriors who won the battles of the union. It is only from the lips of men of cold and cruel hearts, or of vengeful souls, that insults to the memory of our honored dead so flippantly and constantly fall—men who never met them on the field of strife, but feel safe in insulting a fallen foe. Blame us not for mourning the loss of our brothers and kinsmen; charge us not with folly for cherishing their memory and honoring their names as heroes and patriots.

At the conclusion of the oration, Col. Kerr stated that the magnificent boquet which he then held in his hand, had been presented by Mr. Phillips, the efficient superintendent of the cemetery, to be broken and distributed upon the graves. Little Cora Johnston was then introduced, and recited Carrie Belle St. Clair's Poem, entitled "The Unknown," in a manner that surprised thousands of listeners. That beautiful piece of poetry will live when the fair authoress and the recitant sleep in the silent tomb. After the recitation Col. Kerr stated that one year ago on the occasion of a like celebration two thousand one hundred dollars had been subscribed for the purpose of building a monument to the memory of our dead. Owing to certain causes the project had not been consummated, but the money was in the hands of a lady well known to all, who had it out at interest; and he suggested the idea of adding to the fund, which could be used when necessary. The suggestion was favorably received, and a committee appointed to take up the proposed collection. A considerable amount was collected, but we have not been able to ascertain the figures. In addition to Col. Kerr, the marshall, and Dr. Ford, the orator, his honor Mayor Loffland, and Dr. Pittman, occupied seats on the platform. The ceremonies, throughout, were most interesting and impressive, and recalled many scenes of a like sad nature to our memory.

THE ODD FELLOWS' CELEBRATION YESTERDAY.

The Forty-eighth Anniversary.

The Procession and Oration.

The members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows celebrated yesterday their forty-eight anniversary. The procession, which was composed of Memphis lodge No. 6, Chickasaw lodge No. 8, and Gayoso Encampment No. 3, formed at the hall corner of North Court and Main streets shortly after two o'clock, and marched as follows: Down Main street to Union, out Union to Shelby, down Shelby to Beal, out Beal to Second, up Second to Madison, down Madison to Third, up Third to Adams, out Adams to Second, up Second to the First Baptist church. On arriving at the church, the body passed in. The sanctuary was partially filled by ladies and children. "The voluntary" by Prof. Winkler, was admirably rendered, when the Rev. Dr. White, rector of Calvary church, offered up a most impressive prayer. After which the opening ode was effectively sung by the choir—a large portion of the audience joining. The Grand Sire's proclamation was then made by P. G., the Hon. W. O. Lofland, mayor of the city, which was followed by the address of the Rev. J. B. Ferguson, who spoke as follows:

Brothers of the Order of Odd Fellows, Ladies and Gentlemen—We have met together to-day, under very peculiar circumstances and surroundings, in one of the great centres of a people, who, but yesterday, in manly endeavor, and devoted self-sacrifice, risked their all in a great struggle for national independence, and who have been visited by an overwhelming and unwelcome defeat. We meet this day near fields that were but lately the lap of death, and, so to speak, the sacrificial altar upon which mad passion laid its bleeding victims, by homes blackened and deserted, and where innocence was outraged by fratricidal war. We meet not far from where want and starvation are pictured in faces wan with suffering, the victims of horrid war. But we meet now in peace, and we have grounds to realize that peace is the only protector of innocence. We meet to offer our thanks, offering them from the superabundancy of our hearts, placing them upon the common altar of humanity, the universal temple, in the trust that peace will yet resume her ancient sway, as the protecting angel of the hopes and interests of our people. We meet to give thanks—for what? For war, for its defeats, for its victories? No, for these are the terrible evidence of human passion. War in its best estate is but waste, destructive to the country's good and to man's best hopes. We can not rejoice over slain friends, ruined homes and abandoned hearth-stones. For what, then, are our thanks offered? For what is left us after passion has spent its fury; for what remains treasured by Providence in man's nature, to be brought into exercise when the storm is overpast—for our reason, our judgment, the eternal principle that allies us with God. For all these things we give thanks. By the exercise of these faculties must be settled, at last, the questions which lead to our recent strife, and which are simply further from adjustment now than they were before the great struggle began. Many well thinking men believe that some obstruction has been removed as a result, but not a single difficulty is solved, nor will be until reason and justice resume their sway. We are here as an order, to give thanks that our order has been preserved in its integrity in the midst of the ill feelings and destructive influences the war engendered. In your grand council and your lodges, as soon as the strife was lulled—and even during the prosecution of the struggle—men of the north and south, the east and the west—men even who had been opposed to each other with arms in hand, met not only without strife, but in affection as brethren. Hostile thoughts forgotten, and the flush of victory, and the agony of defeat, for the time, were unthought of. They met recognizing that military principle which binds to love and gives new impulse to amity and peace, and which distinguishes your order throughout the world. Throughout this union, in the British possessions, provinces and colonial settlements, your order meets with gratified hearts, and friendly principles this day, a happy occasion, delightful to contemplate! For the last fifty years the benefits of your noble order have been known on this continent. What changes have taken place during that period! I will indicate a few of them, for few, perhaps, even in this intelligent audience, fully realize the extent of the change. The whole cannot even be glanced at, but sufficient may be mentioned to show under what interesting circumstances we meet to-day. Half a century ago but few sails appeared on the broad lakes, or floated down the majestic river in front of you. Who thought then that the wide Atlantic would be crossed in a few days by the power of steam? It was beyond the visions of the most advanced mind. Half a century ago the telegraph was undreamed of, and the railroad was not yet a germ in human conception. In that time earth has disclosed her entrails, eager to dispense the universe of treasures there hoarded up, not for one, but for all coming generations, and has poured them out in rich abundance. Man has profited by nature's gifts, and during the period we are reviewing, it may be said—and not as a mere figure of speech—that he has learned to speak by lightning and to travel upon the wings of the wind. Congresses and parliaments have convened and dissolved; presidents have been inaugurated and kings enthroned, and have left empty their high places and passed away. During that period the most marked and signal changes occurred that have ever characterized the human career. It is something to have lived in this era; and though war came among us before its close, may we not hope that even this may, in its results, prove to be a wise ordination of Providence, and a benediction to our race? There are a few thoughts I want to place before you. The great purpose of your order is signalized by your motto: "Friendship, Love and Truth." The object each member has now before him is to contemplate, with thanksgiving, that amid the disturbing influences of the war, those principles have been preserved sweetly and harmoniously. The great feature in your order is that you seek "truth"—seek it without respect to creed, from christian or heathen; whether to be found in the gorgeous palace or the lowly hut; whether in accordance or in disagreement with accepted dictums and acceptations, or whether it come seemingly to displace the most cherished and beloved attachments we have formed. Without truth friendship is a mockery, and worse, it is a reproach! Our mission is essentially a mission of peace, and to promote it we must promote charity. Our order is founded upon the universal wants of humanity, and its blessings should be extended to all—those who seem most unworthy most require our aid. None should be exempt—it should be extended even to those who, having tasted its excellence, have withdrawn from its protecting egis, who, from inconsideration or otherways, have wandered away from your kindly influences—even to them let the tide of your beneficence flow. In your compassion for the erring, although you will not love the sin, heaven grant you may never be in the condition that will prevent you having sympathy with the sinner in his suffering, grief and shame, and bring him back to your fold. The past half year has brought to our people great social and political changes, calculated to awaken all that is noble, and God-like, and true. Emancipation has set its loosing hand upon the colored man, and to-day he stands free. Whatever may have been our past feelings, and however our present prejudices may stand, we must stretch out to them the hand of charity, giving them opportunity for development. Let us take the facts—accept the condition, and what good may we not realize? I shall not tread upon the ground of politics; I simply pause to say upon this subject, that what we have just now most to dread, is the hateful schemings of party faction, that still sits where it can dictate to and trouble our country, which, by their selfishness, is still imperiled. What we, who profess the doctrines of Odd Fellowship now need, is sincerity, truth and kindness, or we stand before the world with a profession of principles that is unworthy of confidence. We need a wider development of the capacities of our nature in art, in law, in oratory, in industry and in every other characteristic of a civilizing character, we must aid the development of incapacity. From intelligent freemen we have nothing to fear, but from the bondage of the human mind everything is to be dreaded. We have chaos to fear even in the enlightenment of this nineteenth century, amid our blazoned emblems; even before the sacred altar consecrated to Deity, we have to dread all that will desolate the hopes of man, and dread it in the degree in which we foster ignorance. Let us indulge in no vain regrets over the results of the past, nor weep useless tears over what is irrevocable—dreadful though that past may be. We must accept the facts—we will not stop to weep over the past in vain. We will encourage free labor—we will call in the benign influences of education—I mean not only school and book knowledge, but in the knowledge of all that is great and good and conducive to advancement and true civilization. This work must be done. Your order, I am of opinion, can do it better than any other means I know of. It is adopted to encourage these people, whenever the benign face of the order shows itself, by developing their powers of mind and social capacities, so that when they exercise their powers they may do it with credit to themselves and with profit to all parties. The prospect of some better condition of human society will thus be secured for a people who have been driven about by passion and troubled by harsh tempests; and who can fail to see the advantageous consequences? Do suffer me here to enter into an argument, perhaps not without utility even to such a meeting as the present one, showing the basis upon which all right is predicated. It occurs to me that even the American people, who have been a model for legislators and a study for regal governments, have been enjoying benefits whose cause they have never investigated. Let me dogmatize a moment: the tendency, natural and divine, of representative interests will inaugurate the era announced by the angels of Bethlehem of "glad tidings to all men of good will." Have you ever considered the basis upon which all government, all law and social order are predicated in a condition of civilization? It is one of the simplest principles ever announced: it is that no one man has the right to take the life or property of any other man for the sake of redressing his own grievances, whatever they may be. This is the basis of all society. When I kill a man I violate the laws of society. The basis of all government is simply that no man has a right to redress his own grievances. If it is held to be wrong for one man to take the life of another, what is it for a nation to take the life of a sister nation? Nations are but the aggregation of the individuals of which they are composed; it is therefore a fearful thing for one nation to take the life of another. We have no internationality, properly considered, and no councils constituted to adjudicate upon their lives—who then in their disputes and petulant impulses shall step in and judge between them. When your system of acting upon society is carried out among the nations, you may have a tribunal on your holy principles and benificent maxims whose decisions shall be beyond all appeal, in which arbitration, negotiation and conciliation would take the place of war and destruction, and the world would carry out the divine and glorious principles of holy charity and of the sacredness of human life, it so constantly and so loudly professes to believe. I do not complain that we have no civilization, but that we refuse to carry out its principles. Is this Utopian? A lawyer may reply to this—we have international law? Pardon me if I say your international law is a spark to set the world in a flame of war. Of all the contemptible pretenses, this one, in view of your recent reverses, is the greatest. What is then to be done to carry out our principle? If you, in your Lodges, in spite of differences of faiths, politics and pursuits, can meet in friendship, and that after being enemies to each other on the field, then all can do it. What two can do two thousand can do, two nations can do. I am not an Odd Fellow, but I can see the value of their principles. We may not defend a unity that shall be based on uniformity. This insistance on uniformity of faith, custom and modes of thought has caused endless persecutions. The stars differ—the day also from midnight. The cloud domed north from the smiling blue of the sunlit south—all is contrast. Why must we insist upon and fight for uniformity when nature sets before us the widest contrasts? It is not uniformity, but charity we want—the sympathy of the strong for the weak—the care of the mighty for the humble. Unity and diversity are the basis of all true systems. The differences that characterize various states and people must be recognized and accepted. We must construct no Procrustean bed on which every poor devil, long or short, must be cut down or stretched out so as to lie on it. Admit diversity to be a law that must be conformed to, and a principle is admitted that forwards the period when the desolations of war will everlastingly cease. As a financial expedient nothing would pay so well as settling national quarrels upon Odd Fellow principles. Our late war cost what would clothe and bountifully feed all the persons on this continent. The principle you so beautifully exhibited, even during the war, will one day be imitated in legislative halls which will legislate against the destruction—wholesale as well as retail—of human life.

Brothers, ladies and gentlemen, have we not reason to say our thanks are due to God, who amid the calamities and destructive agencies of war, and amid the most disadvantageous circumstances has preserved our association intact with principles unimpaired? Let us all be grateful that we can thus meet on this anniversary, and discuss our past perils in peace. To Him who governs all so wisely, who directs the world, we appeal, that our principles may be everywhere adopted, and their natural and inevitable results may be exemplified, and the era may come when man will exist, not to war, but to live, doing to their neighbor what they would others should do to them—when the token of their love and friendship may everywhere be diffused as the rain falls upon the just and the unjust. May heaven hear this, our prayer!

The Rev. Mr. Miller then offered up prayer, when the closing ode was sung and the benediction pronounced. The procession reformed and returned to the hall, which was beautifully decorated. The brethren and daughters of Rebecca met at half-past 7 o'clock to celebrate the rites of their lodge.

217 1-2 Main. See "Sale" column.

New Dress Goods, just received, at the New Orleans Cheap Store, 210½ Main street. ap26 3t

1500 Volumes of Law and other Books will be sold by W. H. Passmore & Co., this morning at 11 o'clock. Some of the works in this extensive library are three hundred years old.

Notice.—The train from Duval's Bluff to Little Rock will connect with the steamer Des Arc next Monday. Passengers ticketed through to Little Rock by Levy & Miller, agents, 5½ Madison street.

Beautiful Embroideries at the New Orleans cheap store, 210½ Main street. ap26 3t

217 1-2 Main. See "Sale" column.

Handsome Parasols, very cheap, at the New Orleans Cheap Store, 210½ Main street. ap26 3t

Great Reduction in Prices on Irish linens, at the New Orleans cheap store, 210½ Main street. ap26 3t

New Memphis Theatre.—"Nothing of the sort." You cannot allow yourself to be absent from *Miss Annie Llewellyn's Farewell Benefit* on Saturday evening, April 27th, when she will produce a new sensational drama, written by herself, entitled *The Flower Girl of Wales*. Secure your tickets early, to avoid disappointment in the evening. ap26 2t

Removal.—Mr. Cohen, hat renovater, has removed to 366 Second street, near Gayoso. apr26 3t

217 1-2 Main. See "Sale" column.

10-4 *Bleached Shirting* at 35 cents per yard, at the New Orleans cheap store, 210½ Main street. ap26 3t

Just Received—all the latest styles of ladies' hoopskirts, at J. G. Moffatt's. apr24 4t

Just Received, and for sale very low, a large and beautiful assortment of white goods, at the New Orleans cheap store, 210½ Main street. ap26 3t

Spring Suits made to order, at reduced prices, at Power & McGeoy's, 238 Second street. ap21 tf

Spring Suits made to order, at reduced prices, at Power & McGeoy's, 238 Second street. ap21 tf

Money Loaned by Citizens' Union Bank, on first class United States securities.

On paid up National Bank stock and shares.

On county warrants and city scrip.

On cotton, gold, silver and other valuables.

On metropolitan police commissioners' scrip.

Deposits received and interest allowed on same.

Money will not be loaned except on collateral security.

10,000 police scrip wanted, for taxes on privileges. apr14 1m

217 1-2 Main. See "Sale" column.

Coal—Bigley, Mellersh & Co., No. 52 Jefferson street, have spendid Pittsburg coal. Leave your orders. feb4-tf

McGaffey's Cotton Planters, only $25, made at 161 Madison street, by Treat & Hamilton. apl1-tf

Health is More Precious than Gold.—Dr. Petit, French physician, makes chronic diseases a specialty and guarantees cures after examination. Payable after cure. Office, 268 Main street. mch6 dawly

Kid Gloves at $1 per pair at 364 Main street. apstf H. B. WELLS.

Those who Over-tax the Voice in singing or public speaking will find "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" exceedingly useful, enabling them to endure more than ordinary exertion with comparative ease, while they render articulation clear. For throat diseases and coughs the Troches are of service.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
MEMPHIS, TENN., April 1, 1867.

$1000 REWARD.—Five hundred dollars will be paid for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of Gen. Smith P. Bankhead, who was assassinated on Saturday night last, and a like sum for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of William Ferguson, who was killed on the morning of the 18th of March.

By order of the board of Aldermen.
tf W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

The Aurora Oil.—The introduction of this oil is destined to work a great revolution in the lighting world. It possesses many advantages over all other means of light, from the fact that it is much cheaper than gas or coal oil, is free from any offensive smell, and best of all, non-explosive. We have examined it thoroughly, and without hesitation pronounce it superior to anything extant for the purposes for which it is recommended. It is also superior to turpentine for paints, oils and varnishes. The proprietors, Messrs. H. C. Dewitt & Co., have an office at 24 Madison street, but they dispose of state and county rights to manufacture only. Their patent has seventeen years to run. Territory is being sold rapidly, and parties desiring to make money will find this a good investment. Don't forget, 24 Madison street, up stairs. apr27 tf

No. 1.

THE CHINGARORA

ANTI-NERVOUS

SMOKING TOBACCO!

THE CHINGARORA TOBACCO grows from the rich soil of the "ORIENT," and is possessed of a peculiarly delicious flavor entirely unknown to the tobaccos of all other climes. But its unprecedented popularity has sprung from the fact of the entire absence of that deadly poison *Nicotin*, which permeates every other tobacco, and which is the one and sole cause of the distressing nervous diseases, dyspepsia, etc., which most invariably, sooner or later, follow the indulgence of the pipe and cigar. At the recent analyzation of tobacco from all parts of the world, at the Academy of Sciences, in Paris, the renowned chemist, M. Lamoureaux, declared that while European and American tobacco contained fully eight per cent., and the purest Havana tobacco from two to five per cent. of *Nicotin*, the CHINGARORA did not contain one discoverable particle of that deadly poison, a drop of which, extracted, will destroy life.

Our agent at BOMBAY has shipped us large quantities of the CHINGARORA during the past two years, and although we have been pressed to supply the demand for this delicious luxury to the veteran smoker, yet we are now prepared to offer it in unlimited quantities, at a price much lower than some American tobacco of a far inferior quality.

A connoisseur has but to smoke the American tobacco and cigars, which are invariably chemically flavored, to be disgusted with the medicinal taste which leaves a nauseous, unhealthy coating in the mouth, and in time seldom fails to shatter the nervous system.

The natives of the "ORIENT" smoke the CHINGARORA from morn till night, from youth to age, and are happy unconscious of the wild, distressing dreams which courses through the veins of the inhaler of the fumes of tobacco containing *Nicotin*.

We invite every lover of the weed to try the CHINGARORA, and guarantee unprecedented pleasure in its delicious flavor.

Sold everywhere at $1 a pound.

EDWIN M. COOK & CO.,

Sole Agents and Importers of the CHINGARORA TOBACCO for the United States and Canadas, and Dealers in all kinds of

Havana and American Cigars and Tobaccos,

MAIN DEPOT,

197 Duane street, New York.

ap23 3tawd-awtf

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn. T. T. Green, Jno. W. Ward, et al., vs. D. M. Fitts and W. L. Fitts.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants D. M. Fitts and W. L. Fitts are residents of the State of Mississippi and non-residents of the state of Tennessee;

It is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1867, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Logwood & Peyton, attorneys for complainants.
March 30, 1867. mh31 1aw4w

STEAMBOATS.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Memphis and Evansville Weekly Packet.
For New Madrid, Columbus, Cairo and Evansville.
MARY SWAN............Hukill master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents, Corner Main and Madison sts., or
a 27 1t City Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet.
For Cairo and Louisville.
LEGAL TENDER............E. E. Twomey, master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
ap27 1t W. JAY JOHNSON, Agent, Star Wharfboat.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet.
For Cairo and Louisville.
LEGAL TENDER............E. E. Twomey, master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
THIS DAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., agents, Corner Main and Madison sts., or
ap27 1t City Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Dean Line.
For Cairo, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati.
MINNEOLA............W. B. Miller master
This swift running steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
ap27 1t JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., 12 Jefferson street.

FOR CAIRO.

Memphis and Cairo Packet.
For Cairo and all Way Points.
GEN. QUITMAN............J. M. White master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above
SUNDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.
ap27 2t W. JAY JOHNSON, Agent, Star Wharfboat.

Memphis and Cairo Packet.
For Cairo and all Way Points.
GEN. QUITMAN............J. M. White master
This fine passenger packet leaves for the above
SUNDAY, 28th inst, at 5 p.m.
ap27 2t LEVY & MILLER, Agents, 5½ Madison street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Regular Memphis and St. Louis Packet.
For Cairo and St. Louis.
MARBLE CITY............Tschudi master
This splendid steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 25th inst., at 5 p.m.
ap27 1t FLEM CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Regular Memphis and White River Saturday Packet.
For Helena, Friar's Point, Duvall's Bluff, Little Rock, Augusta, Des Arc and Jacksonport.
Positively connecting at Duvall's Bluff with train for Little Rock.
DES ARC............Elliott master
This fast and commodious steamer will leave as above on
SATURDAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
ap26 2t LEVY & MILLER, Agents, 5½ Madison street

Regular Memphis and White River Saturday Packet.
For Duvall's Bluff, Little Rock, West Point, Searcy, Augusta and Jacksonport.
Positively connecting at Duvall's Bluff with train for Little Rock.
DES ARC............Elliott master
This splendid packet will leave as above
SATURDAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents, Corner Main and Madison sts., or
ap26 2t City Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company.
For Helena, Napoleon, Pine Bluff and Little Rock.
CELESTE............Reese Pritchard master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THIS DAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
ap27 1t W. JAY JOHNSON, Agent, Star Wharfboat.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet.
For Pine Bluff and Little Rock.
CELESTE............Reese Pritchard master
This elegant passenger packet will leave
THIS DAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
JAMES T. BOURNE & CO. Agents,
ap27 1t No. 12 Jefferson street.

Regular Memphis and Fort Smith Packet.
For Helena, Napoleon Pine Bluff, Little Rock and Fort Smith.
W. A. CALDWELL............Woodburn master
This elegant steamer will leave for the above on
SATURDAY, 27th April at 5 p.m.
ap26 2t LEVY & MILLER, agents No. 5½ Madison street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Railroad Line.
Regular New Orleans Packet.
For Vicksburg and New Orleans.
GREAT REPUBLIC............Donaldson master
This new and magnificent low-pressure steamer will leave
SATURDAY, 27th inst., at 12 m.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., Agents, Corner Main and Madison sts.,
ap26 2t or Wharfboat foot Monroe st.

Memphis and New Orleans Line.
For Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans.
The magnificent steamers
ROBT. E. LEE AND GEN. QUITMAN,
Will leave Memphis as above on every alternate WEDNESDAY at 10 o'clock m., positively.
mh31 tf SAM. H. SHOCK, Passenger Agent.

FOR OSCEOLA.

Regular Packet.
For Randolph, Fulton and Osceola.
VICTOR NO. 2, House master Gresham clerk
This elegant and swift steamer will leave Memphis regularly every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply on board.
apl2 1m

Regular St. Louis Memphis and Vicksburg Packet.

The splendid side wheel passenger steamer

RUBICON,

Captain WM. H. BLAKE,

Having entered the trade permanently, will leave Memphis for Vicksburg on alternate Fridays at 10 o'clock a.m.

Leave Memphis for St. Louis on alternate Thursdays at 10 o'clock a.m.

Taking freight and passengers for all way and plantation landings.

Passengers and shippers patronizing this packet will find their business promptly attended to, and her charges moderate.

Freights received at all times on City Wharfboat, foot of Monroe street.

LARRY HARMSTAD & Co., Agents, Corner Main and Madison streets, or
ap2 City Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

Cotton Planters at $25.

Only $7 for Cotton Scrapers.

TREAT & HAMILTON,

161 Madison street.

apl 3dawlm

AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE

—OF—

W. WYATT,

No. 11 1-2 Union street.

PLOWS, of all kinds; WAGONS, of all kinds and sizes; STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, all sizes. Also, Circular Saws, Drag Saws, wheelbarrows, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers and Washing Machines and Wringers.
feb9 3m mh24 ap9

C. H. BRACKETT & CO.,

Crescent Livery, Auction and

SALE STABLES.

THE finest Harness Buggies and Carriages for hire.

Auction Sales Every Day at 10 O'Clock.

Special attention paid to the unloading of Stock from Steamboats and Cars.

YARD ROOM furnished with or without feed.
oct23 tf ap2 BOB CAYCE, Auctioneer.

GRAHAM, LONGACRE & CO.,

MADISON, IND.,

MANUFACTURERS of Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Shafts, Bows, Poles, and all descriptions of Wood Work for Carriages and Wagons, which we sell as low as any other establishment making same quality of goods. Send for Price List. ap21m

Attachment Suit.

John W. Harris vs. W. J. Drake.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause, and attachment having been issued against the estate of the defendant, W. J. Drake, upon the ground of his privately removing himself from the county, and it having been returned levied, etc.

It is therefore ordered, That said defendant enter his appearance on or before the 25th day of May, 1867, to plead, answer or demur to the said plaintiff's complaint, or the same will be taken for confessed and the case set for trial ex parte. And that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis APPEAL.

April 15, 1867. JOHN T. DOUGLAS, J. P.
ap17 1aw4w

Attachment Notice.

Before John C. Creighton, J. P.

Joseph Wolf vs. W. K. Vance.

THE defendant in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against him upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee and the case set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 4th day of May, 1867, when and where he can appear and defend said suit or the same will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal.

JOHN C. CREIGHTON, J. P.
Memphis, April 4, 1867. ap4 1aw4w

Attachment Notice.

Before S. A. Moore, J. P.

Anderson, Williams & Co. vs. Street & Martin.

THE defendants in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been sued out against them upon the grounds that they are non residents of the State of Tennessee, and the same set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 13th day of May, 1867, when and where they can appear and defend said suit or the same will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal.

Memphis, April 13, 1867. S. A. MOORE, J. P.
1aw4w

The House Furnishing Establishment

—OF—

JOHN A. DICKINSON,

256 Second Street, Irving Block.

I AM prepared at all times to furnish HOTELS, STEAMBOATS and PRIVATE RESIDENCES complete, and offer unusual inducements to parties furnishing. I am receiving daily all the new styles in

FURNITURE, CARPETS, MATTRESSES,

OIL CLOTHS,

CURTAINS AND SHADES,

COMFORTS AND SHEETS,

SCHOOL DESKS MADE TO ORDER.

Our Terms are Cash----One Price----No Deviation.

feb27 3m

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

CORNER FRONT AND JEFFERSON STREETS,

D. BRYSON,

apl2 6m Proprietor.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

MACK BROTHERS & BOHM,

NO. 261 MAIN STREET,

Have just received a complete new and elegant stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

—CONSISTING OF—

CALICOES, DOMESTICS, SHEETINGS, OSNABURGS, STRIPES,

DRILLS, TICKS, Etc., Etc.

OUR STOCK OF DRESS GOODS

is the most complete and best selected in the city, being entirely new, of the most elegant Material and Latest Styles.

A MAGNIFICENT NEW STOCK OF SILKS,

all Shades Irish Poplins, Check and Figured French Poplins, etc. A full line of Irish Linens and White Goods. We have just opened a large assortment of CLOAKS, latest French style of BASQUES and SAQUES, Etc. Also, a large variety of

REAL BRUSSELS AND SPANISH LACE POINTS.

A large variety of Notions and Dress Trimmings, etc. A complete stock of Hosiery and Gloves, etc. Miles' and Kings' best custom trade Shoes, to which we invite the particular attention of all buyers.

mh31 3mo **MACK BROS. & BOHM, 261 Main Street.**

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,

Having just received a Large Stock from the recent CHEAP SALES IN NEW YORK, we are now enabled to sell at REDUCED PRICES.

We would call especial attention to our LARGE STOCK of

WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES

just received, such as Plain, Striped and Plaid JACONET SWISS and NAINSOOK, India and Swiss MULL, Plain and Beautiful Figured MARSEILLES, Soft finished JACONET and CAMBRIC, English LONG CLOTH, White Percales, Etc., Etc., which we are enabled to sell at much LOWER PRICES than they have heretofore been sold in THIS MARKET.

NEW STYLE HOOP SKIRTS!

A full line of HOSIERY, NOTIONS, LACES RIBBONS, and all Styles of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS.

A LARGE STOCK OF BEAUTIFUL INFANT ROBES AND WAISTS.

And a great variety of TOILET QUILTS will be sold at least THIRTY PER CENT. below Regular Rates.

THE GENUINE ALEXANDRE KID GLOVES.

We would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies to our BEAUTIFUL assortment of NEW

DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Poplins, Alapaccas, Grenadines, Challie, Organdies, Printed Jaconet, Pure Linen Lawns, and beautiful Goods for Evening Dresses; Black Silks for Dresses and Cloaks, with the latest style of Trimming for same.

We shall constantly receive the handsomest styles of CALICOES in the market; also, a large and complete stock of

STAPLE DRY GOODS

—AND—

A Full Line of Planters' Goods.

☞ To Merchants buying for Cash or city acceptance, we will sell at a small advance on Eastern Prices.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,

apl4 1m **Corner Main and Jefferson.**

E. ROBBINS & BRADLEY,

223 Second Street, Adams' Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

HARDWARE.

Sole Agents for

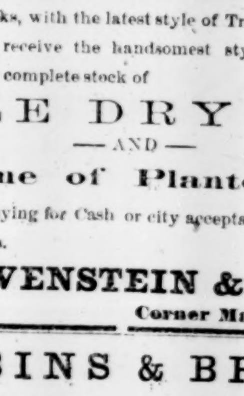
Best U. S. Standard

Counter, Platform and Dormant Scales,

apl0 1m *MANUFACTURED AT BUFFALO N. Y.*

S. C. TOOF, PROPRIETOR,

FRANKLIN



FINE WORK.

LOW PRICES.

15 Court Street.

JOB PRINTING HOUSE,

Competition is the Life of Trade!

FURNITURE AND CARPETS FOR CASH!

AMES, BEATTIE & JONES,

Successors to

Ames, Woodbury & Jones,

WILL SELL

FURNITURE AND CARPETS AT PANIC PRICES!

Buy Nowhere Else Before Examining Our Stock and Prices.

Merchants will find our Stock Complete. Send in your Orders.

AMES, BEATTIE & JONES,

No. 392 Main Street, Gayoso Block.

N. B. Lot of Pianos for Sale Cheap.

mh23-7 3m

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

For the Memphis Appeal.]

THE LONG AGO.

BY CARRIE BELL SINCLAIR.

There's a beautiful isle in the Long Ago,
All flooded with golden light;
And a river that glides by the magic shore,
Whose waters are wondrous bright!
And a bark that moves with snowy sails,
And the music of silver oar,
That carries us back to the shining gates
Of that beautiful Past once more!
And every heart holds some sweet dream
Of a beautiful Long Ago!

There were bright hopes nursed in that Long Ago,
Fair flowers have perished there;
And the walls of the beautiful Past is hung
With pictures bright and fair;
And oh! there is room for our feet to tread
The path of these by-gone years!
There are joys that bloom in Memory's field,
And a fount for our bitter tears—
And that fount is filled with the hallowed tears
We wept in that Long ago!

There are happy dreams the heart holds dear,
Sweet dreams of the Long Ago!
And sacred tears for the perished joys
That will return no more;
And thus in the tangled web of life
We weave our smiles and tears,
And cling to the holy memories
That hang round departed years!
Ah! drop the silken curtain now
Of the beautiful Long Ago!

Shut out the light of those vanished years,
Close the door of the Past again,
And hush the yearning thoughts that rise
To give the bosom pain;—
Ah! roll the heavy stone against
That sepulchre—the Heart!
Why should these buried forms again
To life and beauty start?
The Future may hold some dream as bright
As those of the Long Ago!

AUGUSTA, GA.

For the Memphis Appeal.]

THE HAUNTING FACE.

When, with the grandeur of a conqueror,
The glorious sun assumes his daily place,
'Mid the dim shadows vanishing before,
I see an angel face.

When, at high noon, engirt with golden bars,
The King of Day has half-way run his race,
In the blue heavens, 'mid the vanished stars,
I see that angel face.

Far in the silent, sombre mists of night,
Wreathing their magic folds with stately grace,
Beneath the pale moon's tender mystic light,
I see the angel face.

Deep in the darkness of the midnight hour,
No form or substance visible I trace,
But brightly shining with a heavenly power,
I see that angel face.

In the hot city, by the winding stream,
In cool, dark forests, when alone I stray,
Like the charmed visions of a happy dream,
Her presence leads the way.

Awake, in dreams, by day, by night the same,
Upon the busy street, in crowds, alone,
The soft winds whisper lovingly her name,
Her presence cheers me on.

Time has grown weary, and the year is old,
My heart with earthly care is heavy press'd,
But where *she* is, before the Throne of Gold,
Beyond the grave, is *rest*.

Oh, Fate! oh, Heaven! let the years be few
That interpose between that rest and me!
"As the rich sunshine drinketh up the dew,"
So may my short life be.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

A. L. KIMBRO, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, Southeast Corner Main and Union Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Office Hours, from 6 to 8 a.m. and 2 to 4 and 8 to 10 p.m.
REFERENCES—His success during the past 20 years. ap14 sm

Dr. R. L. BUTT.
Office, No. 33 Madison Street.
Memphis, - - Tennessee.
Residence. No 201 Monroe street. mh12 3m

DR. G. W. LAWRENCE,
RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,
Hot Springs, - Arkansas.
mh19 3m

DR. D. J. O'REILLY,
(Late of Louisville, Ky.,)
HAVING determined to locate permanently in this city, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Memphis. Office over Jehle's store, west side of Main street, No. 279½, between Madison and Court sts. feb2 3m

MRS D. C. EVANS,
FORMERLY of Louisville, Ky., more recently of the Healing Institute, New Albany, Ind., assisted by her husband, Dr. J. M. EVANS, desires to inform her friends and the public that she has taken
ROOMS AT THE OVERTON HOTEL,
And is prepared to diagnose and cure all kinds of Diseases, especially those of a Chronic character. Mrs. EVANS will diagnose all cases without making inquiry of the patients, giving symptoms, cause and effect, in a manner so satisfactory as to leave no doubt in the mind of the applicant. In the treatment of disease she discards the use of all mineral medicines, using only that which is purely Botanic, together with Magnetism, Electricity and Cold Water.
Mrs. E. gives special attention to Ladies and diseases to which they are subject.

REFERENCES.
Capt. Wm. Holcroft, steamer Louisiana; Capt. John S. Richey, New Albany; John Loughmiller, New Albany; W. J. Johnson, wharf-boat, Memphis, Tenn.; J. B. Martin, Eminence, Ky.; W. Guthrie, Cropper's Depot, Ky.; J. R. Parker, office L. N. A. & C. R. R.; John Hancock, county commissioner, Floyd county; Col. Wm. Budd, New Albany; John Tie, office L. N. A. & C. R. R.; W. C. Crane, hardware merchant, New Albany; W. E. Grove, (Beatly & Grove), New Albany; Mrs. Judge Laird, Rockport, Ind.; John W. Childs, Greencastle, Ind.; J. H. Burton, Elizabeth, Harrison county, Ind.; Jonathan M. May, Bloomington, Ind. feb27-2m.

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
HAS Removed his Office and Residence to
No. 225 Main Street,
Near the Worsham House.
ap6 d&w1y

DR. A. WESSON,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 254 Second Street,
Irving Block.
feb28 1y

LAWYERS.

JOHN BULLOCK. VAN A. W. ANDERSON.
BULLOCK & ANDERSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 340 Second street, Opposite Greenlaw Opera House, Memphis, Tenn. feb17 3m

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.
L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh3 tf

BARBOUR LEWIS. WILLIAM CRAIG.
LEWIS & CRAIG,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Stillman Block, No. 280 Second street, North of Madison, Memphis, Tennessee.
M. T. Williamson will be found at the above. mh12 6m

C. C. CUMMINGS,
LAWYER,
Rear of No. 278 Second Street,
No. 3 Court Place,
feb28 3m Memphis, Tenn.

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee. feb28 3m

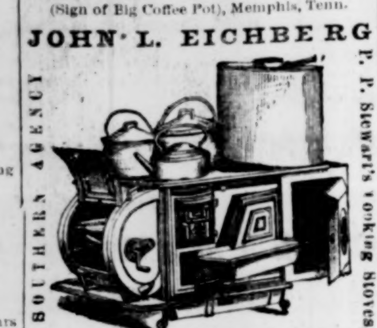
GEO. E. STAHL,
Attorney at Law,
No. 270 Second Street,
Opp. Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.
feb18 3m

R. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.
DIXON & PERCY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec15 1y

A. H. ISAACSON. H. O. SEIXAS
ISAACSON, SEIXAS & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
—AND—
IMPORTERS,
No. 66 Common Street,
NEW ORLEANS.
PARTICULAR attention given to the purchase of Coffee, Sugar and Molasses.
REFERENCES:
Commercial Bank of Tennessee, Memphis; Pike, Lapeyre & Brother, New Orleans; E. M. Runyan, Banker, St. Louis. feb23 tf

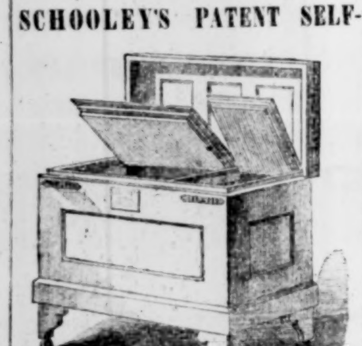
HARDWARE.

Charter Stove Emporium
[ESTABLISHED IN 1859.]
191 Main Street, Corner of Washington,
(Sign of Big Coffee Pot), Memphis, Tenn.
JOHN L. EICHBERG



Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Stoves, Grates, Hollow Ware,
CUTLERY, HARDWARE,
Housekeepers' Goods and Tinners' Stock
Manufacturer of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, Roofing and Guttering, at the Lowest Cash Prices. mh24 3m

AGENCY FOR
SCHOOLEY'S PATENT SELF-



VENTILATING REFRIGERATORS
THE undersigned informs his friends and the public that the immense success the above named Refrigerators meet with in this market, induced the manufacturer to REDUCE THEM IN PRICE, to enable every family to the comforts of Fresh Meats and Victuals during the hot season.
Send for circular, and call and examine my extensive stock at manufacturer's prices, freight only added, at the CHARTER STOVE EMPORIUM, 191 Main street, corner Washington. JOHN L. EICHBERG.
ap17 1m

LAWLESS & WIDRIC,
BOILER MAKERS.
Copper and Sheet Iron Workers
—AND—
GENERAL MACHINISTS,
Cor. Washington and Water streets.

LAWLESS & WIDRIC,
Agents for
ALEX. SWIFT & CO.,
Keep on hand and sell to the trade
Bar, Band, Hoop, Sheet and Boiler
IRON,
At Cincinnati Card Rates.
Warehouse foot of Washington.
ap17 tf

WM. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
FOUNDERS
—AND—
MACHINISTS,
Opposite Gayoso House,
Memphis, : : : : Tenn,
ap6 3m

WESTERN FOUNDRY.
WE are manufacturing—
Allen Bars for plows and Scrapers,
Allen Bars for Bull Tongues and Shovels,
Mitchel Scraper Bars,
Teague Scraper Bars,
Bolivar Plow Castings,
Cotton Planter Castings,
Gin Segments, Pinions etc., etc.
WM. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
Opposite Gayoso House, Memphis, Tenn.
ap7 1mo

Agency for Straub's Mills



WE have been appointed Agents for STRAUB'S celebrated "Queen of the South"
WHEAT AND CORN MILLS,
Both DOUBLE AND SINGLE GEARED, and are prepared to furnish them promptly to those wishing to purchase.
McCOMBS & CO.,
Dealers in Hardware,
322½ and 324 Main st.
mh8 3m

BESCHER, SCHULTZ & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
And Agents for
FORSYTH & CO.'S SCALES,
—AND—
Diebold Baumann & Co.'s
Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes,
381 Main Street,
Memphis, : : Tennessee.
mh14 2m

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST,
368 : Main Street : 368
Memphis, - - - - Tenn.
—DEALERS IN—
MACHINERY
—AND—
Heavy Hardware.
Exclusive Agents for
Wood & Mann's Portable Engines.
Isaac Straub & Co.'s Celebrated "Queen of the South" Corn Mill.
Lane & Bodley's Saw Mills and Engines.
feb12 3m

CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
WE ARE RECEIVING OUR
SPRING GOODS
From New York, and will sell
CHEAP FOR CASH!
Smith's Three-plait Shirts!
" Fancy "
" Full Bosom "
Which are the Best Fitting Shirts made.
T. W. CHAPIN & CO.,
308 1-2 Second street, near Monroe.
ap13 3m

FEARN PENN,
United States Commissioner
—AND—
Commissioner of Deeds, Etc.
Office, 33 South Court Street.
AUTHORIZED to administer Oaths and Affidavits in Court of Bankruptcy, and take Depositions to be used in all United States Courts. mh13 tf

COTTON—COMMISSION.

JOHN J. BROWN, Formerly of the firm of Dean & Brown, Richmond, Va. REUBEN E. BROWN, Late of Olive Branch, DeSoto county, Mississippi.
JAMES E. DILLARD, Late with Crowder & Co., Memphis.
BROWN, DILLARD & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
VIRGINIA AND WESTERN
Tobacco Agents,
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
214 Front Street, Cor. Adams,
MEMPHIS, Tenn. Will give strict attention to the sale of all consignments entrusted to their care. Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments in hand. Remittances promptly made on all sales. ap18 daw3m

W. T. BOLLING. W. H. LINDSTEDT
BOLLING & LINDSTEDT,
GROCERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Family and Plantation Supplies,
332 Second Street,
Near the corner of Union, MEMPHIS, TENN.
ap14 1m

E. D. COBB,
Cotton Broker,
AGENT
Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and all its connections.
Office, 208 Front street.
THROUGH BILLS OF LADING GIVEN TO ALL EASTERN CITIES.
G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
H. F. HECKERT, Freight and Transfer Agent, Cincinnati. ap9 1m

T. B. NORMENT, Memphis. Gen. J. D. RUFFIN, Late of DeSoto Co., Miss.
T. C. FINNEY, Memphis.
NORMENT, RUFFIN & FINNEY,
(Successors to T. B. Norment & Co.)
Cotton Factors
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 304 Front Street, Up Stairs,
In Mosby Block, MEMPHIS, TENN.
PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. mh26 tf

HUBBELL, HUSTON & CO.,
(Formerly of Memphis),
PROVISION DEALERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 7 S. Commercial Street,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
ORDERS for Provisions, Flour, Grain, etc., filled promptly. Refer to Memphis Merchants generally. mh20 2m

COX & HUMPHREY,
Produce & Commission Merchants,
No. 1 Howard's Row,
mh21 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

L. F. COULTER,
J. B. MERCER. WITH F. H. TALLEY.
Mercer & Talley,
Successors to
Anderson, Talley & Co.,
COTTON FACTORS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Groceries and Plantation Supplies,
NO. 194 MAIN STREET,
Corner of Washington.
WILL give our personal attention to the sale of Cotton and all other Produce consigned to us. MERCER & TALLEY.
mh27 1m

E. D. LAWRENCE, Memphis, Tenn. C. B. CARTER, Late with Halliday Bros., Cairo.
LAWRENCE & CARTER,
GENERAL COMMISSION
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
No. 228 Front Street, (Up Stairs),
mh2 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

LEE CRANDALL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
198 Gravier Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

M'COMBIE & CHILD,
No. 61 Broad Street,
NEW YORK.
feb27 6m

H. B. JOINER. M. A. KIRKLEY.
JOINER & KIRKLEY,
Commission Merchants
And Dealers in
Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Lime,
Cement, Plaster, Plastering Hair,
FIRE BRICK AND WESTERN PRODUCE,
34 Monroe Street,
Memphis, : : : : : Tenn.
feb26 2m

F. M. WHITE, Pres't Miss. and Tenn. R. R.
JOHN KERR, Formerly of Augusta, Ga.
GEO F. ROOTES, late Gordon & Rootes, St. Louis.
WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, No. 294 Main street, Gayoso Block, Memphis, Tenn.
Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, Etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. mh8 3m

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.
J. C. FORBES & CO.,
Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
General Commission Merchants,
FOR the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce. Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of these articles.
Liberal advances on all consignments.
feb21 3m

THOS. CHILD. W. H. H. DUDLEY.
CHILD, DUDLEY & CO.,
Exclusive Wholesale
Commission Merchants,
NO. 331 FRONT STREET,
Between Union and Gayoso.
MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : TENNESSEE.
Special attention to all business entrusted to us.
feb26 tf

N. & J. HOFFHEIMER,
COMMISSION
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
Wholesale Dealers in
Imported and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS
Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Always on hand, a large supply of
Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.
Also, the Celebrated
BAVARIAN BITTERS.
feb3 3m

GEO. MACKEY. E. B. HAWLEY. K. J. B. L. WINN.
GEORGE MACKEY & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants
Dealers in
GROCERIES
—AND—
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,
No. 272 Front Street,
Between Court and Madison,
Memphis, : : : : : Tennessee.
mh7 3m

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

MEMPHIS:

SATURDAY, : : : : : : APRIL 27, 1867

BREVITIES.

—Atlanta has a population of 22,000.

—A grain elevator has been built at Charleston, S. C.—the first in the South.

—The Turkish baths in Boston have become very popular with the ladies.

—The first cost of Russian America is about two and a half cents per acre in gold.

—Dumas *fils* has written a play depicting the rehabilitation of a fallen woman.

—It is said that there are at least 20,000 children in Philadelphia who do not attend school.

—A college for women is to be added to the educational institutions of New York.

—Snow still covers the ground in some parts of western Massachusetts.

—The project of securing levees by means of tarpaulins has been started in Louisiana.

—The Washington *Leader*, an evening paper which was started a few weeks since, has suspended.

—The two Abbots, Jacob and John S. C., have published about two hundred volumes of juvenile books.

—The great American tea company have contributed $1000 to the southern relief fund—the profits of one day's sales.

—A gentleman in Bedford, Mass., while pursuing his runaway horse, on the 11th inst., fell dead in the road from heart disease.

—The New Orleans *Republican* has the somewhat anomalous heading to one of its columns of "Telegraphic dispatches received by mail."

—"Wild Bill," who was lately made infamous by *Harper's Monthly*, is one of Gen. Hancock's scouts on the war path against the Indians.

—Gov. Orr has addressed a circular to the sheriffs in South Carolina, urging the naming of suitable persons for registrars under the reconstruction act.

—Accounts from Rio Janeiro state that between the 9th and 24th of March, one hundred and forty-three deaths from cholera occurred in the little capital of the Rio Grande, de Sul.

—Every workman and workwoman of Paris is to be given a ticket to the exposition by the government, so that they can make at least one visit to it without cost.

—Nova Scotia, with a population of 360,000, imported last year 833,472 gallons of intoxicating liquors of various kinds, and also consumed 1,336,762 pounds of tea.

—The building season will shortly commence in New Orleans. Lumber, hardware, lime, plaster, building materials generally, are cheap. Labor is at the same rates as in New York, but bricks are still high.

—Firemen in Brighton, Mass., set the numerous fires there last winter. Ten of them are under arrest, charged with burning eleven houses, two school houses and a church. One of them has turned state's evidence.

—Napoleon is strengthening his frontier posts, and placing his artillery on a war footing. It is expected that the reserves of 1868 will be called on the 1st of May. Prussia is just as active as the emperor.

—Snow fell Sunday night from two to three inches deep in Wisconsin and Minnesota. It was fast disappearing, and there was a prospect of a hard frost Monday night.

—The acting quartermaster general has ordered the withholding of all payment [illegible] transportation to railroads which are indebted to the United States for materials purchased on credit, till said debts be extinguished.

—A livery stable was broken into in Chicago, one night last week, and $11,000 taken. Since then a boy brought an anonymous letter to the proprietors enclosing $8000, and saying that the remainder would be returned in a day or two.

—Prussia has just sent to the French exhibition a monstrous cannon. Each discharge will cost a thousand francs, and will knock over five hundred men. This, as a French writer reckons, makes forty sous a man. When one reflects, it is not dear.

—Nova Scotia has ninety miles of railway, and more is being constructed. It is under the control of the government, and of the 160,953 passengers carried last year, 19,953 were dead-heads.

—During the year ending the 1st inst., 23,129 persons were arrested in New Orleans, 3908 of them females. There were fifteen for murder, nineteen for arson, forty-six for burglary and one hundred and fifty-three for robbery.

—Dr. Hayes analyzed some hop beer which had been seized by a state constable, and said it contained five and one-tenth per cent. of alcohol, or as much as London porter.

—The Atlanta *New Era* says rats, on an average, weigh three to a pound, and each pound represents five bushels of corn.

—The weekly bank statement in New York shows a decrease in loans, $4,367,849; circulation, $72,526; deposits, $1,025,000; increase in specie, $717,416; legal tender, $7,18,67.

—Martin Farquhar Tupper has been inspired to write a poem on confederation, in one line of which he says: "O! this will gladden Canada: O! this will raise her much!"

—In payment of a wager on the town election in Woonsocket, Mr. Fletcher was wheeled through the principal street of that place on a wheelbarrow, the other day, by Mr. Horace Pierce. The cornet band went before, and dog and little boys followed in a great crowd.

—The point of absolute cold, or deprivation of all heat, is estimated to be about 275 below zero, centigrade, equal to 463 below zero, Fahrenheit.

—The emperor of Brazil having heard of the desire expressed by Rossini to taste a particular kind of Brazilian coffee, the excellence of which had been greatly praised, has sent to the celebrated *maestro* a quantity of it, enclosed in a box inlaid with the most precious woods of Brazil, and of exquisite workmanship.

—An exchange asserts that there is a man in Illinois so big that he fishes with a railroad "line," and smokes a stove pipe.

—A Richmond paper says a letter was received at that postoffice, the other day, with the following address: "Corn kneel you us Smith, Richmond, Virginney."

—An exchange says that "bridal envelopes," so extensively advertised for sale, mean simply night-gowns.

—The day is coming, says the New London *Star*, when, thoughout the whole country, women shall be clothed with the elective franchise. Rather a thin costume, remarks the New Haven *Register*, and hard on dry goods dealers and hoop skirt manufacturers.

—The New York *Tribune* having compared our Russian acquisition to the Eden mentioned in Martin Chuzzlewit, the Cincinnati *Commercial* replies that the city of Eden has become a very considerable place, and if Martin Chuzzlewit had remained, he might have made a good thing by land speculations in that vicinity.

—The precautions adopted in Prussia to prevent the introduction of the cattle disease are so minute that cages of carrier pigeons are not allowed to cross the frontier to leave the country, from the fear that in returning home they may bring the infection with them.

—A list of the Irish kings, from 1300 B. C., to the days when Henry II. annexed that island, points out the curious historical and ethnological fact that out of some hundred and forty monarchs, about a hundred and twenty of them were either slain by their successors, or killed fighting.

—The queen of Madagascar is said to have issued a terrible proclamation, forbidding civilians to wear hats with brims. Government officers, of the Malgache type, are alone allowed to retain the old-fashioned head-piece. The poorer citizens continue to wear their old hats—simply proving their loyalty by tearing off the brim.

ALABAMA.

—The ladies of Selma are having a calico fair—to be so in fact as well as in name.

—The ladies of Mobile are holding a church bazaar, of which the *Register and Advertiser* writes as follows: It was the most beautifully arranged and decorated apartment of the kind that we have ever seen. Bowers, grottoes, garlands, festoons, alcoves, and arbors gave a very sylvan and picturesque appearance to the scene, though, of course, the chief charm was to be found in the fair faces and graceful forms that glided among them.

—The Right Rev. Bishop Quinlan, of Mobile, was to deliver a lecture on the evening of the 25th instant at Selma on "The Social Principles of Christian Ethics."

—The Florence *Journal* of the 18th instant says: Our distinguished fellow-citizen, Gen. S. D. Weakley, left here on Monday last with a view of being present at the universal exposition in Paris. We learn that the general carries with him a commission bearing the great seal of Alabama, empowering him to act as one of the state commissioners; but these appointments being rendered so common by reason of the very liberal distribution of Gov. Patton, the importance of the document is lessened in the fact. In common with this community, we would have rejoiced in the special appointment of Gen. Weakley, because of his qualities that fit him so well to fill and adorn the position.

—The Mobile *Register* says the chain gang, having been abolished by order of Gen. Swayne, the mayor has instructed the chief of police to turn over to the sheriff of the county the convicts constituting it.

—The Opelika *Recorder* of the 20th inst. says of the Savannah and Memphis railroad: Col. Harkie, chief engineer, accompanied by his assistants, Mr. Burshell and Col. Brown, passed through our town on Thursday of this week, en route for Tuscumbia, to commence the survey and location of the line of this road.

—The Chambers *Tribune* says of the circuit court of Chambers: "This tribunal has been in session during the past week, his honor, Judge Dougherty, presiding. They seem to be progressing slowly, though surely. Several old cases have been tried, and a great many dismissed from the docket. We notice quite a respectable number of the legal fraternity in attendance. Besides our own practitioners, we see Messrs. Rice, Elmore, Oliver, Gunn, Meadors and Hudson. The state is ably represented by Solicitor McDonald. We presume the criminal docket will be taken up next week."

—The Eutaw *Whig and Observer* says on Tuesday morning Judge Cobbs assembled the court and announced that he had come in possession of a document purporting to be an order from Gen. Pope, through Gen. Wager Swayne, removing him from office. Having some cause for believing that the order was spurious, he adjourned the court until Friday the 19th inst., thinking by that time he would learn something more definite on the subject, and for this purpose a messenger was dispatched to Montgomery immediately, who will return with the desired information in due time. Later information has proven the order spurious.

—The Huntsville *Independent* says Mr. Wm. Jones was arrested on yesterday at Mr. Donegan's place, a few miles west of town, by the military, upon the affidavit of a negro woman that he had made an attack upon her with intent to kill. The statement was made to us that the woman had come on the place, and an altercation arose between her and Mr. Jones, and she drew a pistol on him before he struck her. It is very singular that a negro woman should carry a pistol and draw it upon a white man. She was stricken with a stick on the head, but we are told the wound is not a serious one. The parties were taken before Judge Scruggs, where Mr. Jones waived a preliminary examination, and gave a bond of $500 for his appearance at the next term of the circuit court. Mr. J. is much respected by those who know him.

STATE ITEMS.

—An orphan's fair, under the management of a number of benevolent ladies, now in progress at Nashville, is well attended.

—The *Union and Dispatch* learns that E. H. East, Esq., intends to decline the appointment of United States district attorney, recently conferred by President Johnson without solicitation!

—A detachment of United States soldiers left Nashville, recently, for Carthage, under charge of Dr. Sample, to disinter federal soldiers buried in that vicinity, and remove the remains to the national cemetery, near Nashville.

—The same paper, quoted above, learns that "wheat in Bedford county was never more promising than at present. We have taken some trouble to learn from our farmers the prospect, and we am glad to say all report favorable. The fruit crop will be very short, almost a failure."

—In Union county not a single man pays income tax, since the late act of congress exempting one thousand dollars from taxation.

—They are to have a steam fire engine at Knoxville. Lately they reopened the gas works, and they have elected a conservative alderman in Brownlow's own ward, evidences of progress which afford ground for hoping a better day is dawning for this long benighted lair of the Brownlows.

—The Chattanooga *Daily Union* says: The planters in the country are much in want of hands. There are hundreds of negroes here who would willingly go on farms in the country, if they could know where they could find employment without delay. They are here idling, or on expenses, and desire homes pointed out to them, so as to save them the further expense and delay of going to the country and hunting them up.

—The radical organ at Nashville, the *Press and Times*, in its issue of the 23d instant, has the following: We tell our conservative friends, candidly, that opposition to the measures of Gov. Brownlow's administration is utterly idle. It has no more prospect or possibility of success than opposition to the United States government, and the longer it is kept up the more rigid will be our legislation. So sure as that lawless and unprincipled mob orator, Etheridge, a broken down party hack who was nominated only as a desperate leader of a desperate cause, shall excite the rebels to acts of violence, so sure will congress come to the help of the present state administration by the passage of a law which will make treason stand aghast and helpless in Tennessee. The programme is already marked out and contingencies provided for.

And elsewhere the same *quasi* representation of *republican* sentiment holds the following *threat*: "He who supposes that Etheridge, *even if elected*, would be suffered to rule Tennessee, knows little of its iron will and determination." If this be not a distinct declaration that there is no longer to be free government in Tennessee, we confess our inability to comprehend its import; and we heartily indorse the following comments of the *Banner*, in its issue of the 24th inst: "When a faction is compelled to openly depart from the system of government under which it professes to live, and to discard even its own machinery of operations, it must be as desperate as it is reckless, and cannot claim to be anything but a squad of revolutionary plunderers and office-seekers, resolved upon insurrection and dangerous at once to society and law. No good or brave or sensible man in Tennessee can be driven to the support of Brownlow by such vile attempts at terrorism, and the sequel will show whether the northern people will tolerate such flagrant and indecent assaults upon congress by a paper professing to be republican. Just reflect for one moment upon the meaning of this scurrilous publication. Four fifths of the white people, inclusive of all of the rebels except such as are radicals, are excluded from the ballot box. The colored people are admitted to suffrage *en masse*. No one but loyal men are allowed to vote. The law of franchise by which these measures are to be carried out is administered by Brownlow's own registers, and the election is to be certified by judges appointed by those registers. In addition, there is a standing army in the field, created by Brownlow, officered by Brownlow, paid by Brownlow. On the other had there is a candidate for governor, who, however, politically or personally objectionable, was a union man throughout the war. He stands upon the platform of "universal amnesty and impartial suffrage," and is supported by good and true and loyal men. His party proposes nothing which has not been offered by congress, and does not propose to assail congress or deny its power. And yet a newspaper printed in Nashville has the effrontery to declare that if such a candidate, standing on such a platform, and run in the face of such machinery, is elected, he will not be permitted to take his seat, and that the choice of the loyal people will be thrown out in favor of Brownlow and his squad of political vagrants, cheats and mountebanks! We have no idea that congress will be willing to make that issue before the American people. We have no idea the discerning leaders of the republican party in the north will risk a presidential election upon the mere gratification of the lust for power and vengeance which infuriates a few weak and wicked men in Tennessee. And we have full faith that if Brownlow, made more reckless still by merited defeat, attempts after the election to revolutionize and overthrow the civil government of this state by means of his standing army, and on no better pretext than the retention of the office he disgraces, the true men in congress, and the north will come forward to protect the true people and the true law.

—The local of the Nashville *Union and Dispatch*, perpetrates this cruel jest on Georgia, saying: In the territory of Georgia, the lenten season is likely to last all the year. The pope of Missouri is now visiting that territory to receive confessions and grant absolution from political heresies.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND BUSINESS.

We are having very beautiful weather, and the trees on the Arkansas shore are putting on their summer garments.

Business on the landing is not improving, although there are several packets lining the bank, and from appearances many of them will leave with very light trips.

The Mississippi is rising slowly at St. Louis. The Ohio is falling from Pittsburg to the mouth, with about 5 feet 4 inches on the falls at Louisville. The Arkansas, St. Francis and White rivers are all falling. At this point we have had a rise of 3 inches in the past 24 hours, leaving it yet 3 feet 9 inches below high water mark of this spring. From present indications we do not think it will rise more than 8 or 10 inches higher at this place.

Arrivals.

Steamer Celeste, Arkansas river.
" Des Arc, White river.
" Louisville, New Orleans.
" Legal Tender, St. Louis.
" Henry Ames, New Orleans.
" Rubicon, St. Louis.
" Alice V., New Orleans.
" Enterprise, St. Louis.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" F. W. Brooks, Arkansas river.
" Pauline Carroll, St. Louis.
" Victor, Osceola.
" Kenton, New Orleans
" Mary Swan, Evansville.

Departures.

Steamer Louisville, Louisville.
" H. Ames, St. Louis.
" Rubicon, Vicksburg.
" Alice V., Johnsonville.
" Enterprise, Arkansas river.
" Natoma, St. Fr. river.
" Empire, Louisville,
" F. W. Brooks, St. Louis.
" Pauline Carroll, New Orleans.
" City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Kenton, Pittsburg.

Boats in Port.

W. A. Caldwell, Dan Able, Celeste, Minneola, Anna, Des Arc, Marble City, Victor, Mary Swan.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The W. A. Caldwell, Capt. Woodburn, will go out for Fort Smith and all points on Arkansas river this day at 5 p.m. Levy & Miller, agents.

The Victor, for Osceola, goes out this evening in command of Capt. House. John Grehan, well known to the friends of the APPEAL, is in the office. Sterling Whitehead, an old merchant and popular gentleman, is order clerk on the Victor.

The Minneola, of the Dean line, Capt. Miller, will leave this day at 5 p.m. for Cincinnati. Jas. T. Bourne & Co., agents.

The new and commodious Great Republic, in command of Capt. Donaldson, will leave the City wharfboat to-day at 4 p.m, There are many through and way passengers here awaiting her arrival. The Republic will take all the way freight that offers between this point and Vicksburg, and as she is the only boat bound south to-day, we are certain she will get a large way trip. Those clever gentlemen, Capts. Dravo and Barr are her popular clerks. Larry Harmstad & Co., agents. Sam. Shock, passenger agent.

The Gen. Quitman will be in port on Sunday and leave for Cairo at 5 p.m. Capt. Jim. White commands. Levy & Miller and W. Jay Johnson, agents.

The Des Arc will get away this evening as usual, for White river. Her master, Capt. John Elliott, has shown his enterprise and desire to please passengers and shippers in making an arrangement by which a special train from Little Rock meets his packet at Duvall's Bluff. Jimmy Thompson, Matt. Glass and Leon Levy officiate as clerks. Levy & Miller, agents.

The beautiful and swift Arkansas river packet Celeste, in charge of the popular Capt. Reese Pritchard, will leave at 5 p.m. this day. Jas. T. Bourne & Co. and W. Jay Johnson, agents.

The Marble City in command of Capt. Tschudi, will leave at 5 p.m. to-day for St. Louis. Capt. Flem. Calvert, superintendent.

The Legal Tender leaves at 5 p.m. today for Louisville. Capt. Twomey is in command. W. Jay Johnson and Larry Harmstad & Co., agents.

The Mary Swan in command of Capt. Dave Hukill, will go out for Evansville to-day at 5 p.m. Larry Harmstad & Co., agents.

We believe there is no regular Vicksburg packet to-day.

The Legal Tender enters the Memphis and Louisville trade permanently.

The Pauline Carroll passed down last evening. She had one item of 500 hhds. tobacco from Cairo.

The Alice V. passed up from below with a lot of railroad iron for Johnsonville in this state.

We are indebted to Mr. Levy, clerk of the Des Arc, for late Arkansas papers.

Items were very scarce on the levee yesterday and our boatmen generally, were not in the pleasantest mood in the world.

The steamer David Watts, which left St. Louis March 31st for Fort Benton, struck a heavy floating log at Plattsmouth, just below Omaha, which inflicted such injuries to the hull of the boat, that it was deemed inadvisable to proceed. John How, Esq., her owner, with the consent of the insurance companies, dispatched the Tacony to take her trip and proceed with it to Fort Benton.

Capt. F. Y. Batchelor has resigned his position as president of the Cincinnati Charitable marine association. Capt. John A. Williamson was chosen to fill his place. Capt. Batchelor will hereafter occupy the position of superintendent of that association.

The late Confederate steamer Shenandoah, having resumed her old name of the Sea King, is now in Bombay harbor. She has been purchased by the sultan of Zanzibar, to be used as a pleasure yacht.

The Lacrosse *Democrat* calls the attention of the traveling public to the insecurity of the lives of passengers on any of the Northwestern or the Lacrosse and St. Paul Packet company's steamers, and says that already one of their so-called best steamers has burst her boiler since the opening of the river a few days ago. These boats are designated by white collars, or white bands toward the top of the chimneys. Shun them for they are unsafe.

Capt. Allen Duncan and others purchased the Phantom, at Evansville, for $14,000, and will put her in the Tennessee river trade.

An accident occurred to the steamer Nyanza at the Mobile dry docks the other day whilst she was undergoing repairs. The workmen were engaged in hoisting her cabin when it slipped and fell several inches, creating a terrible noise. The workmen to save themselves jumped into the dock, whereby several of them were severely bruised. Capts. Murray and Finnegan, who were on the boat at the time of the accident, were also forced to take "the leap for life," and picked themselves up with slight injuries.

Secretary McCulloch has issued a circular of date April 10th, calling the attention of those concerned, to the treasury circular of 1st November last, which shows forth the liabilities of all vessels and the power of collectors and surveyors to seize and detain them for non-payment of tonnage dues. The secretary urges that customs officers see that all vessels within their respective districts comply with the requirements of the law as set forth in said circular. In regard to flatboats and barges, he says:

"Especial attention is also directed to that class of flatboats and barges which may claim the privilege of transporting coal, oil, and agricultural produce to market, by payment of the special internal revenue tonnage tax, lest they engage in the coasting trade without taking out a license and paying the highest tonnage dues incident thereto, to the detriment of legitimate coasters. For it will be borne in mind that, while regular licensed coasting vessels may engage in such trade without being subject to said special tax, yet vessels having elected to engage under the internal revenue tax are not hereby exempted from payment of the higher tonnage dues as coasters whenever they shall have abandoned the exclusive character and occupation to which said privilege attaches, as shown in the aforesaid circular."

The St. Louis *Times* of Friday says:

The river at this point is still swelling swelling slowly. The Missouri and upper Mississippi are still rising, but not so rapidly as they were a few days since. The Ohio is falling at Cincinnati, and stationary at Cairo.

BANKS AND BANKING

THE MERCHANTS'
NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL Agent of the United States. Capital paid in, $380,000. Authorized Capital, $1,000,000. Collections made in the city, and at all accessible points in the South, and punctually remitted on the day of payment, at current rates of Eastern Exchange.
W. H. CHERRY, : : President.
A. T. LACEY, : Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, : : : Cashier.
DIRECTORS.—Amos Woodruff, W. A. Goodwyn, Capt. C. B. Church, H. A. Partee, R. Hough, M. E. Cochran, A. J. White, H. T. Tomlinson, John L. Taylor, Jas. E. Merriman, Thos. R. Smith, A. T. Lacey, W. H. Cherry. ap21 1m

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
Depository and Financial Agent
—OF THE—
United States.
F. C. DAVIS, - - - - President.
R. C. BRINKLEY, - - Vice-President.
C. P. NORRIS, - - - - Cashier.
T. W. JOHNSTON, - - Ass't Cashier.
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DAN ABLE, BENJ. EISEMAN,
L. HOWES, W. W. YOUNG,
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Hon. J. W. LEFTWICH
ap21 1m

GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,
Banking House 19 Madison St.
This Institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a
GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.
Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell
Foreign & Domestic Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.
SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the South and West.
E. M. AVERY, Cashier.
JOHN C. LANIER, President.
feb10 je29-1y-ag17 tf

LAWRENCE & ST. JOHN
No. 2 New Street, New York.
We offer our services for the
Purchase or Sale of Stocks,
GOLD, GOVERNMENT,
—OR—
RAILWAY SECURITIES
Only on Commission, and transact a general
Banking and Brokerage Business
on the most liberal terms. mh24 tf

COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS.
J. W. PAGE, Jr., : : : : President.
H. K. GARTH, : : : : : : Cashier.
BANK BUILDING,
Corner Madison and Main Streets.
DOES A GENERAL
DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE
BUSINESS;
—DEALS IN—
Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.
Collections from all points Solicited.
ap10 tf

MEMPHIS CITY
SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
Successors to Ogden, Tobey & Co.,
No. 16 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.
S. H. TOBEY, Pres't. E. C. KIRK, Cash.
TRANSACTS a General Banking Business, Receives Deposits, and deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities and Uncurrent Money.
Collections promptly attended to.
DIRECTORS:
A. J. WHITE, JAS. G. OGDEN,
AMOS WOODRUFF, BEN. MAY,
S. H. TOBEY, E. C. KIRK.
mh16 tf

R. P. BOLLING, President. JAMES STREETER, Secretary.
Home Insurance and Trust Co.
GENERAL
BANKERS & COLLECTORS,
No. 11 Madison Street,
Memphis, - - Tennessee
EXCHANGE on all the principal cities of the United States bought and sold. feb23 3m

THE SAVINGS
BANK OF MEMPHIS,
Office, No. 294 Main Street.
M. J. WICKS, President.
W. C. McCLURE, Cashier.
feb7 3m

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS:
No. 12 Madison Street
F. W. SMITH, : : : President.
D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.
feb5 3m

BANKING.
MEMPHIS INSURANCE COMPANY.
ORGANIZED 1844.
OFFICE, 22 1-2 MADISON STREET.
J. J. MURPHY, - - - President.
F. M. CASH, - - - - - Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
J. J. MURPHY, E. M. APPERSON,
T. A. NELSON, J. C. JOHNSON,
Of S. O. & T. A. Nelson, Of G. Falls & Co.
J. F. FRANK, F. M. CASH.
J. T. STRATTON, of Stratton, Goyer & Co.
THIS Institution is prepared to receive Deposits, to buy and sell Exchange on all the principal commercial cities, and to collect Drafts on this city and all principal points in this section. Remittances promptly attended to. [feb5 3m] F. M. CASH, Secretary.

JEFFERSON
Insurance and Trust Company
NO. 6 MADISON STREET,
Memphis, - - - - - - - Tennessee.
R. D. GOODLETT, : President.
P. H. DAVIE, : : : Cashier.
Deal in Exchange, Receive Deposits.
Transact a General Banking Business.
COLLECTIONS promptly attended to. Gold and Silver, City and County Warrants, Government Securities Stocks and Bonds, Uncurrent Money of every description, bought and sold.
DIRECTORS:
S. D. GOODLETT, H. DAVIE,
R. P. REED, T. F. MACKALL,
G. W. TROTTER, JOHN H. SPEED.
feb1 3m

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
No. 293 Main Street.
NATHAN CORONNA, : : : President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.
J. J. JENNY, : : : : : Ass't Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
W. CORONNA, JOHN DUTLINGER,
JOS. SPECHT, C. A. DAMMAN,
A. CORDES, JACOB WELLER,
N. HOFFHEIMER, NICH FRECH,
H. H. METTE, E. MEYER,
J. P. HOFFMAN, AND. RENKERT,
J. J. JENNY.
Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.
Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and on all principal cities of Europe.
feb3 6m

NOTICE.

THE undersigned being appointed by the Honorable Chancery Court of the City of Memphis to collect all notes, bills and accounts due the firm of M. Christal, Memphis, Tenn., do hereby notify all persons indebted to the said M. Christal to call at the Citizens' Union Bank, No. 22 Madison street, and pay the same to me and no other.
THOMAS BARRETT, Receiver.
ap2 30d

WILLIAM ORGILL. EDMUND ORGILL. G. L. DENISON. A. S. McNEAR
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS IN MEMPHIS FOR THE
Peoria, Moline, Jewett or Cary, Premium and Brinley Steel Plows,
Mitchell's Patent Cotton Scrapers, Cotton Planters,
Marvin & Co.'s greatly celebrated Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.
NOS. 310 AND 312 FRONT STREET,
Memphis, : : : : : : : : Tennessee.
ap21 tf

Twenty-One Years in Memphis!
WALKER BROS. G. H. JUDAH. C. H. MYERS.
WALKER BROS. & CO.,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,
NOTIONS, FURNISHING GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
AT NO. 229 MAIN STREET,
Announce to the numerous Friends and Patrons of this House and the public generally, that we have received AN UNUSUAL LARGE STOCK, comprising ALL CLASSES OF GOODS in our line of Trade for
SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR
Our Goods having been purchased since the
RECENT DECLINE.
We are prepare to furnish to
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY
at prices which defy competition.
ap7 1mo NO. 299 MAIN STREET, CLAY BUILDING.

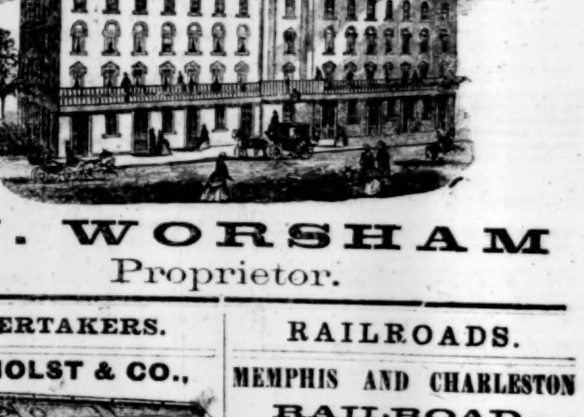
CHEAP SADDLERY HOUSE



J. F. SCHIEFER, St. Louis, Manufactory, Virginia Hotel Buildings.
J. B. AUSTIN, Memphis, Tennessee.
—OF—
J. F. SCHEIFER & CO.,
Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
SADDLERY!
SADDLERY HARDWARE AND LEATHER,
BRIDLES, HARNESS, COLLARS, WHIPS, CHAINS,
And Plantation Saddlery,
NO. 229 SECOND STREET, Jefferson Block, MEMPHIS, TENN.
mh7 1y

HOLLENBERG & OERTEL,
Architects and Builders' Supplies,
Manufacturers of
Galvanized Iron Cornices, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Workers,
346 Second street, and Clinton street bet. Howard's Row and Gayoso street.
GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES, Mouldings, Brackets, Window Caps, Tanks, etc., made to order. Metallic Roofing and Guttering done at low rates.
Marble, Marbleized Slate and Marbleized Iron Mantles,
Constantly on hand at all prices. FIRE GRATES AND BASKETS, a large assortment. Minton's English Mosaic Floor Tiles and Marble Floor Tiles; Plaster Paris, Rosendale and Roman Cement; Fire Brick and Soap Stone; Force Pumps, Well and Cistern Pumps, all sizes; French, English and American Rough and Polished Plate Glass, Window Glass and Stained Glass of all descriptions; Distillery and Brewery Work; Soda Generators and Fountains made to order and repaired; Brass Castings.
Steamboat Work Done Promptly!
Agents for Drake's Solar Gas Aparatus, for Lighting public and private buildings. Gas produced without fire by mechanical process. Agents for, P. Bannon's Louisville Terra Cotta Works. Agents for Robert Wood & Co., (formerly Wood & Perot), Philadelphia Ornamental Iron Works and Wire Railings. Agents for Badger & Co.'s New York Architectural Iron Works, Iron Fronts for Buildings and Heavy Castings. Orders filled and Job Work of all kinds promptly attended to. As agents for Robert Wood & Co., of Philadelphia, we are enabled to offer the most complete selections of Drawings, Plans and estimates for Verandahs and Railings for Houses, Cemetery Lots, Counters, and all sorts of Ornamental Iron Work. mh16 6m

WORSHAM HOUSE,
Corner Main and Adams Streets,
Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.



J. J. WORSHAM
Proprietor.
feb17 6m

UNDERTAKERS.

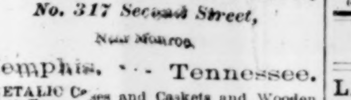
J. C. HOLST & CO.,



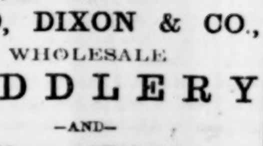
UNDERTAKERS
At the Old Stand,
NO. 320 MAIN STREET
feb6 3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. R. SMITH,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
METALIC BURIAL CASES
AND CASKETS,
No. 70 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.
UNDERTAKERS in the cities and towns contiguous to Memphis will always find at this establishment all styles of articles in this line, in as great variety as can be found in the city, and
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
mh9 tf

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.
McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS



GENERAL
UNDERTAKERS
—AND—
EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,
No. 317 Second Street,
Near Monroe,
Memphis, - - Tennessee.
METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. feb24 3m



FORD, DIXON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
SADDLERY
—AND—
Saddlery Hardware,
418 Main Street,
ST. LOUIS, : : MO.
J. O FORD & CO., Memphis, Tenn. SAYRE, PLUMB & CO., New Orleans, La.
mh5 feb10 3m

M. W. CLARK,
PORTRAIT PAINTER, can be found at his Studio, No. 34 Jackson Block, until June, when he will leave for Chicago and Northern cities. Those wishing Portraits should call soon. feb24 3m

JOHN S. DICKERSON & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Metals,
OFFER FOR SALE
Tin Plates,
Roofing Tin,
Sheet Iron,
Russia Iron,
Copper,
Block Tin,
Lead,
Wire,
Zinc, etc., etc.,
29 & 31 CLIFF ST., Corner Fulton,
feb13 3m NEW YORK.

RAILROADS.

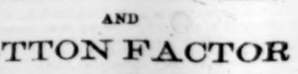
MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.
TRAINS leave as follows (city time):
Through Express, Sundays excepted, 7 a.m.; Through Mail, 6:40 p.m.; Somerville Accommodation at 3:40 p.m.
Express connects at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water Valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, Miss., New Orleans, La., etc.
At Corinth, for Okolona, Columbus, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.
At Decatur, for Columbia, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, etc.
At Chattanooga, for all places in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.
Through Mail connects at Grand Junction with trains for Bolivar and Jackson, Tenn.
At Decatur, for Athens, Pulaski, Ala., Columbia, Nashville, etc.
At Chattanooga trains connect for same points as Express trains.
Baggage checked through.
For tickets and further information, apply at the office, No. 13 Court street.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.
A. A. BARNES, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
ap14 tf S. H. SHOCK, Passenger Agent.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.
CHANGE OF TIME.
On and after
Monday, November 26, 1866,
Trains will run as follows:
LEAVE MEMPHIS.
New Orleans Express........5:00 p.m.
Batesville Accommodation........2:30 p.m.
ARRIVE AT MEMPHIS.
New Orleans Express........9:30 p.m.
Batesville Accommodation........10:30 a.m.
New Orleans Express makes close connection at Grenada for New Orleans and all points South. A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
G. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. nov25

MILLINERY.

LATEST SPRING STYLES
—OF—
MILLINERY,
Cor. Main and Jefferson Streets.
THE MISSES QUINLAN
ARE just in receipt of a large and careful selected assortment of the most elegant
MILLINERY GOODS AND NOVELTIES
Of the season, which they are determined offer cheaper than any house in the city.
ALSO—Particular attention paid to DRESS MAKING. mh28 3m

F. Glassick & Co.,



IMPORTERS, Manufacturers and Dealers in Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Gun Material for Gunsmiker's use, Gun Implements, Sporting Apparatus, Fishing Tackle, etc., No. 250 Main street, under Odd Fellows' Hall, Memphis, Tenn.
Repairing done and warranted. mh9 3m

N. CORONNA,
Commission Merchant
AND
COTTON FACTOR
Nos. 156 & 156½ Exchange Building,
Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.
feb6 3m

To Shippers of Cotton.
HAVING completed arrangements with my correspondents in New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, I am prepared to make liberal cash advances on consignments of Cotton to them. To the advantages afforded by my New Orleans connection, I would invite especial attention.
N. CORONNA,
Commission Merchant and Cotton Factor,
Nos. 156 and 156½ Front street,
ap18 1m Memphis, Tenn.